

**Stratigraphic Report of
Phase 2 Excavations,
A1/N1 Newry-Dundalk Link Road,
Area 12 Site 111**

Townland: Aghnaskeagh
Parish: Ballymascanlan
County: Louth
Country: Republic of Ireland
Chainage: 11770 - 12240
NGR: 307486.14, 312506.92
Director: Jo Ronayne
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Abstract

Louth County Council, the Roads Service NI (Department for Regional Development) and the National Roads Authority are currently proposing a Road Scheme, the A1/NI Newry-Dundalk Road. The route consists of 14.2km of 2-lane dual carriageway with 5.7km of associated link roads from Cloghoge roundabout, south of Newry to the Ballymascanlan interchange north of Dundalk. As part of the road development, a number of archaeological and historic sites were within the construction zone of the road scheme and were determined eligible for excavation before the construction began.

This summary briefly describes the results of an excavation carried out at Site 111 from the 27th June to the 11th November 2005 in advance of groundwork. Staff of Archaeological Development Services carried out archaeological work under the direction of Jo Ronayne. This section of the project is located in Aghnaskeagh Townland, Ballymascanlan Parish, Co. Louth, the Republic of Ireland. The site is at National Grid reference 307486E/312507N, Ordnance Datum of approximately 62.30m and road scheme chainage 1170 – 12240

Site 111 was located on a south-southwest facing slope close to the top, of the slope. It was situated in the corner of a field immediately north of Aghnaskeagh road. Estimates are that about 60% of the site lay within the road take while 40% was outside. This 40% has been preserved in situ. A number of trees were growing on the site, these contribute to the heavy disturbance recorded during the excavation.

The road follows a natural route way through mountainous terrain that may have been in use from the prehistoric period. There are numerous monuments recorded near the route that date from the Neolithic period to the 11th Century AD.

A large spread of stones (30 by 25m), interpreted as a collapsed cairn, was identified. It lay to the immediate north of a beech-lined avenue and in the immediate vicinity of a recorded monument (LH 004-041), a 'megalithic structure'. The Louth Survey described the site 'an unclassified megalithic tomb. This tomb is very ruined. The remains consist of two orthostats, 2.4m apart and aligned WSW-ENE, with a large, horizontally laid stone set beside and perpendicular to one of the orthostats; the two latter stones are incorporated in a roadside fence. The OS field trace records that there was formerly 'a large flat stone resting on 2 others'.

The site was known locally as a children's burial ground.

Post medieval/medieval

A line of granite stones (028) was visible west of the kerb orientated east to west. They did not appear to connect to the rest of the cairn but they may still be a part of the earlier monument. A number of linear features were also found which appeared to be agricultural plough furrows.

Two layers of small granite stones (003) were uncovered as the latest layer on the site. The stones were sitting in a loose dark grey material (012) with frequent moss and roots. After the initial clean back, the site measured 24m north to south by 11m east to west. Glass, modern pottery, nails and some fragments of burnt bone were found in these upper layers. Occasionally dispersed between the granite stones were very small angular stone chips.

Prehistoric

A number of large boulders were noted surrounding the site. These were natural bedrock, but may have been used to mark the northern and western extent of the site. After the removal of the semi-circle of small granite stones, larger and more rounded granite boulders were uncovered (011). Areas of flat angular limestone (015)/(070) were noted in the northeast and west parts of the site.

The kerb. The cairn was delineated on its southwest side by a line of medium sized sub-angular and angular stones. The outer face of the stones was cut to form a kerb (082) for the monument. The kerb was orientated more or less north to south. This gave the cairn a trapezoidal shape, the widest end being at the north. In places, the outer kerb consisted of 2-3 courses of flat stones. A small upright stone was located at the northern extent of the kerb, while the road appeared to have disturbed the southern end. Outside the kerb, to the west, a concentration of fractured angular limestone was found. This appeared to be a collapsed part of the 'face' of the monument (056)/(092). An inner line of possible kerb stones was identified also (332). These stones, which were mostly granite, were more rounded and resembled the stones from the body of the cairn rather than the more aesthetic outer kerb stones. The area between the two kerbs consisted of a packing fill and small stones.

Structures. The inner kerb appeared to have been used to form the south and west sides of possible structures. Three gaps were identified in the kerb; one seemed to provide entrance to two possible circular stone features. One of these (330) was very regular (1 by 1m). Towards the north of the site, a possible box-shaped feature (362) appeared to have a back-stone and side-stones that measured 1.8 by 1.33m. Another possible rectangular shaped feature was located immediately south of the second; it measured 1.4 by 0.64m.

Cists, pits and deposit. *The northeastern end of the site appeared to be different from the rest of the cairn. A number of flat angular slabs seem to have been deliberately placed there (070) above one flat stone (no bone) which lay above other deposits of stone. They possibly covered or marked out a particular area or perhaps this was a burial that has been removed. Decorated prehistoric pottery was found in some of these stone deposits. The main cairn stones were not visible here but the area was covered by smaller stones. A number of pits were found cutting one of these stone deposits (118), which contained prehistoric pottery. Four cist burials with cremated bone were uncovered, two of which had small upright marker stones (096) and (165). All the burials appeared to have some form of stone lining. Some of the burials contained only a small amount of bone and were perhaps token burials. Two to three possible stakeholes were also found in the northeast part of the site. A charcoal layer (046) was also found in this area, which contained a frequent amount of prehistoric pottery. A thumb-nail scraper was also found in this part of the site in the earliest of the stone deposits (226) above the charcoal layer. The majority of artefacts were recovered from the north-northeast end of the site.*

Other features identified appeared to be stone sockets, one in particular seemed to indicate that a large stone had been removed from it (310). It is likely that this area has been disturbed and stones from the original monument have been removed.

A concentration of cremated burial deposits was uncovered at the northeast to southwest running CPO fence. At least thirty deposits were noted. It is not clear how many individuals were buried there, but some have been identified as adults and young adults. One burial was placed on a thick flat stone (235) (an older adolescent), while the others appear to have been placed up against it or under it. Some prehistoric pottery, quartz and pieces of wood were found with the burials. Deliberately placed stones indicated where the burial area ended and also separated it from a stone-lined thermal feature (355) that had in situ burning. Other burials were found that were earlier than this feature.

The Louth Survey has described the site as an 'unclassified megalithic tomb' (LH 004-041). It remains unclassified at this point, but it is hoped that dating and environmental evidence will reveal more information about this intriguing megalith.

1 Description of the Site and Location

1.1 Introduction

The National Roads Authority (NRA) for the Republic of Ireland and Department for Regional Development (DRD) for Northern Ireland are the authorities in charge of the proposal to construct a new road between Newry and Dundalk. As part of the road works, Archaeological Development Services Ltd (ADS) was commissioned to perform an archaeological assessment along the proposed Link Road and to mitigate the impacts of any construction on archaeological resources. The following report details the results of the fieldwork at Site 111 that followed the recommendations of McConway and Lynch (2005).

The proposed scheme involves a 14 km route with 5.7 km of associated link roads (Fig. 1). Upgrading the key transport corridors and associated trunk road links will provide a strategic framework for infrastructure investment, improvement of public transport, future urban and economic development especially for large-scale sites to accommodate industry and commerce and assisting tourist travel around the region.

An excavation was carried out at Site 111 from the 27th June to the 11th November 2005 in advance of groundwork. Staff of Archaeological Development Services carried out archaeological work under the direction of Jo Ronayne. This section of the project is located in Aghnaskeagh Townland, Ballymascanlan Parish, Co. Louth, the Republic of Ireland. The site is at National Grid reference 307486.14, 312506.9, Ordnance Datum (OD) of approximately 62.30m and road scheme chainage 11770 to 12240 (Figs 1-4).

The road follows a natural route way through mountainous terrain that may have been in use from the prehistoric period. There are numerous monuments recorded near the route, which date from the Neolithic period to the 11th Century AD (Figs 3 and 4; Buckley and Sweetman 1991).

A large spread of stones (30 by 25m), interpreted as a collapsed cairn, was identified during the testing of Area 12 in Field 15. It lay to the immediate north of a beech-lined avenue and in the immediate vicinity of a recorded monument (LH 004-041), a 'megalithic structure'. The site was known locally as a children's burial ground (McConway and Lynch 2005).

1.2 Site description

1.2.1 Topography

The existing landscape character of the study area is a result of previous glacial, geological and human impacts (Figs 1, 2 and 3)¹. The study area is contained within a mountainous backdrop known as the Ring of Gullion. Slieve Gullion defines the western extent of the study area and lies at the centre of the Ring of Gullion. To the north lies Camlough Mountain and Fathom Mountain. The eastern boundary is defined by the western edge of the Carlingford Mountains and specifically Black Mountain. The southern edge of the Ring of Gullion is contained within the study area and includes Feede Mountain and Slievenabolea. Between the mountains of the Ring lies a broad gently undulating agricultural landscape. South of Feede Mountain the study area levels off gently undulating to Dundalk Bay. The site was located on a south-southwest facing slope close to the top of a hill. The location provided excellent views to the south and southwest.

1.2.2 Geology

Vaughan in Buckley and Sweetman (1991, 8-10) indicates that the bedrock geology of the site area is composed of Silurian Greywacke. Silurian rocks were deposited in deep water in active tectonic zones. Each layer in the Silurian strata represents materials displaced and then redeposited by earthquakes, which would cause sediments to slump from the off shore slopes of the continental shelf that would then be deposited as a future greywacke bed.

It is likely that the location of this site was picked due to the abundance of stone located there. Large glacial erratic boulders were found on the site to the north and in the next field southwest of the road. Two quarries are visible on the RMP map (fig 3) south-east of the site, so there was a good source of local stone that could be used. Limestone, which is the natural stone of the area, was used in the construction of the kerb and in parts of the burial area.

1.2.3 Archaeological and historical background

The road follows a natural route way through mountainous terrain that was in use from the prehistoric to the post medieval period. There are numerous monuments (following) recorded near the route date from the Neolithic period to the 11th Century AD (Buckley and Sweetman 1991).

¹ This information has been taken directly from the A1/N1 Newry-Dundalk Link Road Environmental Statement/Environmental Impact Statement Non-Technical Summary prepared by RPS Ireland Environmental Sciences

Previously known sites within 1km of the current site. A search of the “Archaeological Survey of County Louth” (Buckley and Sweetman 1991) and of the Record of Monuments and Places (RMP) shows that there are twelve known prehistoric and historic sites in the area. These include the following sites listed by their RMP number, the Buckley and Sweetman reference number (1991), location and their description (Fig. 3).

- RMP:** LH004-030 (01), (02) (Buckley and Sweetman 1991: (01) Survey No. 546; (02) Survey No. 262)
Townland: Aghnaskeagh
Parish: Ballymascanlan
Barony: Lower Dundalk
County: Louth
Country: Republic of Ireland
NGR: 307550E, 313300N
Description: (01) Ringfort oval area (int. diams. 44m NNW-SSE, 24m WSW-ENE) enclosed by earthen bank (W 5m, H 1.3m externally) with traces of stone facing. Souterrain [(02) below] in NW quadrant of interior.
NGR: 307330E, 313310N
Description: (02) Souterrain lintels showing on surface of interior of ringfort [(01) above] (*CLAJ* 1908, 29)
- RMP:** LH004-031 (01), (02) (Buckley and Sweetman 1991: (01) Survey No. 547; (02) Survey No. 263)
Townland: Aghnaskeagh
Parish: Ballymascanlan
Barony: Lower Dundalk
County: Louth
Country: Republic of Ireland
NGR: 307300E, 313200N
Description: (01) Ringfort circular area (diam. 32m) enclosed by earthen bank (W 6.5m, H 1.2m externally) and external fosse (W 7m) with traces of outer bank, obscured by later field boundaries. Remains of souterrain [(02) below] in SE quadrant of interior.
NGR: 307300E, 313200N
Description: (02) Souterrain situated in ringfort [(01) above]. Stone-lined depression, running E-W with slight turn to south at west end, located in SE quadrant of ringfort is probably the remains of a partially collapsed souterrain.
- RMP:** LH004-036 (Buckley and Sweetman 1991: Survey No. 44)
Townland: Drumnasillagh
Parish: Ballymascanlan
Barony: Lower Dundalk
County: Louth
Country: Republic of Ireland
NGR: 307950E, 313240N
Description: Court tomb is incorporated in a roughly trapezoidal cairn some 30m long and 20m wide at the WSW, narrowing to 7.1m wide at the ESE. There is a well-defined court at the W leading to the gallery area, which is covered by cairn material. The court, 7.5m wide and 6m deep, embraces almost three-quarters of a circle and is represented by 14 orthostats, 7 at either side. Two large slabs lie at the inner end of the court. A single façade stone stands beyond the north arm of the court. Two kerb stones are exposed at the E end of the cairn and a field wall runs along its S side.

RMP: LH004-037 (Buckley and Sweetman 1991: Survey No. 234)
Townland: Drumnasillagh
Parish: Ballymascanlan
Barony: Lower Dundalk
County: Louth
Country: Republic of Ireland
NGR: 308080E, 313120N
Description: *Fulacht fiadh* situated in a small swampy valley, between ridges of light soil to E and W. Immediately to E of mound is a small stream, probably the original source of water for the trough. The site consists of an irregularly shaped mound (max. dims. 15m by 9m, H 0.6m) of burnt stone and charcoal with trough depression to E. W and S are low irregular banks extending from the mound, comprised of mound material. However, their exact relationship to the mound is indeterminate.

RMP: LH004-039 (Buckley and Sweetman 1991: Survey No. 632)
Townland: Faughart Upper
Parish: Ballymascanlan
Barony: Lower Dundalk
County: Louth
Country: Republic of Ireland
NGR: 306490E, 312230N
Description: Ringfort situated beside a stream in a low-lying hollow. An artificially raised circular earth and stone platform (diam. 20m) enclosed at base by fosse (W 6.1m, D 0.7m) with slight traces of an external bank. Causeway (W 3m) across fosse at SE. Along the upper edge of the platform are the remains of a stonewall now partly collapsed downslope. In the NE quadrant of the interior is an oval depression (L 5.5m, W 2.5m, D 0.4m) of unknown significance.

RMP: LH004-041 (Buckley and Sweetman 1991: Survey No. 41)
Townland: Aghnaskeagh
Parish: Ballymascanlan
Barony: Lower Dundalk
County: Louth
Country: Republic of Ireland
NGR: 307490E, 312470N
Description: Possible wedge tomb described as a Megalithic tomb. This tomb is very ruined. The remains consist of two orthostats, 2.4m apart and aligned WSW-ENE, with a large, horizontally laid stone set beside and perpendicular to one of the orthostats; the two latter stones are incorporated in a roadside fence. The OS field trace records that there was formerly 'a large flat stone resting on 2 others'.

RMP: LH004-042 (Buckley and Sweetman 1991: Survey No. 179)
Townland: Aghnaskeagh
Parish: Ballymascanlan
Barony: Lower Dundalk
County: Louth
Country: Republic of Ireland
NGR: 307540E, 312450N
Description: Standing stone: Formerly located a short distance SE of megalithic tomb (LH002-041).

- RMP:** LH004-043 (01), (02) (Buckley and Sweetman 1991: (01) Survey No. 760; (02) Survey No. 322)
- Townland:** Drumnasillagh
- Parish:** Ballymascanlan
- Barony:** Lower Dundalk
- County:** Louth
- Country:** Republic of Ireland
- NGR:** 308180E, 312750N
- Description:** (01) Enclosure polygonal enclosure (max. dims. 27m E-W, 26m N-S) Known locally as 'Jameson's Fort'. May be modified ringfort. Souterrain in interior of enclosure.
- NGR:** 308190E, 312740N
- Description:** (02) Souterrain situated in enclosure and consisting of a section of passage (L 5.2m, W 1m, H 1.3m) running N-S.
-
- RMP:** LH004-068 (01) (02) (Buckley and Sweetman 1991: (01) Survey No. 971; (02) Survey No. 155)
- Townland:** Proleek
- Parish:** Ballymascanlan
- Barony:** Lower Dundalk
- County:** Louth
- Country:** Republic of Ireland
- NGR:** 307380E, 311870N
- Description:** (01) Ecclesiastical enclosure, early medieval circular area (max. diam 76.5m) bounded by modern field fence. Probable ancient entrance at west. Two long cists [(02) below] discovered in interior (*CLAJ* 1933, 100).
- NGR:** 307380E, 311870N
- Description:** (02) Long cists, two stone lined long cists, aligned E-W, one containing a skull, the other fragments of unidentified human bones. Discovered in the interior of a large enclosure [(01) above] (*CLAJ* 1933, 100).
-
- RMP:** LH004-070 (01) (02) (Buckley and Sweetman 1991: (01) Survey No. 826; (02) Survey No. 385)
- Townland:** Proleek Acres
- Parish:** Ballymascanlan
- Barony:** Lower Dundalk
- County:** Louth
- Country:** Republic of Ireland
- NGR:** 307910E, 312120N
- Description:** (01) Earth work marked as oval earthwork and labelled 'fort' on 1835 edition of OS 6" sheet. No visible surface trace. Souterrain [(02) below] in interior.
- NGR:** 307910E, 312120N
- Description:** (02) Souterrain situated in the interior of earthwork [(01) above] shown as broad oval and marked 'fort' on 1835 edition of OS 6" map. The souterrain consists of two passages forming an L-shaped plan. Passage 1 (L 9m, west 1.2m) extends SE-NW, at northwest end turning at almost right angles into Passage 2 (L 11m, W 1.5m) running north to south (*CLAJ* 1942, 149-50).
-
- RMP:** LH004-071 (Buckley and Sweetman 1991: Survey No. 530)
- Townland:** Proleek Acres
- Parish:** Ballymascanlan
- Barony:** Lower Dundalk
- County:** Louth
- Country:** Republic of Ireland
- NGR:** 307840E, 312030N
- Description:** Souterrain (possible) (*CLAJ* 1942, 149-150), no further information.

RMP sites relevant to this report in County Louth. Within the surrounding area, beyond the usual 1km search, there are nine sites with megalithic tombs plotted on OS Sheets.

- Sheet 3: None
- Sheet 4: 7
- Sheet 6: 2
- Sheet 7: None
- Sheet 11: None
- Sheet 12: None

RMP: LH004-016 (Buckley and Sweetman 1991: Survey No. 52)
Townland: Monascreebe
Parish: Ballymascanlan
Barony: Lower Dundalk
County: Louth
Country: Republic of Ireland
NGR: 304220E, 313630N
Description: Portal-tomb. This portal-tomb stands at the W end of a mound 9m long by 5.5m wide. The E end of the mound terminates at a fence and another runs along its southern side. The chamber is represented by two portal stones, about 1.5m high and adjoining side stones, both pitched heavily inwards. Between the portals is a stone at least 0.7m in maximum dimension, which could be a fallen door stone.

RMP: LH004-055 (Buckley and Sweetman 1991: Survey No.50)
Townland: Lurgankeel
Parish: Ballymascanlan
Barony: Lower Dundalk
County: Louth
Country: Republic of Ireland
NGR: 302230E, 311740N
Description: Megalithic tomb. The monument is 160m NW of No. 51 (LH004-056). It consists of a subrectangular mound 12m by 6m, orientated NNE-SSW, incorporating the remains of a chamber represented by two stones at right angles to each other. The monument is clearly a megalithic tomb but the remains are insufficient to allow classification.

RMP: LH004-056 (Buckley and Sweetman 1991: Survey No. 51)
Townland: Lurgankeel
Parish: Ballymascanlan
Barony: Lower Dundalk
County: Louth
Country: Republic of Ireland
NGR: 302350E, 311620N
Description: Portal-tomb. The remains of this portal-tomb are 160m SE of No. 50 (LH004-055). All that survives is a portal stone, 2.5m high, and a prostrate roof stone measuring 3.7 by 2.9 by 1.2m (CLAJ 1910, 300).

RMP: LH004-062 (Buckley and Sweetman 1991: Survey No. 45)
Townland: Faughart Lower
Parish: Ballymascanlan
Barony: Lower Dundalk
County: Louth
Country: Republic of Ireland

- NGR:** 305290E, 311990N
Description: Megalithic tomb. This wedge-shaped chamber is incorporated in a field boundary. The N, S and E sides each consist of a split boulder. Two imbricated stones represent an entrance opening to the SW. the chamber is covered by a single roof stone. Although the remains appear to be those of a small passage-tomb with an angled entrance, they are best left unclassified pending further investigation.
- RMP:** LH004-074 (Buckley and Sweetman 1991 Survey No. 54)
Townland: Proleek
Parish: Ballymascanlan
Barony: Lower Dundalk
County: Louth
Country: Republic of Ireland
NGR: 308260E, 311030N
Description: Portal-tomb. This portal-tomb is situated some 80m WNW of No. 55 (LH004-075). It consists of a chamber, facing NW, represented by a massive roof stone resting on two portal stones and a side stone. The roof stone measures 3.8m by 3.2m and the portals are about 3.3m high. The side stone is buttressed by a modern stone and concrete support. No trace of a cairn is visible (Borlase 1897, 305-307).
- RMP:** LH004-075 (Buckley and Sweetman 1991: Survey No. 55)
Townland: Proleek
Parish: Ballymascanlan
Barony: Lower Dundalk
County: Louth
Country: Republic of Ireland
NGR: 308340E, 311000N
Description: Wedge-tomb. This wedge-tomb is situated some 80m ESE of No. 54 (LH000-074). It consists of a wedge-shaped gallery 6m long orientated WSW-ENE, and narrowing from 1.5m at the W end to 1.1m at the E. It is closed at the west by a large septal single facade stone. The sides of the gallery are each represented by eight stones and the back stone is set outside the ends of the gallery walls. A single roof stone is in position near the E end of the gallery. There is no visible trace of an outer wall or cairn (de Valera and O Nuallain 1982, 130).
- RMP:** LH004-091 (Buckley and Sweetman 1991: Survey No. 42)
Townland: Ballymakellett
Parish: Ballymascanlan
Barony: Lower Dundalk
County: Louth
Country: Republic of Ireland
NGR: 309890E, 311170N
Description: Court-tomb. This court-tomb comprises the remains of a cairn, 26m long, orientated NE-SW, incorporating at its northeast end the scant remains of a court leading to a gallery. Most of the southeast half of the cairn is missing and there is little trace of this beyond the fence, which runs the length of the cairn and incorporates the SE side of the gallery. The surviving cairn is about 12m wide at the NE and 6m at the SW. The court, at present 3.5m deep, is represented by two court stones on the N and the entrance jambs of the gallery. These well-matched jambs give access to the gallery, 8m long, which narrows from about 1.5m wide at the NE to 1m wide at the low back stone. Only five side stones are visible, three at the southeast and two at the NW. The gallery is filled with stones and, as no remaining jambs are evident, the number of chambers is uncertain. Some 20m NNE of the court is a standing stone (PRIA (C) 1960, 127).

- RMP:** LH006-015 (01) (Buckley and Sweetman 1991: Survey No. 48)
Townland: Killin
Parish: Ballymascanlan
Barony: Lower Dundalk
County: Louth
Country: Republic of Ireland
NGR: 301010E, 310130N
Description: Megalithic tomb. In 1758 Wright published diagrammatic plans and sketches of two hilltop monuments; the larger monument on the main hilltop had 'rude carvings' similar to those at Newgrange (Wright 1758, pls 6, 7). This monument was destroyed by quarrying in 1826 (CLAJ 1907, 60). A decorated stone from the site, published by Evans (UJA 1939, 250-254), now lies at the top of Killin Hill at the spot marked 'Druids Circle (site of)' on the current OS 6" map. The nineteenth-century descriptions and surviving stone leave little doubt that this monument was a megalithic tomb of the passage-tomb class (Herity 1974, 232, Shee-Twohig 1981, 224).
- RMP:** LH006-016 (Buckley and Sweetman 1991: Survey No. 49)
Townland: Killin
Parish: Ballymascanlan
Barony: Lower Dundalk
County: Louth
Country: Republic of Ireland
NGR: 301000E, 310040N
Description: Megalithic tomb. This is the second of the two monuments published by Wright in 1758 (see also No. 48 [LH004-015]); that stood on a lower hill nearby. His plan shows two concentric rings which appear to represent a cairn of somewhat smaller dimensions than No. 48. He gives no description of this monument but its proximity to the other cairn and its hilltop siting indicate that it too may have been a passage-tomb. It is not now possible to locate the precise site of this monument, which was probably destroyed, together with the main hilltop site in the early nineteenth-century.

Sites known from the current project. Current work has identified ten archaeological sites within 1km of this location (Figs 2 and 3). Positive results of trial pits excavations along the route were reported in 2005 (McConway and Lynch 2005). These are:

Site 108. This was Feature 8 from testing (Powell 2005a). Initially the site consisted of a concentrated charcoal spread 0.66m by 0.8m. Following surface stripping five pits, two of which may be hearths, and one stakehole were discovered and excavated.

Site 109. This was a cluster of features found in testing (Powell 2005b). Feature 7 was the northernmost feature in the cluster; it consisted of two teardrop shaped spreads of charcoal flecked soil. These features lay beside one another and continued into the northern baulk. Feature 6 lay 25m to the southeast of Feature 7 and consisted of a spread of brown/grey silt; the eastern edge of this spread continued into the baulk. Feature 5 lay 30m to the southwest of Feature 6 and consisted of a subcircular silty soil with charcoal inclusions. Feature 4 lay 40m to the west of Feature 5 and

consisted of two apparently discreet spreads of charcoal. Feature 3 lay 20m south of feature 4 and was the southernmost feature in the cluster of Features 3 –7. It consisted of a roughly oval spread of charcoal flecked brown/grey soil.

Site 110. At this location, testing had discovered a single feature (Feature 2 from testing) (Powell 2005c). After clearing the feature measured 0.95m east to west by 0.60m north to south, it was dish-shaped in profile with a maximum depth in the centre of 0.08m. There was no cut per se as the feature consisting of a burnt patch of clay with charcoal inclusions. The excavated feature appears related to agricultural practice, in particular tree clearing.

Site 111A. Thirteen features of archaeological potential were uncovered (Ronayne 2006). After investigation, none were thought to be archaeological as they all appeared to be formed as a result of root action, land clearance, drainage or agricultural activities.

Site 112. Thirteen features of archaeological potential were uncovered on this site (O'Connor 2006). Six of these were discovered to be of natural origin, formed by either root action or the removal of stones. Of the remainder, two linear features and two pits could be dated to the recent past and were likely to be the result of farming activities. The remaining features, a stakehole and the large pit formed by two smaller pits were not datable but, given the nature of the surrounding features, there is no reason to believe that they are not contemporary.

Site 113. This site was identified as “an extensive spread of charcoal-enriched black silt and burnt stone” (Powell 2005d). This measured up to 33m (north to south) and 15m (east to west) and was interpreted as “evidence for a large fulacht fiadh, or burnt mound with evidence for additional or satellite burnt mounds within Field 9”. Recent excavations have revealed that although burnt mound material was present at the site, along with associated pits and a possible well, only secondary traces of burnt mounds remained. This was probably due to later agricultural activity in the 19th Century when the ground was levelled, drained and ploughed. This probably occurred at a time when land pressure increased. No troughs or hearths, feature types often associated with burnt mounds, were found during the course of the excavation, however a subcircular unlined well dug to a natural spring would attest to the possibility that the burnt mound material found on the site are the remains of fulacht fiadh. It is thought that the burnt mound material found at the site may be the truncated remains, with material continuing under the western baulk towards the Ballymascanlan Stream, of three burnt mounds, probably dating to the Bronze Age. It is hoped that charcoal samples taken from the burnt mound material will firmly establish the date of the archaeological activity found on the site.

Site 114. Two areas of archaeological deposits were uncovered near Thistle Cross during Phase 1 testing along the route of the A1/N1 Newry-Dundalk Link Road (Turrell 2005). The first area was identified as a number of charcoal-rich deposits and the second, 40m northwest of this, consisted of two sub rectangular features and two irregular spreads. The site is located on well-drained soil and situated on a small plateau on a gentle, east-facing slope of a low hill. The main features here were a cluster of three rectangular structures, together with a variety of pits and small miscellaneous features.

Structure 1, probably a dwelling house, was orientated east to west, measured 8 by 7m and was defined by two narrow slot trenches running parallel, some 6m apart, with three pairs of large, regularly spaced, external postholes. There were no slot trenches associated with the gable ends of this structure, that to the east being represented by a number of smaller postholes. The gable end was less well defined to the west but may have been represented by a line of stones. There were two large postholes in the interior aligned with the central pair of external posts and it may be that the structure was partitioned here. Two small postholes in the southwest corner of the structure may be doorjambs, showing that there was an entrance here. The slot trench was narrow and several stake holes were found within it, indicating that the walls were probably of wattle construction. The fill of the slot trench contained much charcoal and the sides of the trench appeared oxidised in places, suggesting that the structure may have been destroyed by fire.

Structure 2 was also a likely house; it was orientated north to south, measured 8.5 by 6.5m and was situated 3m north of Structure 1. It was defined on three sides by a slot trench, up to 0.6m wide, filled with a packing of redeposited natural subsoil and stones. Several depressions in base of the packing indicated the former presence of posts and it is likely that this structure had walls of upright planks. There was no slot trench on the northern side of the structure, which was defined by two large corner postholes and some smaller central ones. There were some postholes more or less orientated on the centre line of the structure, suggesting a row of supporting posts here. There was no evidence for an entrance but, since there is a continuous and well-defined slot trench on the other three sides, this is likely to have been to the north.

Structure 3 measured 6 by 4m, was situated 1.5 west of Structure 1, on virtually the same alignment. It was defined on three sides by a slight slot trench with postholes in the corners. There appeared to be a central partition, represented by a posthole at the midpoint of the long side connected to another posthole by a short length of perpendicular slot trench, with a further posthole an equal distance beyond this. There was no slot trench on the northern side of this structure. This structure, perhaps contemporary with Structure 1, may have been a shed or byre, with an internal partition dividing it into two stalls.

There was a group of pits to the west of these structures, including two circular pits with a charcoal-rich fill, which may have been cooking pits. Just north of these were two large, deep pits, with a homogenous silty fill, perhaps storage pits. There were a number of small pits, stake holes and short lengths of slot trench between Structures 1 and 2, probably indicating some sort of domestic activity in this area. A third group of pits was to the south and southeast of Structure 1. Some of these may relate to prehistoric activity, although others may be connected with modern cultivation.

At the west of the site, situated on gently sloping ground at the foot of a slope was an hourglass-shaped feature that proved to be some sort of oven, or grain drying kiln. The deeper, northern, chamber containing much charcoal, with the surrounding subsoil displaying signs of oxidation. It is not clear at present exactly what activity was being carried on here, although examination of the soil sample taken from this feature may provide some indication. The site had been disturbed by recent agricultural activity, mainly in the form of cultivation furrows.

Site 115. A small group of archaeological deposits was uncovered by testing within a 20m stretch of the road along the southern limits of Field 6. This group consists of a linear pit, F6/001, possibly the terminal of a gully. The feature was filled with grey silty clay F6/002. Other features in the local area included a sub-circular pit F6/003 filled with charcoal-enriched black silt F6/004 and a sub circular pit F6/005 filled by charcoal-enriched black silt F6/006. Two other features were uncovered 25 and 45m north of this group. These were a sub-circular pit F6/007 filled with charcoal flecked grey silt F6/008 and a sub-circular pit F6/009 filled with stony charcoal-enriched black silt F6/010.

Site 120. Archaeological testing at this location uncovered probable burnt mound or *fulachta fiadh* material and a smaller deposit (McConway and Lynch 2005). Two isolated features were uncovered during testing in Field 14, along the northern limits of Area 13. This consisted of a sub-rectangular pit F14/001 that measured 7m north-south and 5.5m east to west. The pit fill F14/002 was charcoal rich silt and burnt stone. The second feature was a sub-circular pit F14/003 that measured 1.4m in diameter and was filled with charcoal rich black silt F14/004.

Site 121. The features here seem to relate to modern agricultural activity with field clearance prior to cultivation (Turrell 2006). Two pits and two possible oven/dryers are of uncertain date but C¹⁴ dating of charcoal samples taken from them should resolve this question. With the excavation of the site all archaeological issues can be considered resolved. The finds retrieved from the excavations on Site 122, suggest a preliminary indication for prehistoric activity on site.

2 A Description of the Works Carried Out

2.1 Reason for the excavation

The principal objectives of the Roads Service in implementing the scheme are to improve the conditions for road users by reducing journey times between the major commercial centres, together with an improvement in road safety. The specific objectives are:

- To contribute to the improvement of the Regional Strategic Transport Network and major transport links with Great Britain and the Republic of Ireland;
- To reduce vehicle operating times and costs;
- To facilitate freight transport;
- To improve road safety and improve pedestrian and cycle access and safety.

2.2 Excavation methods

2.2.1 Phasing

The road works have been divided into 2 phases: Phase 1 included (a) the archaeological evaluation of known sites, possible sites and areas of archaeological potential and (b) the recording and evaluation of standing buildings/structures at identified locations. Phase 2, reported here, includes the resolution of any sites identified by the works.

2.2.2 Desk top study

A desktop study of archaeological and cultural heritage sites was reported in the Environmental Impact Statement for the project (RPS 2002a, 236; 2002b). A particular emphasis was paid to sites with 1km of what was then the proposed route alignment.

2.2.3 Phase 1 archaeological testing

Area 111 is in a zone of fertile soils within an archaeologically sensitive landscape in close vicinity to a number of known archaeological sites (Figs 2 and 3; Section 1.2.3). This area was considered to have high archaeological potential and was investigated and evaluated under Phase 1 of the Contract by means of test excavation.

The Phase 1 report discusses the archaeological findings within Area 12, at Aghnaskeagh townland, between road scheme chainages 10925 - 12150 carried out the testing under project sub number A002/003 in November 2004 (McConway and Lynch 2005).

The purpose for and the methodology employed in the Phase I testing included:

- To fully expose, investigate, record and resolve archaeological deposits uncovered in and all deposits associated with these.
- Resolution of the archaeological features described above was carried out by a licenced director, a supervisor, two assistants and four general operatives.
- A 100 by 40m area was appropriately opened over the features under archaeological supervision to the latest archaeological horizon or to the upper surface of natural geology, whichever occurs first. The area will be manually cleaned and examined for further archaeological deposits.
- All archaeological deposits were surveyed in to a site grid and in relation to their position on the road.
- All deposits were recorded and investigated by methods appropriate to their nature and complexity using best archaeological practice.
- Methods used included sectioning, planning and photographing the deposits, investigating the stratigraphic relationship with other deposits if appropriate, compiling a written record of the deposits via a context sheets

As it was determined likely that additional subsurface archaeological deposits would be associated with the known features it was also recommended that an appropriate area around each feature be topsoil stripped. All features exposed from the stripping were to be fully investigated. If it became apparent that these features form part of a more extensive archaeological landscape then it was recommended that an appropriate area be opened up on plan in order to fully investigate and record any discovered features.

2.2.4 Phase 2 archaeological excavations

Recording strategy. Recording was by means of ‘best archaeological practise’. The primary records of these excavations consist of written and drawn records, photographs, survey data, finds and samples. The stratigraphic record was primarily made on context record sheets, of the standard type used by ADS (Appendix I). These are supplemented by information from the site diary and notebooks. Field surveying equipment consisted of an Ashtech DGPS surveying suite, which allowed real-time data collection with horizontal accuracy of 0.005m +1ppm and vertical accuracy of 0.010m +2ppm.

All Phase 2 archaeological excavations were carried out in accordance with the Specification for Archaeological Rescue Excavation on Known Sites document (ADS 2005). Field methods included:

An appropriately sized area around each of the deposits was fenced off and access to these areas by machinery and personnel denied until they have been resolved.

- The removal of topsoil was by judicious use of a machine fitted with a toothless bucket under the constant supervision of a suitably qualified archaeologist.
- All trenches were excavated to the latest archaeological horizon or to the upper surface of natural geology, whichever occurred first. If archaeological features were revealed these deposits were in the first instance, cordoned off using high visibility tape and access to these areas by machinery denied.
- All deposits were hand investigated using methods appropriate to their composition, nature and date and time was allowed for the archaeologist to undertake the appropriate level of recording.
- The level of recording depended on the nature and extent of the archaeological remains encountered. All deposits were recorded on plan (in relation to the site grid), photographed and if appropriate, their location surveyed in advance of hand excavation.
- Excavation of deposits was carried out by sectioning using methods appropriate to their composition and nature.
- Contexts were sampled for palaeobotanical material, radiocarbon dating, soil micromorphology, petrology, wood identification, etc.
- All sections and cut features were photographed and drawn.
- The position of all finds and samples were recorded in three-dimensions (when practicable) in relation to the site grid.
- Sampling strategies depended upon the dimensions, make up and complexity of the archaeological remains encountered.
- A day book was maintained where all archaeological features were recorded in writing utilizing ADS context sheets, scaled field illustrations and by both slide and digital photography.
- All finds were logged according to context, bagged and catalogued.
- A contract conservator was on call if necessary.
- Bone specialists were on site to advise on human remains
- All finds are stored in our post excavation unit at Kells, Co. Meath and will ultimately be stored in whatever facility the State will provide.
- Excavation or preservation by record was carried out on archaeological deposits that will be impacted on by the construction of the road scheme.

2.2.5 Health and safety documents

It is the policy of ADS to comply with the Health & Safety at Work Acts and the Construction Safety, Health & Welfare Regulations and to ensure so far as reasonably practicable the safety, health and welfare of all employees whilst at work, and to provide such information, training and supervision needed for this purpose. To comply with these acts and regulations the works were conducted following the procedures and principles laid out in the company health and safety document (ADS 2003). Special attention to health and safety will be paid in areas close to rivers, streams, woodland, marshy ground and overhead power lines. ADS can confirm that the excavation crews all hold a valid safe pass certificate.

2.2.6 Staff involved

The director (Jo Ronayne) would like to acknowledge site supervisors Patricia Ryan and Mary O'Brien and site assistants Tara Clarke, Nick Fitch, Jacob Kacprzak, Michael Chosson, Dominik Olzskewski, Adrian McAleenan, Wes Maguire, Rachael Flynn and Brendan Malone.

3 Excavation Records-Phase 2

Testing in Area 12 was carried out under number A002/003. One area of archaeological potential were identified. At this location, the test excavations revealed one feature that required further investigation (McConway and Lynch 2005). A large spread of stones (30 by 25m), interpreted as a collapsed cairn, was identified during the testing of Area 12 in Field 15. It lay to the immediate north of a beech-lined avenue and in the immediate vicinity of a recorded monument (LH 004-041), a 'megalithic structure'. The site was known locally as a children's burial ground (McConway and Lynch 2005) (Figs 3 and 4; Plate 1).

3.1 Disturbed contexts

During excavation, it was noted that the site was heavily affected by bioturbation. A number of stone sockets were also uncovered (Table 1; Appendix I). The largest of these **(249)** and **(250)** were located at the northern end of the site. Fifty-four contexts were assigned that were later determined to be non-archaeological in nature; these will not be further discussed. Contexts were also dated to the post medieval usually by their stratigraphic location and associated finds (Table 1).

Table 1 Non archaeological contexts

| Context | Type | Description |
|---------|---------|--|
| 017-027 | - | Non-archaeological. |
| 031 | Deposit | Irregular shallow loose grey fine ash spread with small stones; 0.02m deep. |
| 038 | Cut | Bowl shaped cut. Probably non archaeological; 0.03m deep. |
| 039 | Fill | Compact sandy clay with charcoal, ash and grit. Probably non archaeological. |
| 134-136 | - | Non archaeological. |
| 154 | Fill | Moderately compacted mid greyish brown silty clay fill of 155 with frequent charcoal; 0.25m by 0.20m by 0.20m. |
| 162-164 | - | Non archaeological |
| 229 | - | Very shallow circular spread with mid brownish grey fill. Non archaeological. |
| 230 | - | Non archaeological. Probable tree root. |
| 248-253 | - | Stone socket. |
| 254 | - | Non archaeological root disturbance. |
| 255 | Deposit | Non archaeological. |
| 266 | - | Non archaeological |
| 275 | - | Non archaeological |
| 276 | - | Non archaeological |
| 282 | - | Non archaeological |
| 292 | - | Non arch |
| 295-301 | - | Non arch |
| 303 | - | Non arch |

| Context | Type | Description |
|---------|------|-------------|
| 306 | - | Non arch |
| 307 | - | Non arch |
| 316-318 | - | Non arch |
| 323 | - | Non arch |
| 340 | - | Non arch |
| 342 | - | Non arch |
| 347 | - | Non arch |
| 352 | - | Non arch |

3.2 Possible medieval and post medieval features

3.2.1 Post medieval

Based on finds and stratigraphic location thirty-two contexts were determined to date to the post medieval (Table 2; Appendices I, II and III). The post medieval features were mainly a result of agricultural activity, the building of the bank and road construction to the south and west (Fig 4a; Plate 2). Context (378) was the main deposit found in the bank at the western side of the site. It contained a frequent amount of small granite stones probably taken from the cairn when the bank was built. The western part of the site contained most of the post medieval activity. Deposit (369) was the fill of a post medieval feature (377) that was located disturbing the kerb (082) at its southern end close to the road. Burnt bone was found in the topsoil (001) and the fill (041) of furrow (074). They were disturbed and were not burials.

Table 2 Post medieval contexts

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------|--|---|---|
| 001 | Deposit | Greyish-brown silty clay with stones and frequent roots. | 0.34m depth | Metal objects, spindle whorl, flint, modern cut stone, animal bone, clay pipe frag, burnt bone. |
| 010 | Deposit | Irregular shaped loose sandy yellowish-orange sandy clay with grass and roots and frequent stones similar to cairn stones. | 3.24 by 2.32 by 0.10m | Modern pottery |
| 016 | Deposit | Shallow deposit of loose fertile dark brownish-red fine sandy clay south of line of stones 028. | 0.02-0.04m deep horizontal extent unknown | - |
| 029 | Fill | Yellowish-brown sandy soil with sub angular stones. Same as 059. | - | - |
| 030 | Deposit | Small mound of sub angular and angular stones in a moderately compact mid brown clay in western part of site. | 3.5m at its known extent | - |

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------|--|--|--------------------------|
| 033 | Deposit | Moderately compacted light brownish-yellow silty sand located at northeast edge of cairn and curves west. | 0.12m deep horizontal extent unknown | - |
| 043 | Fill | Loose light brown silty sand top fill of linear feature 073 with moderate amount of sub angular small stones. | 7by 1.3 by 0.07m | - |
| 044 | Fill | Loose light greyish-brown silty sand fill of furrow 074. | 6.7 by 0.9 by 0.25m | Fragments of burnt bone. |
| 057 | Fill | Loose compact mid grey-brown silt with humic content and small sub rounded stones and tree roots at southwest baulk. | 6 by 2.6 by 0.2m | 1 nail |
| 058 | Fill | Dark orange-brown clayey silt with occasional small rounded stones and tree roots at southwest baulk. | 3 by 2.5 by 0.2m | - |
| 060 | Deposit | Light brown lens between 059 and 043 furrows. | 8m (approx) by 3.2m | - |
| 071 | Fill | Moderately compacted light red-brown silty sand basal fill of 073 furrow. | 7 by 1.6 by 0.15m | - |
| 072 | Fill | Loose light brown silty sand fill of 075 plough furrow. | 5 by 0.80 by 0.15m | - |
| 073 | Cut | East to west orientated linear shaped cut with gradual sloping sides and a concave base. | 7 by 1.6 by 0.22m | - |
| 074 | Cut | East to west orientated linear shaped cut with gradual sloping sides and a concave base filled by 044. | 6.7 by 0.9 by 0.25m | - |
| 075 | Cut | East to west orientated linear shaped cut with gradual sloping sides and a concave base | 5 by 0.80 by 0.15m | - |
| 087 | Fill | Very loose light yellowish-brown silt basal fill of 119 with tree roots. | 1 north to south by 1m east to west by 0.04m deep | - |
| 094 | Fill | Friable dark brown silt with small stones and frequent tree roots. | 2m north to south by 0.4m east to west by 0.2m | - |
| 113 | Cut | Linear shaped feature with rounded ends with irregular concave sides and a tapered uneven base. Located parallel to 093. | 3.5m east to west by 0.53m north to south by 0.20m | - |
| 114 | Fill | Loose yellow mid brown sandy silt fill of 113 with occasional sub angular stones. | 3.5m east to west by 0.53m north to south by 0.20m | - |

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------|--|--|---|
| 119 | Cut | Linear shaped feature at southwest side of site with gently sloping sides and a flat base. Filled by 058. | 3m east to west by 1m north to south by 0.3m | - |
| 120 | Cut | Possibly oval/rounded shape where visible with flat base filled by 057. | 3m east to west by 2.5m north to south by 0.2m | - |
| 121 | Cut | Sub linear feature visible at southwest section with an irregular stony base filled by 057. | 2.6m north to south by 0.4m east to west (not fully exposed) by 0.3m | Iron nail |
| 128 | Cut | Narrow linear shaped feature with rounded end, gently sloping sides and a slightly concave base parallel to 119 and filled by 057. | 2m east to west by 0.4m north to south by 0.2m | - |
| 153 | Fill | Loose mid red-brown silty sand fill of 155 with a moderate amount of small stones. | 0.12 by 0.10 by 0.12m | Post med pottery |
| 155 | Cut | Sub rectangular shaped cut with gradual sloping sides and an uneven concave base. Orientated east to west with medium sized sub rounded stone in the centre. | 0.65 by 0.40 by 0.25m | - |
| 219 | Fill | Loose dark brown silty clay fill of 221 with medium sized frequent stones. | 3.2m east to west by 1.7m north to south by 0.25m | - |
| 221 | Cut | Linear shaped cut filled by 219 with a sharp southern side and a gradual sloping north side and a flat base. | 3.2m east to west by 1.7m north to south by 0.25m | - |
| 283 | Deposit | Dark grey sand deposit at south corner of site close to road with frequent stones -same as 012. | 6.5m north to south by 3.5m east to west | Post med pottery, glass, bottle cork at top of fill |
| 369 | Fill | Compact dark brown sandy silt fill of 377 with small stones. | 0.86m northwest to southeast by 0.6m northeast to southwest by 0.2m | - |
| 377 | Cut | Sub oval shaped cut filled by 369 with sharp sloping south side and gradual sloping north side and a flat base at south end of kerb. | 0.86m northwest to southeast by 0.6m northeast to southwest by 0.2m | - |
| 378 | Deposit | Mid brown silty sand deposit of bank material with frequent amount of small granite stones in west part of site. | 2.7m north to south by 1.8m east to west by 0.26m | - |

3.2.2 Medieval

There were six contexts determined by stratigraphic location and associated finds to date to the medieval period (Fig. 5; Table 3; Appendices I and II). Context **(059)** was the only fill of a linear feature **(093)** that appeared to be a plough furrow (Plate 2). This fill contained medieval pottery.

Table 3 Medieval contexts

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------------|---|--|--|
| 003 | Stone deposit | Top two layers of small to medium sub angular and sub rounded granite stones (0.06m by 0.02m to 0.30m by 0.30m) located in corner of field. | 24 by 11m (extension areas not added on) | - |
| 012 | Deposit | Loose dark brownish-grey organic sandy material with roots, moss between 003 cairn stones | 24 by 11m extension area 6m by 2.5m | Pottery, glass, cow tooth, flint, black ware, tile frag, worked flint, medieval pottery, metal, burnt bone |
| 028 | Stone deposit | Line of granite stones west of Kerb at western side of site | 2.82m east to west by 0.44m (max width of stones) | - |
| 041 | Deposit | Same as 059 | - | Medieval pottery |
| 059 | Fill | Loose yellowish-brown sandy silt fill of 093 with occasional small sub angular stones at western end of site | 4 by 1m by 0.30m | Medieval pottery |
| 093 | Cut | Sub rectangular shaped feature at west part of site filled by 059. Curves slightly from southwest to northeast. Gradual stepped slope on northwest side, steeper south side. Concave base | 4m southwest to northeast by 1m northwest to southeast by 0.3m | - |

On the southern edge of **(093)** an east to west orientated line of granite stones **(028)** found beneath **(003)/(012)** were lying on the subsoil (Fig. 5; Plate 3). These were located at the western edge of the site, where there was extensive root disturbance. This feature did not extend under the main concentration of **(003)** stones, under the western bank nor did it continue to the east but instead possibly turned south to enclose a large flat slab of natural bedrock. The date of the line of stones is unclear but may have been put there in medieval times and be associated with furrow **(093)**. Alternatively, they may be a part of the original monument but have been disturbed in the medieval or post medieval period. Their east to west orientation was in line with the main break in the kerb wall but any relationship is unclear.

Context **(012)** was the latest deposit associated directly with the cairn. A deposit of small stones **(003)** were found sitting in this deposit, which was under the topsoil and was above the layer **(080)** (Fig. 5). Its description suggests that it was formed by roots and decayed stones and was not intended as a packing fill for the stones. A mixture of post medieval and medieval finds suggests it was disturbed as does the presence of cremated bone that appeared to be disturbed and not in a burial context (Appendices II and III).

The **(003)** stone deposit probably belonged to the original cairn. During excavation, two layers were found but others have likely been removed or added in recent periods. The main concentration was visible covering the kerb and burial areas, but the western area that was outside the cairn proper, had less stone. These stones may have been a later addition. The main section shows the general height of the **(003)** stones to be 0.5m above the natural ground (Figs 5, 6 and 14). The pre excavation levels showed that that the **(003)** layer was about 0.23m higher than the section height. The original stone mound was probably much higher. A sherd of medieval pottery was found at the top of **(035)** which was a fill of the pit **(037)** (Appendix II). This may have been intrusive as this pit had prehistoric pottery in an earlier fill.

3.3 Prehistoric cairn

Two hundred and forty-seven prehistoric contexts were found on the site. These have been divided into separate sections in order to aid description.

3.3.1 Cairn

The cairn at its latest level consisted of small granite stones in two layers (Figs 4a, 5, 6 and 14 Plate 3-8; Table 4). These were under the topsoil **(001)** and above a second phase of bigger stones **(011)**. Figures 4a and 6 show the main concentration of the **(003)** stones that were visible in a trapezoidal shape with the widest end at the north (Plate 4). The length of the cairn at its latest level was 24m. At its northern end the cairn was 11m wide, it then narrowed to the south. Some of the larger stones protrude from underneath as well as one of the northern kerb stones. In between the stones, very small angular chips were predominant in the north and eastern parts of the site. Tree roots and natural depressions were visible in the top **(003)** layer across the site but there was frequent root disturbance in the southern and western parts of the site. Burnt bone was found among the stones but it appeared to be disturbed and not in formal burials. The mixed finds from **(012)** the deposit in which **(003)** stones lay suggested that this layer might have been disturbed in the medieval and post medieval period.

The second phase of construction consisted of larger more rounded boulders which were lying under **(003)** and were lying on a silty clay layer **(080)** (Figs 5 and 14; Plates 5 and 6). Again, the stone used

in the building of the cairn was predominately granite. However, it was at this level that a second type of stone, limestone was also being used; this will be discussed later in the report (Section 3.3.2). The **(011)** stones were concentrated in the southeastern part of the site and the northwest. They did not appear outside or west of the kerb wall or in the north, northeast or central burial area.

Table 4 Cairn elements

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W by D) |
|---------|---------------|---|--|
| 003 | Stone deposit | Top two layers of small to medium sub angular and sub rounded granite stones (0.06 by 0.02m to 0.30 by 0.30m) located in corner of field. | 24m by 11m (extension areas not added on) |
| 006 | Stones | Large stones just west of burial area. | Approximately 2m |
| 011 | Stone deposit | Medium sized predominately granite boulders (0.20 by 0.20 by 0.20m to 0.50 by 0.40 by 0.50m) with visible gaps. | 24m by 1m (min) to 5m (max) |
| 080 | Deposit | Mid to dark yellowish-brown silty clay deposit around 011 cairn stones. Contains burnt bone | 24m by 5m by 0.30m |
| 329 | Stone deposit | Basal layer of medium-large granite cairn stones in the natural. | 18.5m north to south by 6.3m east to west (north end), 1.5 (south end) |

In the centre of the site, they became less frequent with areas of subsoil visible. They then appeared again further north for a few metres but do not extend further north than the kerb. There were no finds recovered from **(080)**. A small amount of burnt bone was recovered from above the main burial area and was probably disturbed. The depth of this layer was on average 0.36m.

The basal layer of cairn stones **(329)** lying in or on the natural subsoil again consisted of large granite boulders (Figs 7 and 14). Context **(329)** was given to the stones left in the natural after all of **(011)** was removed. Some of the stones appeared to form possible structures. This will be discussed in Section 3.3.8. Like the **(011)** layer, these stones were not found west of the kerb or in the northeast or central part of the site. The largest stones **(006)** used in the cairn were located west of the main burial area (Plates 7 and 8). From **(003)** to **(329)** the cairn stones range in size from 0.06 by 0.02m minimum to 0.85m by 0.5m maximum respectively. The main section also shows the height of the cairn (Fig 5-7 and 14). It measured 0.62m from the subsoil to the top of **(003)** in the section. In total, because other parts of **(003)** were higher, the depth of the site was 0.85m. The original cairn mound was probably much higher. There was no evidence of a turf mound.

3.3.2 The kerb

Two kerbs was situated on the western limit of the cairn that were constructed as two north to south orientated lines of medium to large granite and limestone stones **(082)/(214)** and **(332)** with packing

fill and smaller stones (0.2-0.3m) between (Figs 5, 7 and 8; Plates 9-14; Tables 5 and 6; Appendix I). The total maximum length of the kerb was 28m and the width was 1m (max). The terms inner (to the east) and outer (to the west) kerb were given to aid recording and description. It was likely that the inner kerb **(332)** was the original kerb or limit for the cairn and another kerb **(082)/(214)** west of **(332)** was added later for aesthetic reasons or to forestall collapse (Plates 9 and 10). Packing stones were added after the outer kerb was built to support it. During the excavation, the site was extended further south by 7.5m and west by 3-4m, which revealed more evidence of the kerb.

Table 5 Kerb fill contexts

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W by D) |
|---------|---------------|--|--|
| 056 | Stone deposit | Layer of angular and subangular stones from 0.10m by 0.05 by 0.02 to 0.30m by 0.20 by 0.10 (max) west of 082 kerb orientated north to south. | 13.5 by 2.25 by 0.15m |
| 081 | Deposit | Loose dark greyish-brown clay? With occasional charcoal and small to medium sized sub angular and angular stones 056 west of 082 (Kerb). | 13.5 by 2.25 by 0.15m |
| 082 | Deposit | North to south orientated line of medium to large limestone and granite faced stones forming an outer kerb for the cairn. Less well defined inner line of stones with packing stones in between. | 23m (with gaps) by 1m |
| 092 | Deposit | Broken flat angular limestone slabs west of outer kerb forming the collapsed part of the face of the monument. | 14m north to south by 3m east to west by 0.12m |
| 130 | Stone deposit | Well-sorted small granite stones placed between 082 kerb stones as packing material (0.2 to 0.3m). | 15m by 1m |
| 131 | Deposit | Loose brownish-red organic fine silt deposit around 130 stones in between kerb 082. | 15m by 1m |
| 140 | Stone deposit | Small to medium sized sub angular and angular granite stones (0.04m by 0.03m by 0.02m - 0.25m by 0.12m by 0.10m) between kerb stones 082. | 17m by 1m |
| 141 | Fill | Moderately compact mid brown silty sand fill with frequent 143 stones north of gap. | 0.6 by 0.10m (in section) |
| 142 | Fill | Moderately compact mid reddish-brown sandy silt fill with a moderate amount of 140 stones north of gap) | 0.35 by 0.18m (in section) |
| 143 | Stone deposit | Angular and sub angular flat stones (0.03 by 0.02 by 0.01m - 0.18 by 0.10 by 0.08m) closely packed together in fill 141 between kerb 082 north of gap. | 0.6 by 0.10m (in section) |
| 144 | Fill | Loose mid brown clayey silt fill between kerb stones 082 with 144 stones. Located south of gap in kerb | 1 by 0.25m (in section) |
| 145 | Stone deposit | Medium sized sub rounded stones in fill 144 between kerb stones 082 measuring 0.20 to 0.45m-similar to 140. | 1 by 0.25m (in section) |
| 146 | Deposit | Moderately compacted dark brown silty clay spread with frequent small to medium sized angular stones similar to 056 collapse. | 1.7m north to south by 1.45m east to west by 0.16m |
| 213 | Stone deposit | Sub rounded and sub angular granite stones (0.50m-0.75m) lying against kerb stones south of gap. | 1.3m north to south. by 0.21m |

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W by D) |
|---------|---------------|--|---|
| 214 | Stone deposit | Flat faced kerb stones (16, 17, 18, 19) behind 213. | 2.4m north to south by 0.56m east to west by 0.30m |
| 228 | Deposit | Dark reddish-brown silty clay deposit with small sub angular stones between outer kerb stones at north end of kerb. | 1.9m north to south by 0.75m east to west by 0.11m |
| 237 | Deposit | Loose dark brownish-black silty clay deposit around inner kerb stones at south end of kerb. | 4.4m north to south by 1.10m east to west by 0.06m |
| 256 | Deposit | Loose light grey sandy silty ashy deposit at south end of kerb between kerb stones 086. | 0.9m east to west by 0.7m north to south by 0.2m |
| 271 | Deposit | Small loose dark brownish black silty sand deposit between 011 with organic inclusions around inner kerb stones at north end. | 0.6m north to south by 0.45m east to west by 0.07m |
| 272 | Deposit | Very loose mid to dark brown sandy silt with frequent organic inclusions and gravel. Found between stones 213 and 214. | 0.64m-1.7m by 0.2m |
| 273 | Deposit | Firm dark reddish brown silty clay with small angular stones between inner kerb stones at northern end. | 0.65m north to south by 0.45 east to west by 0.27m |
| 274 | Deposit | Moderately compacted orange brown silty sand deposit with sub rounded stones of 213 found lying against kerb 214 | 0.7m north to south by 0.15 east to west by 0.2m |
| 285 | Stone deposit | Small granite stones at south end of kerb where a gap is visible in kerb wall | 1m north to south by 0.86 east to west by |
| 291 | Deposit | Loose light brown sandy silt with frequent stones inside kerb wall in south extension of site. Same as other packing fills of kerb | 6m north to south by 1m east to west by 0.3m |
| 312 | Stone deposit | Collapsed kerb granite stones from south extension area of site. Same as 056/092 | 2.5m east to west by 2m north to south. |
| 321 | Deposit | Loose dark brown sandy silt deposit with collapse kerb stones 092 in it. | 1.96m north to south by 0.36m east to west by 0.09m |
| 326 | Stone deposit | Crystalline stones mostly angular in shape with a small amount of rounded stones found between kerb stones in 291 in south extension area. | 6m north to south by 1m east to west by 0.3m |
| 328 | Deposit | Loose brownish-grey sandy silt deposit under stones from kerb collapse in south extension area 312. | 2.5m east to west by 2m north to south by 0.28m |
| 332 | Stone deposit | Line of medium to large limestone and granite stones parallel to outer kerb. | 16.58m north to south |

The excavations stopped at the road (Fig. 7). Sections were placed in the kerb at various points which revealed a well-sorted mixture of angular, sub angular and occasional rounded packing stones **(130)**, **(140)**, **(143)**, **(145)** and **(326)** (Fig. 6; Plates 11-12; Table 5). The organic silt fills **(131)**, **(141)**, **(142)**, **(144)** and **(291)** found around the stones did not appear to be deliberately placed and probably built up while the cairn was being used. No artefacts were found associated with the kerb.

Outer kerb. During the excavation, differences in the outer kerb were noted, but overall it appeared to have been constructed by placing flat sub rectangular stones on top of one another in a dry stone effect. In all forty-five stones were identified as belonging to the outer kerb **(082)** and **(214)**; these were generally numbered north to south (Figs 5, 7 and 8; Plates 10 and 13). Table 6 presents the individual dimensions of the kerb stones; length is the measurement along the long axis of the kerb while width is the thickness of the stone relative to the perpendicular. The outer kerb was given two context numbers; **(214)** denotes a short length of four upright stones (Stones 42-45) at the south end of the kerb while **(082)** was the designation for the remaining elements. The excavation revealed that the kerb consisted of one well-defined row of stones; the west-southwest faces of which had straight flat edges most being split to form an aesthetic face to the lower cairn. They were not worked or dressed in any other way.

At 0.46m, Stone 17 was the highest single kerb stone while the height of the stacked Stones 32, 33 and 34 was 0.42m, this was the maximum number of courses that survived (Figs 7 and 8). The largest of the group was Stone 10 and the smallest, Stone 44. Generally, the stones ranged between 0.40 to 0.60m long by 0.20 to 0.40m wide. The majority of stones used were limestone but granite was also used especially in the southern part of the kerb.

South of Stone 17 the stones became smaller and the kerb decreased in width to around 0.5m. However, more courses of stone survived in this part of the site (Figs 7 and 8; Plate 13; Table 5). A deposit of smaller stones **(213)** were found above two deposits **(272)** and **(274)** which were lying against kerb stones directly south of Stone 17. Behind **(213)** the section of the kerb **(214)** consisting of Stones 18, 21 and 44 was revealed. These consisted of two to three courses of stones located south of the main kerb gap or break, just before another possible gap. The stones were all granite with flattened faces that faced west.

Three breaks or gaps were found in the outer kerb (Figs 7 and 8). The most deliberate gap measured 1.5m wide and was 17m from the south end of the kerb between Stones 10 and 12. Directly west of this gap and 0.5m southwest of Stone 10 another stone (Stone 11) similar to others from **(082)** was found lying on the natural.

Table 6 Individual descriptions of outer kerb stones **(082)** and **(214)**

| Element | Size | Description |
|---------|---|--|
| Stone 1 | 0.32m visible above ground, 0.32m long and 0.20m wide | <i>In situ</i> . Two sides semi-flat, outward face is facing northwest. It was the final stone in the northern end of the wall and appeared different from the others as facing northwest. It also appeared to be in a standing position with its lowest length standing vertically upright. |

| Element | Size | Description |
|----------|--|---|
| Stone 2 | 0.10m high by 0.36m long by 0.26 wide | It consisted of one very flat side, facing almost directly upwards, probably due to it collapsing backwards at some time. If lifted back it would have been in line with the rest of the wall and the flat face would face west. |
| Stone 3 | 0.10m high by 0.12m long and 0.38m wide | Two flat faces could be seen one facing upwards and the other was facing west. However, in line with the other stones in the wall and probably in its original position. There is some fill under its southern end and if stood directly upwards it would have been more impressive with a much larger flat side facing outwards. |
| Stone 4 | 0.16m high by 0.69m long and 0.24m wide. | Two flat faces could be seen one facing upwards and the outer face facing west. It appeared to be sitting in its original position. |
| Stone 5 | 0.18m high by 0.60m long and 0.39m wide | One flat side which was the west facing outwards side. The stone was in its original position. There was a gap between Stones 4 and 5 of 2m possibly to allow access inside the monument. |
| Stone 6 | 0.10m high by 0.40m long and 0.21m wide | Two flat faces, the largest facing upwards the other facing west. |
| Stone 7 | 0.14m high by 0.46m long and 0.28m wide | Flat on at least four sides, upwards, south, east and west. Most likely this was <i>in situ</i> . |
| Stone 8 | 0.26m high by 0.64m long and 0.13m wide | Large, east and west flat facing sides. The base and top were also flat. Possibly, it slipped slightly from the original position as was leaning over at about 10-15° and standing out slightly from the other stones. |
| Stone 9 | 0.19m high by 0.50m long and 0.24m long | Flat on all but the north facing side, outer flat side facing west. Original position. |
| Stone 10 | 0.21m high by 0.77m long and 0.30m wide | Flat on two sides, upwards facing and west facing. There was a gap of 1.50m between Stone 10 and the next stone in the row; Stone 12. Probably allowing access inside the cairn. |
| Stone 11 | 0.24m high by 0.99m long and 0.21m wide | Two flat sides. The base and the western facing side. Possibly not in its original position as it sat directly in front of Stone 10 an 0.50m to the west. It does run parallel to wall 082 and respected the gap; it was also in line with the southern end of Stone 10. |
| Stone 12 | 0.21m high by 0.61m long and 0.38m wide | One flat edge which was facing west, lying in its original position. |
| Stone 13 | 0.15m high by 0.44m long and 0.28m wide | Two flat sides, one facing upwards while the other was west facing; lying in its original position. |
| Stone 14 | 0.19m high by 0.49m long and 0.28m wide | Two visible flat sides one facing upwards the other was west facing lying in its original position. |
| Stone 15 | 0.19m high by 0.44m long and 0.24m wide | The west face was flat. The stone was lying in its original position. |
| Stone 16 | 0.13m high by 0.36m long by 0.19m wide | This was the smallest stone within 082. The west face was flat. The stone was lying in its original position. |
| Stone 17 | 0.46m high by 0.62m long by 0.23m wide | It was flat on all sides except the north face. It was quite likely that this stone was not in its original position. It sat up from the ground at a 48° angle, resting on a smaller stone. |

| Element | Size | Description |
|----------|---|---|
| Stone 18 | 0.20m high by 0.44m long by 0.18m wide | It had one flat side, west facing and in original position. First stone in 214 sat behind 213. Originally thought to be lower, the removal of 213 showed it to be 0.2m high. It had a sheer flat west face and was sub angular on its east face. |
| Stone 19 | 0.05m high by 0.34m long by 0.34m wide | It was flat on every side. Probably in the original position but did sit directly above the same stone as Stone 18. |
| Stone 20 | 0.05m high by 0.22m long by 0.16m wide | Sub angular stone with flat west face. Part of 214 stones. |
| Stone 21 | 0.22m high by 0.60m long and 0.24m wide | Flat on the base, east and west facing sides. Original position. |
| Stone 22 | 0.13m high by 0.44m long and 0.30m long | Flat on three sides, facing upwards, base and west facing. Original position. |
| Stone 23 | 0.40m long by 0.26m wide | This stone was removed prior to the wall being identified. But was previously situated between Stone 21 and Stone 22. It was rectangular and flat on at least one side. |
| Stone 24 | 0.33m high by 0.62m long by 0.22m wide | The side of the stone that was lying on 282 was very flat and had a sharp edge. Although the stone was very regularly shaped there was no evidence of the stone being dressed. It was most likely granite. This stone probably was part of the outer kerb, it might have sat upon 214 with the flat side facing outwards, and slipped out of place. |
| Stone 25 | Position lying down; 0.50m north to south by 0.24m east to west by 0.07m | It was a flat thin angular stone with a very flat almost concave west face. The top surface of the stone was uneven compared to the north, south and east faces. It was sitting partly in fill 328. Between Stone 25 and Stone 22. There was a considerable gap at a distance of 3.5m. Stones 25-36 appeared to be perfectly in line, especially the flat west facing side/surface of each stone, resembling a form of a wall. Stone appears to have been roughly split on the north and west sides. This stone appeared to be sitting on top of one other stone, which was buried in the natural. However, it was not sitting directly on top of it. This stone lay under Stones 19 and 20. It appeared to be <i>in situ</i> . |
| Stone 26 | Position lying down; 0.56m north to south by 0.23m east to west by 0.13m. | This stone was below Stone 25. It was flat on all sides and rectangular. It was also <i>in situ</i> . |
| Stone 27 | 0.07m high by 0.44m long by 0.32m wide | Lay beneath Stone 26, irregular in shape, west face was flat and even. North and south face of stone were slightly obscured by fill 328, but appeared to be irregular surfaces. The stone appeared to be a thin slab lying on 328. Stone has been clearly split on the west side. Stone 26 sat on top of it. Stone 27 is sitting indirectly on top of one other stone, which appears to be buried in natural. |

| Element | Size | Description |
|----------|---|--|
| Stone 29 | 0.24m high at north end and 0.11m high at south end, by 0.51m long by 0.20m wide | West face was flat and even, north and south faces were obscured by fill 238. Top surface was relatively even whilst the east face was slightly uneven. Appeared to be the biggest stone and certainly has the largest west surface. Its overall shape was in contrast to the thin rectangular slabs Stones 25, 26, 27 and 28. Appeared to be below Stones 28 and 30. Part of the stone was still under the ground surface. The stone appeared to have been split on east and west faces. It had no stones sitting on top. |
| Stone 30 | 0.15m high by 0.18m wide by 0.42m long | West and east face was flat and even. Top surface was irregular and rough, whilst north and south surfaces were also irregular. Appeared to be sitting on top of a longer stone and sitting on top of fill 328. Appears to have been split on west and east faces. Stone 31 also sat on this longer stone. No stones are on top of Stone 30. |
| Stone 31 | 0.09m high by 0.18m wide at the south edge (tapered to 0.07m wide at the north edge) by 0.40m long. | Appeared to be sub-triangular in shape. North, south and west surfaces were flat and even. East surface was rough but relatively flat. Again the top surface of the stone was slightly slanted/ sloped towards the gravel in a west direction it sloped approx. 20° angle (this was the same for Stones 24, 28, 30, 32, 33 and 35). Had been roughly split on west side- appeared to sit on a layer. Stone buried in natural. No stones above. |
| Stone 32 | 0.09m high by 0.15m wide by 0.32m long | Appeared to be an irregularly shaped thin stone slab. Surfaces were all flat and even, although they were all at different angles. The angle that the west surface was facing the ground is greater than the rest of the stones. The stone lay on top of Stone 33. May have been roughly split in west and east side. |
| Stone 33 | 0.08m high by 0.18m wide by 0.84m long | West surfaces were flat and even; north, south and east surfaces were uneven and rough and top surface appeared to be flat, although Stone 32 slightly obscured this. Stone 33 lay over Stone 34 and also fill 328. Stone 33 appeared to be a thin sub-rectangular slab. Appeared to only have been split on the west side. |
| Stone 34 | 0.17m high by 0.58m long by 0.18m wide | West and east surfaces were flat and even, north and south edges were obscured by fill 328 and Stone 35. Appeared to be sub-rectangular in shape. Part of the stone still lay beneath the ground. Lay below stone 33. Quite similar in shape to Stone 29. Appeared to have been split on the east and west sides. It had two stones sitting on top of it- Stones 32 and 33. |
| Stone 35 | 0.10m high by 0.52m long by 0.22m wide - | West surface was relatively flat and even, north edge was obscured. East and south surfaces were flat and at an angle. The top surface of the stone was relatively even. The stone itself appeared to be sub-rectangular in shape. Lay on top of Stone 36. Did not appear to have been split (at this stage). |
| Stone 36 | 0.10m high by 0.60m long by 0.30m wide | Similar to stone 35. The stone was also located beside west fence/road/limit of excavation. Had Stone 35 sitting on top. |
| Stone 37 | 0.51m long by 0.37m wide | Appeared to be angular in shape and had a flat/even top surface and was located beside Stone 25. There was a gap between Stones 37 and 38 of 0.58m. There was a distance of around 0.3m between Stone 38 and Stones 22 and 24. |
| Stone 38 | 0.44m long by 0.39m wide | It was sub-circular in appearance. Was rounded on east, south and west sides with a flat even surface facing north. The top surface was slightly uneven and sloped in a southeast direction. It was a more rounded, robust stone than Stone 37, which was flat and angular in shape. Most of the stone was buried underground. |

| Element | Size | Description |
|----------|---|--|
| Stone 39 | 0.10m high by 0.52m long by 0.30m wide. | Sitting in its original position. Southwest facing side flat. Sub-angular. Top was flat. Granite. |
| Stone 40 | 0.15m high by 0.49m long by 0.30m wide. | Original position. Top, base and facing side flat. Angular. Limestone. |
| Stone 41 | 0.23m high by 0.39m long by 0.27m wide. | Original position. Top and facing side flat. Sub-angular. Granite. Each stone still in its original position was facing out with its higher side. Deliberately positioned in that way. |
| Stone 42 | 0.14m high by 0.59m long by 0.28m wide. | The stone was in its original position. Top and facing side flat. Angular. Crystalline rock. |
| Stone 43 | 0.18m high by 0.42m long by 0.26m wide. | The stones original position. Round. Probably granite. This stone has been left in the baulk. Facing side is west side. |
| Stone 44 | 0.10m high by 0.05m long by 0.22m wide | This was a split piece of limestone. It was roughly triangular in shape. The west side was flat faced and this was the side that faced outwards. The top of the stone was also flat. This allowed other kerb stones to be placed on top of this one. |
| Stone 45 | 0.09m high by 0.60m long by 0.31m wide | This stone was granite. It may have been split so the west face was flat. The top of the stone was also flat. |

Stone 11 may be a part of the kerb collapse or it may have been removed from its position between Stones 10 and 12. It measured 1.1m in length and when compared to the length of the gap between Stones 10 and 12, if it had been emplaced there, it would not have been as close a fit to its neighbouring stones as was typical for the *in situ* elements.

The mode of construction was indicated by a large area of collapsed kerb stones **(056)** and **(312)** found under deposit **(003)** that was outside or west of the outer kerb wall **(082)** (Figs 5 and 8; Plate 14). The collapse closest to **(082)** around Stone 11 was given the number **(092)** as it appeared to be below the rest of the collapse **(056)** and less random in the position of the stones. An organic deposit **(081)** had been built up around the collapsed stones.

The earliest or lowest part of the collapse was lying on the natural **(013)**; it was a large spread of clay and stones **(146)** located at the northern end of the kerb under **(056)** and **(092)**. Another deposit **(328)** seemed to be an interface layer of silt and sand between the collapsed **(312)** stones in the southern extension of the site and the natural subsoil. A silty clay deposit with stones was found lying on natural 4m north of this. When it was removed, a gap measuring 2.3m was left between Stones 4 and 5 (Figs 7 and 8). A further 5.5m north there were stones aligned in the same direction as the kerb **(082)**. The largest of these has plough marks on it, so it is not clear if they belonged to the kerb or not. If the stones further north did belong to the outer kerb, then the gap between them and the rest of

the kerb was about 2m. Another break of 4m was uncovered 6m south of the main gap. There were frequent roots in this area however, so it is not clear if this was deliberately made or not.

A deposit of small granite stones **(285)** appeared to form a possible terminus of the kerb wall 17m from its northern end (Fig. 7, 7a and 9; Plates 7-8). Two large sub angular stones, the first measuring 0.73m north to south by 0.42m east to west by 0.46m and the second 0.46m north to south by 0.65m east to west by 0.3m were found just north of a possible break in the kerb. Between them was the deposit of small mixed stones **(285)** forming either a packing fill or a drystone wall. However, these small stones were not particularly well ordered as one might expect with a single event wall collapse perhaps indicating a gradual deterioration of the cairn. They did lay under larger sub rounded and sub angular stones showing that the smaller stones were at the upper reaches of the wall and collapsed first with the larger, lower stones following. The larger stones ranged in size from 0.09 by 0.15 by 0.09m to 0.46 by 0.23 by 0.17m.

The smaller **(285)** stones were within fill **(256)** (Table 5). It was not clear if this feature was archaeological and deliberately placed as a possible end to this part of the kerb. It is likely that it just collapsed in this way. The entire feature measured 1.2m north to south by 1.8m east to west.

Inner kerb (332). The inner kerb was comprised of about forty stones which look similar to other cairn layers, **(011)** and **(329)** (Figs 7 and 9; Plates 7 and 8). They are rounded and more irregular in shape than the outer kerb stones **(082)**. A mixture of granite and limestone were uncovered. A large piece of bedrock was used to make up part of the inner kerb at its southern end; it appeared to be the only piece of bedrock in the cairn proper. Other outcrops of bedrock were located at the north-northeast and west parts of the site. Similar to **(082)** the inner kerb was orientated north to south but the stones were not split. They appear to have been deliberately placed for more functional rather than aesthetic reasons. The inner kerb was not present at the most northern end of the cairn where three to four outer kerb stones are present. Perhaps the inner kerb had been removed at this point or it was not needed in this area. The inner kerb proper was 16.58m long including the gaps. This length did not include the last 1.75m as these smaller stones were not the actual inner kerb but were part of a more modern disturbance. The height of the stones ranged from 0.15m (min.) to 0.4m (max). The two stones before the gap close to the southern end were slightly out of line with the rest of the kerb. They curved back towards the southeast. They may not have been part of the inner kerb but rather **(329)**, the cairn material sitting in the natural.

Towards the southern end, there was a gap of 1.5m in the inner kerb (Figs 7 and 8). It corresponded with a gap in the outer kerb that was 2m. However, this area was very disturbed by tree roots the

large trees being just to the west of this part of the kerb. Like the inner kerb, it was unclear if this was a deliberate break in the kerb wall.

At the southern corner of the site, the inner kerb appeared to change where a modern pit (347) cut through and disturbed the inner kerb stones. The age of this feature was indicated by finds of broken bottles and plastic. The outer kerb was not disturbed by this feature. Smaller stones were left behind similar to those in the packing fill (326).

The gap in the mid section of the kerb of also corresponded to a break in the outer kerb. The gap in the outer kerb was 1.3m and the gap in the inner kerb was slightly wider at 1.5m. This gap appeared to be deliberately made, perhaps to allow access to the cists or other activities in the north and northeast parts of the site (Figs 7 and 8). It is interesting to note that both gaps are close to the same width. Mostly the kerb stones were placed side by side sitting in or on the natural subsoil but some spaces between the stones did occur aside from the larger breaks. The outer kerb appeared to be better constructed than the inner kerb. There was a space of 0.3m between stones from the inner kerb just north of the main gap. West of the circle of stones (330), a 0.2m gap was noted. At the southern corner, there was a gap of 0.2m between the inner kerb (332) and the disturbed stones.

Two dark deposits (237) and (271) were situated around the inner kerb lying under (003) and above (011) at the north and south ends of the kerb. The function of these was unclear. No artefacts were found but these deposits were noted as different to the other fills associated with the cairn.

3.3.3 Stone deposits and pits

After (003) was removed from the northeastern part of the site, stone deposits different to the (011) stones were uncovered (Table 7). The latest of these was (015), which was a deposit of angular and sub angular stones lying on a number of flat angular smooth limestone slabs (070) (Fig 7, 7a and 9; Plates 15 and 16). Prehistoric pottery was found among the stones (Appendix II). Seven to eight stones seemed to be deliberately placed but others appeared to be displaced or collapsed and some were broken. Slab (070) was orientated east to west and the stones appeared cut so that they could be laid side by side. However, they did not appear worked or dressed in any other way. These stones in turn covered a single thick limestone slab (0.91 by 0.62 by 0.10m). No artefacts or bone were found underneath this stone which was situated 1.2m northeast of the pit (102). It lay over the central part of another deposit of smaller stones, mostly limestone (079) (Plate 17). Underneath two more layers of stone was uncovered, (085)/(118) and (226).

Table 7 Spreads, deposits and pits in the northeast part of the site

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------------|--|--|---|
| 015 | Stone deposit | Layer of flat angular stones (limestone) in a dark brown loose silty sand under 003 in northeast part of site. | 3.12 by 2.50 by 0.10m-0.20m | Prehistoric pottery found directly above larger stones |
| 034 | Fill | Moderately compacted light brown silty sand basal fill of pit 037. Contains a moderate amount of small to medium sub angular and sub rounded stones (max. 0.09 by 0.08m). | 1.00m long by 0.26m deep | Prehistoric pottery (2 finds) |
| 035 | Fill | Loose light blackish grey silty sand top fill of pit 037 with ash and frequent sub angular and sub rounded stones (0.05 by 0.05m to 0.15 by 0.10m). | 0.65m long 0.24m deep (max) | Med pottery from top of fill. Probably intrusive |
| 036 | Fill | Loose to moderately compact dark grey black silty charcoal rich fill of 037 | 0.40 by 0.18m in section | - |
| 037 | Cut | Circular/bowl shape in plan with steep northeast, southwest, southeast sides and a gradual sloping northwest side. Southeast to northwest orientation. Possible stone lining/floor (0.15m by 0.20m by 0.30m) | 1.35 by 1.20 by 0.45m | - |
| 045 | Fill | Loose to moderately compact dark brownish-grey sandy silt fill of 108 with a frequent amount of angular and sub angular stones (0.2m by 0.08m by 0.05m) and occasional charcoal | Unk. north to south by 0.31m east to west by 0.11m | Frequent amount of prehistoric pottery including 2 rim sherds |
| 046 | Deposit | Loose dark brown to black sandy silt large charcoal rich deposit in northeast part of site. Has hazelnut and worked flint(?). | 3.20 by 2.00 by 0.11m | Frequent amount of prehistoric pottery including decorated sherds. Appeared to be throughout spread |
| 047 | Fill | Loose greyish-black sandy top fill of 076. | 0.29m long by 0.08m deep | - |
| 048 | Deposit | Light to mid brown sandy silt with frequent stones at northeast end of site close to baulk. North to south orientated. | 3.12 by 2.12 by 0.31m | - |
| 068 | Deposit | Moderately compact light orange sandy silt with occasional medium sized stones. | 2.31 by 1.78 by 0.27m | - |
| 069 | Deposit | Moderately compact dark orange sandy silt with a moderate amount of medium sized stones. | 3.12 by 2.16 by 0.19m | - |

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------|---|--|---------------------|
| 070 | Deposit | A small area of 6 large angular worked flat limestone slabs (0.25 by 0.35 by 0.12m) under 015 stones and covering a single thick flat stone slab (0.91 by 0.62 by 0.10m). Located at the northeast end of the site. | 1.20 by 0.90m | - |
| 076 | Cut | Small circular shaped cut with gradual sloping and stepped sides and a concave base. North to south orientated. North of 015. | 0.4 by 0.35 by 0.17m | - |
| 077 | Fill | Compact dark brown silty clay basal fill of 076 with very occasional small rounded stones. | 0.40 by 0.35 by 0.09m | - |
| 079 | Deposit | Small to medium sized sub angular and angular stones, mostly limestone (0.12 by 0.04 by 0.02m - 0.14 by 0.22 by 0.04m) under 070. | 1.85 by 1.72m in plan | - |
| 083 | Cut | Shallow circular shaped cut with steep sloping sides and a flat base northeast of 015. | 0.94 by 0.92 by 0.09m | - |
| 084 | Fill | Compact dark greyish-brown silty clay with occasional charcoal and occasional small flat angular stones | 0.94 by 0.92 by 0.09m | - |
| 085 | Deposit | Small-medium sized angular stones (0.04 by 0.06 by 0.02m to 0.16 by 0.10 by 0.04m). | 5.12 by 3.12 by 0.22m | - |
| 088 | Cut | Circular shaped possible stakehole with vertical sides and a pointed base. | 0.06 by 0.28m | - |
| 089 | Fill | Firm dark brownish-black silty clay fill of 088 with a moderate amount of charcoal flecks. | 0.06 by 0.28m | - |
| 090 | Cut | Circular shaped possible stakehole with vertical sides and a concave base. | 0.06 by 0.08m | - |
| 091 | Fill | Firm dark brownish-black silty clay fill of 088 with a moderate amount of charcoal flecks. | 0.06 by 0.08m | - |
| 100 | Deposit | Compact mid to dark brown mixed silty clay, sandy in places with occasional small to medium sized sub angular stones and charcoal flecking throughout. | 1.31 east to west by 0.16m | - |
| 103 | Fill | Moderately compact dark brown silty clay with a moderate amount of charcoal, roots and occasional, angular, sub angular and sub rounded stones. | Unk. by 0.65m east to west by 0.27m deep | Prehistoric pottery |

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------|---|---|---|
| 105 | Fill | Moderately compact mid greyish-brown silty clay fill of 109 with occasional charcoal and frequent medium sized sub angular and sub rounded stones. | 0.58m east to west by 0.17m (in section) | - |
| 106 | Fill | Compact light brownish-yellow silty clay deposit with medium sized sub angular stones. | 0.80m north to south by 0.75m east to west by 0.12m | Prehistoric pottery |
| 107 | Fill | Moderately compact dark reddish-brown silty clay basal fill of 109 with a moderate amount of roots and small sub angular stones. | 0.71m east to west by 0.21m (in section) | - |
| 108 | Cut | North to south orientated sub rectangular/ irregular shaped pit cut by 037. Rounded/pointed southern end. Sides slope steeply except at south and southeast side, base is flat. | 1.70m north to south by 0.85m east to west by 0.30m | - |
| 109 | Cut | North to south orientated oval shaped pit cut by 331 with steep irregular sides except at east side and an uneven base. | 1.65m north to south by 1.35m east to west by 0.35m | - |
| 110 | Fill | Moderately compact light-mid reddish-brown silty clay fill of 109. Lighter than 107. | 0.53 east to west by 0.17m (in section) | - |
| 111 | Fill | Dark reddish-brown silty clay fill of 331 with occasional charcoal and small angular stones and one larger stone. | 0.34m east to west by 0.19m (in section) | Flint |
| 118 | Deposit | Moderately compacted dark brownish grey silty sand with medium sized angular and sub angular stones and occasional charcoal flecks. | 5.50m east to west by 4.50m north to south by 0.26m | Sherd of prehistoric pottery decorated with lines |
| 139 | Deposit | Loose blackish brown sandy silt deposit in northeast part of the site with charcoal flecks and fragments of pottery. | 1.16m by 0.16m | Prehistoric pottery |
| 226 | Deposit | Soft dark brown silty clay with angular and sub angular stones (0.05-0.20m) in northeast part of site under 118. | 0.10m-0.20m deep | Thumb nail scraper, Prehistoric pottery |
| 310 | Cut | North to south orientated sub rectangular shaped cut with rounded ends, wider at north end, with sharp sloping southeast, north, west and east sides. Gradual on west and southwest sides. Slightly concave base sloping down to northeast. | 0.10m north to south by 0.50m east to west by 0.25m | - |

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W by D) | Finds |
|---------|------|--|---|-------|
| 311 | Fill | Very loose dark yellowish-brown sandy silt fill of 310 with frequent small angular stones (0.01-0.12m) and beech leaves. | 0.1m north to south by 0.50m east to west by 0.25m | - |
| 314 | Fill | Small dark grey pocket of fill in 310. | N/A | - |
| 315 | Fill | Small dark grey pocket of fill in 310. | N/A | - |
| 331 | Cut | Re-cut of pit 109 and filled by 111. | 0/3m by 0.15m (in section) | - |
| 343 | Fill | loose mid brown sandy silt fill of 344 with small stones. | 0.48 northwest to southeast by 0.38m southwest to northeast by 0.15m | - |
| 344 | Cut | Oval shaped cut filled by 343 with vertical and convex sides and a convex base. | 0.48m northwest to southeast by 0.38m southwest to northeast by 0.15m | - |
| 345 | Fill | Firm brown sandy clay fill of 346 with small sub angular stones and medium sized sub rounded stones. | 0.8m northwest to southeast (in section) by 1.20m by 0.70m | - |
| 346 | Cut | Oval shaped cut filled by 345 with gradual sloping sides and a concave base. | 0.8m northwest to southeast (in section) by 1.20m by 0.70m | - |
| 350 | Fill | Firm black organic silty clay fill of 351 with a frequent amount of charcoal. | 0.07m by 0.15m | - |
| 351 | Cut | Circular shaped cut with steep sides and a pointed base. | 0.07m by 0.15m | - |
| 360 | Fill | Firm dark blackish-brown silty clay fill of 361 with small pieces of charcoal. | 0.09m east to west by 0.05m north to south by 0.09 | - |
| 361 | Cut | Oval shaped cut with steep sides and a pointed base filled by 360. | 0.09m east to west by 0.05m north to south by 0.09 | - |

These stones were similar to **(079)** but slightly larger and were found lying in a silty sand fill **(118)**. Prehistoric pottery and a small amount of cremated bone were found in deposit **(118)** (Appendix III). The earliest stone deposit uncovered here was deposit **(226)**. The stone was similar to the above deposits but the fill around them was dark brown silty clay. A thumbnail scraper and prehistoric pottery were recovered from this layer.

Context **(100)** was one of the earliest deposits found in this area lying on the subsoil (Table 7). It was earlier than deposit **(226)** and located close to the cists that were placed in this part of the site. Prehistoric pottery was recovered from **(100)** which also contained decayed stones and roots

(Appendix II). All of these deposits were located in the north-northeast part of the site only. The stone in them was not worked or as well sorted as the **(070)** slabs. It is unclear what function these deposits had. They may have been used to raise the area so the larger stone slabs were more visible. From deposits **(015)** to **(226)**, the total depth of stone was approximately 1.14m. Other deposits situated at the eastern edge of the cairn were **(048)** which is visible on the main section (Figs 8 and 14) under deposit **(003)**. It lay above **(068)** and **(069)** which looked like natural but contained stone similar to the deposits described above. These are most likely natural deposits with stone that has fallen away from the main concentration of deposits. The natural was very stony in this part of the site.

A large spread of charcoal rich silt material was uncovered in the northeastern part of the cairn under the layers of stone (Fig 5; Plate 18). Like them **(046)** was localised in this area. Most of the spread was located in the northern part of the site and not at the CPO fence. It contained the most artefacts with **(393)** sherds and fragments of prehistoric pottery recovered during the excavation. One piece of flint and a hazelnut was also found (Appendices II and III). Spread **(046)** lay over a thin sandy silt layer that also contained pottery **(139)**. This was most likely an interface layer between **(046)** and the natural subsoil. It is likely that material in **(046)** was burned elsewhere and then deposited at this location. There was no evidence of burning in situ to indicate burning activity of high intensity, nor was there any significant evidence for a structure. It is also likely that the pots were burnt nearby, so perhaps the answer lies in the unexcavated part of the cairn.

A number of cut features were uncovered during the excavation. These were mainly situated in the northern and northeast part of the site and did not appear to function as burials. Four pits were located at the northern edge of the cairn.

The latest of these pits **(037)** was under deposit **(003)** and had three fills **(034)**, **(035)** and **(036)** (Fig. 7; Plates 19 and 20). The latest fill **(035)** contained ash, stones and a sherd of medieval pottery from the top of the fill that was probably an intrusive find (Appendix II). The basal fill **(034)** also had stones and sherds of prehistoric pottery. Both were composed of sandy material. The fill in between these **(036)** consisted of a silty charcoal rich material. The cut was bowl shaped in profile; medium sized sub angular stones **(019)** at the southeast side and base of the pit indicated a possible stone floor or partial lining for this feature. The feature was interpreted as a probable hearth with one phase of burning.

Pit **(037)** truncated the northern side of the fill **(045)** which was the latest fill of the pit **(108)** (Fig. 6). This pit contained two fills **(045)** and **(103)**, both of these contained prehistoric pottery (Appendix II). Upon excavation **(108)** was shown to be a recut of pit **(131)** which contained a single fill **(111)** that

contained one piece of flint (Appendix II). Pit **(131)** had truncated the earliest pit in this sequence **(109)** which was filled by **(105)** (latest fill), **(110)** and **(107)** (basal fill). No artefacts were recovered from these fills.

Fill **(106)** appeared to be redeposited natural that lay above **(111)** and contained prehistoric pottery (Appendix II). It was placed after **(109)** was re-cut (Fig 7; Plate 21).

Cuts **(108)**, **(131)** and **(109)** were earlier than the stone layers **(015)** and **(079)**. They cut into the layer **(118)/(085)**. The fills of the pits contained many stones and they may have functioned as refuse pits associated with the construction of this part of the cairn (Plate 18).

Evidence of two small pits was also found. Pit **(083)** was a shallow feature filled by **(084)** and was cut by two features **(088)** and **(090)** (Fig. 7). There was quite a bit of root disturbance in this area but the vertical cuts and pointed bases of **(088)** and **(090)** suggested that these were likely to be stakeholes. No artefacts were found in the fills of these two features **(089)** and **(091)** or in the pit.

Pit **(083)** was cutting the natural close to northeast edge of **(046)**. The function of this feature was unclear but it may have been in use at the same time as **(046)**. Two other possible stakeholes **(351)** and **(361)** were uncovered under **(046)** and cutting the subsoil (Fig. 7). During the excavation, they were found under the charcoal rich deposit **(046)** but they may not have been visible above it, due to the similarity of the fills. Neither of the fills **(350)** or **(360)** contained any artefacts but there was a frequent amount of charcoal in **(350)**.

A north to south orientated small feature **(076)** which was situated north of **(046)** under deposit **(003)** and cutting the subsoil **(013)** contained two fills **(047)** and **(077)** the basal fill (Fig. 7). The function of this feature was unclear as no artefacts were recovered. It was thought that because of its circular shape and depth of almost 0.2m that **(076)** may have functioned as a posthole. However, no other evidence of postholes was revealed on the site.

Pit **(310)** was a large sub rectangular shaped feature orientated north to south found under deposit **(003)** and was cutting the subsoil. It was situated parallel to the kerb 2.5m east of the main break/gap in the kerb on the western edge of deposit **(118)**. The pit was filled by **(311)**, which was very loose and fell away from the sides of the cut. It appeared not to be the original fill of this feature. A sherd of possible prehistoric pottery was found at the top of the fill but no artefacts were found within the fill (Appendix II). The shape of the cut suggested that there may have been a large stone located here that has been subsequently removed (Fig. 7).

Two other features were uncovered under the stone deposits at the northeastern end of the site. Cut **(344)** was a small pit found under deposit **(226)** and cutting the deposit **(100)**. It was filled by **(343)** but no artefacts were visible. Also under deposit **(226)**, but cutting the natural subsoil, was another feature **(346)** (Fig. 7). It was filled with clay and stones. It was very ephemeral and only visible in section. The function of these features was unclear.

The stone and root disturbance caused the natural to become loose and darker in several places on the site especially in this northeastern area. A sondage was excavated in the subsoil after all potential archaeological deposits were removed but no other artefacts or archaeological layers were uncovered.

3.3.4 Cists

Four features **(102)**, **(099)**, **(096)** and **(165)** were located in the northeast part of the site under deposit **(003)** towards the centre of the excavated part of the cairn. They all contained varying amounts of cremated bone and appeared to each have some form of formal stone lining or marking present (Figs 7, 10 and 11; Plates 22-25; Table 8). None of the cists were elaborately constructed. Burial 36 was the largest and only one to contain pottery, though it was at the top of the latest fill **(055)** (Appendix II). Three of the cists **(096)**, **(099)** and **(165)** were stratigraphically earlier than the layers of stone deposits described above. Pit **(102)** appeared to truncate deposit **(118)** but interestingly some of the stones from **(118)** were used to line the eastern edge of the cist.

Cist (102). This cist was lined with medium-sized, sub-rounded granite boulders (some of them missing on the south-west side) (Figs 7, 10 and 11; Plates 22 and 23). It was thought that these were lying in a redeposited natural material **(215)** but the area was heavily disturbed by roots so it was likely that they were sitting in a looser part of the subsoil **(013)**. The pit was located 0.7m west of the other cist-burials and appeared to be the largest one in this area. The cist contained Burial 36.

Burial 36

A large pit was found under deposit **(003)/(012)** and cutting the stone deposit **(118)** on its southwest side. It consisted of two fills, **(055)** and **(127)**. A small amount of cremated bone and prehistoric pottery were found at the top of the fill **(055)**. Medium sized sub rounded stones were visible in the top part of the fill and smaller stones were situated at the base. The basal fill **(127)** was situated at the west-southwest side of the feature, no artefacts or bone were recovered from it. The pit also appeared to cut the cairn layer **(080)** making this the latest burial on site. Very few fragments of cremated human bone have been found in this burial suggesting that it may have been disturbed, or was a token burial (Appendix IV). The cut **(102)** of this feature measured 1.12m east to west by 1.86m north to south and was 0.43m deep with a gentle slope. It had the most regular shape of the cist-burials in this area (Plate 23).

Table 8 Cists cuts and associated deposits

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W by D) |
|---------|---------|---|--|
| 055 | Fill | Fill of Burial 36 cut 102. Loose dark brown-black sandy silt fill of 102 with frequent large sub rounded stones at the top and medium sized stones at the base. Prehistoric pottery (from top). | 1.31 by 1.2 by 0.43m |
| 086 | Fill | Fill of Burial 32 cut 096. Loose dark brownish-black peaty silty sand with occasional charcoal, root disturbance and a moderate amount of burnt bone. Angular stone lining for burial on east and northwest sides. | 0.90 by 0.72 by 0.48m |
| 096 | Cut | Burials 32 and 33. Oval shaped southwest to northeast orientated cut. Steep sided with a gradual break of slope at the bottom and a u shaped base. The cut was stone lined with 3 upright stones at the northeast end. | 1.2m northeast to southwest by 0.97m northwest to southeast by 0.52m |
| 097 | Fill | Fill of Burial 30 cut 099. Loose mid brownish-grey silty sand fill of. Contains a frequent amount of burnt bone. Angular stones visible in fill possibly lining/marking burial. | 0.68m north to south by 0.60m east to west by 0.11m |
| 098 | Fill | Fill of Burial 31 cut 099. Moderately compact mid brown sandy silt basal fill of 099. Has occasional burnt bone in it. | 0.37m north to south by 0.41m east to west by 0.12m |
| 099 | Cut | Burials 30 and 31. Sub rectangular orientated north to south. Steep sided at southern end but slopes gradually to a flat base elsewhere. The east side of the cut and the base are stone lined with flat angular slabs. | 0.88m north to south by 0.62m east to west by 0.23m |
| 102 | Cut | Burial 36. Large oval shaped pit orientated southeast to northwest with gradual sides, slightly concave to the south and east, convex to the north and west with an uneven/tapered base. North and east sides are stone lined with medium sized granite boulders. | 1.86m north to south by 1.20m east to west (max) by 0.43m |
| 115 | Fill | Fill of Burial 32 cut 096. Dark orange-brown sandy silt with frequent roots and possibly contains stone lining for burial. Similar to natural deposit 101. | 0.97m east to west by 0.86m north to south by 0.29m |
| 137 | Fill | Fill of Burial 34 cut 165. Loose mid brown silty sand with frequent small and medium sized stones. Basal fill. | 0.85m north to south by 0.34m east to west |
| 138 | Fill | Fill of Burial 34 cut 165. Deposit of cremated bone under flat stone. Majority of fill. | 0.7m by 0.5m |
| 149 | Fill | Fill of Burial 32 cut 096. Loose mid-dark brown silty sand with occasional charcoal, frequent cremated bone fragments and root disturbance. Three angular slabs enclosing burial, one was upright. | 0.47m northwest to southeast by 0.20m northeast to southwest by 0.39m |
| 165 | Cut | Burial 34. Cut of cremation filled by 138, 137; stone lining present. | 0.6m by 0.4m |
| 215 | Fill | Fill of Burial 36 cut 102. Moderately compact greyish-orange silty clay deposit with a moderate amount of charcoal and six-seven large granite stones used to line pit. | 1.21m north to south by 0.56m east to west by 0.42m |
| 216 | Deposit | Shallow small spread of loose dark brown silty clay with occasional charcoal and a moderate amount of roots and two angular stones close to cists. | 0.25m north to south by 0.31m east to west by 0.08m |

Cists (096), (099), and (165). These burial pits were located closer to the CPO fence and the main burial area just to the east of Cist **(102)** (Figs 7, 10 and 11; Plate 24; Table 8). They all appeared to have some form of stone lining and small upright stones that may have marked their location. Initially the burials were not clearly visible as there were many stones in this area. Evidence of root disturbance was also found in the fills; this or other disturbance might have accounted for the irregular nature of the stone lining. In addition, the superimposition of cists in this area clearly indicates reuse, which has dislodged some of the stones.

Cist (099)

This feature contained the latest burials (30 and 31) found in this group (Figs 7, 10 and 11; Plate 24). It was under deposit **(118)** and truncated the other cists **(086)** and **(165)**.

Burial 30 was orientated north to south, sub-rectangular in shape with a gradual break of slope (as the burial was quite shallow). It contained frequent bone fragments found on the surface and generally dispersed throughout the latest fill **(097)**. A rough stone lining was present for this cist. One angular stone was visible protruding from the fill at about 0.21m high.

Burial 31 lay directly beneath Burial 30 and was therefore earlier. It is situated in the basal fill **(098)** of the pit **(099)**, and had a stone-lined edge on the eastern side, as well as a possible partial stone floor (three flat angular slabs were uncovered at the base). A few fragments of cremated human bone were found in this burial. It was possibly marked by the same stone marker as Burial 30.

The cuts for the two cists **(096)** [Burial 32 and Burial 33] and **(165)** [and Burial 34], were truncated by cut **(099)**.

Cist (096)

Burial 32 was also lying under **(118)** within Cist **(096)**. Cut **(096)** was oval in shape and was orientated northeast to southwest. It was situated directly west of **(099)** and was cut by it (Figs 7, 10 and 11; Plate 24). Its latest fill **(086)** contained a moderate amount of cremated bone and occasional roots. Some charcoal was also found under the bones. Bone was present 0.2m below the surface. The burial appeared to have its own stone lining with angular medium sized stones lining the eastern and northwest side of the cut. On average, the stones measured 0.34 by 0.2m.

Burial 33 was directly beneath Burial 32, and therefore shared the same stone-lined cut **(096)**. Frequent cremated bone fragments were found in its fill **(149)** as well as roots and charcoal. Three angular slabs (one was upright) enclosed the northern end of the burial; these were at the edge of the cut. Burials 32 and 33 might have been a single burial, although stratigraphically Burial 33 was

earlier than Burial 32 and the original cut for Burial 33 **(096)** appeared as if it had been extended after this burial to include Burial 32. Some of the stone marking or lining for this burial was probably used for the later one also.

Cist (165)

This feature was orientated northeast to southwest, was 0.35m deep and had quite a steep northeast side. The latest fill of this burial **(138)** contained frequent inclusions of cremated bone fragments, which were better preserved than the ones in the surrounding burials. The deposit also contained pieces of charcoal. The main concentrated deposit of cremated bone was found under a small flat angular capstone in **(138)** (Figs 7, 10 and 11; Plate 25). Bone was also found to the north of this stone. An upright stone protruded from the fill of this burial northeast of the capstone (Plate 24). It was larger and more obvious than the other uprights and had a smooth southwest face. No bone was found in the basal fill **(137)**. The stone lining for the burial was only visible on the southern side and comprised of sub rounded stones all similar in size (0.16 by 0.13m). One stone located to the northeast appeared to be granite.

Burial 34 was the earliest in this group and appeared to be deposited differently to the others. It was located east of Burial 32. Both **(096)** and **(099)** truncated the southern end of **(165)**, the sub rectangular cut for this burial.

3.3.5 Cremation burials

Two deposits under deposit **(003)/(012)** were covering the main burial area on the site which was located about 5m east of the main gap in the kerb in the centre of the site close to the CPO fence (Figs 5, 7 and 12; Plates 26-29; Table 9; Appendix). Deposits **(053)** and **(054)** are likely to contain fragments of cremated bone themselves. Flint was recovered from **(053)** (Appendix II). Deposit **(054)** appeared to be associated more with the charcoal rich pit **(355)**. Excluding the feature **(355)**, which bounded the burial area on its southern side, it measured 3m northeast to southwest by 2 to 3m northwest to southeast until it continued under the southwest facing baulk. The larger cist burials **(096)** and **(099)** bounded the burial area on its northeast side. Thirty-seven burial deposits of cremated bone were situated close to the CPO fence. They all consisted of cremated bone. Most were in good condition while only fragments were found in others. No inhumations were uncovered. Each burial was given a number to aid description. Identifiable bone was placed in separate bags and samples of the burial deposits were taken (Fig. 12).

Table 9 Cuts and fills associated with the cremation burials

| Context | Type | Burial | Description | Size (L by W by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------|--------|---|---|--|
| 053 | Deposit | - | Mid brown silty sand with occasional medium sized angular stones in northeast part of site. | 1.8m by 0.91m by 0.18m | Flint |
| 054 | Deposit | - | Moderately compacted dark brown sandy silt with small to medium sub angular stones (0.15 by 0.12m) at northwest facing baulk. | 2.15m by 0.95m by 0.24m | - |
| 064 | Deposit | 35 | Dark brown loose sandy silt with small to medium sized granite stones lying on the top 379 containing cremated human bone. Orientated northwest to southeast. | 0.94m by 0.80m by 0.15m (max) | Prehistoric pottery (small frags) |
| 158 | Deposit | 1 | Light brown deposit with frequent cremated bone lying on a flat stone. | 0.5m north to south by 0.4m east to west | - |
| 159 | Deposit | - | Dark grey-brown deposit to north of 158. | - | - |
| 160 | Deposit | 37 | Mid greyish-brown sandy silt deposit with cremated bone and a moderate amount of stones(0.15m to 0.25m) on top. | 0.55m by 0.35m east to west by 0.02m-0.05m | - |
| 217 | Deposit | 2 | Loose dark grey-brown sandy silt fill of 231 with cremated bone and occasional small sub angular stones. | 0.27m east to west by 0.20m north to south by 0.06m | - |
| 218 | Deposit | 22 | Dark reddish-brown deposit with cremated human bone, frequent small stones and occasional charcoal. | 0.54m east to west by 0.5m north to south | Prehistoric pottery from layer 1 and layer 2 |
| 223 | Deposit | 23 | Blackish-brown silty clay spread with cremated bone, orientated northeast to southwest. | 0.52m southwest to northeast by 0.48m southeast to northwest by 0.05m | Prehistoric pottery |
| 224 | Fill | 11 | Loose light brown sandy silt fill of 225 with cremated bone. | 0.20m by 0.20m by 0.06m | - |
| 225 | Cut | 11 | Cut of small semi-circular shaped pit with very sharp sloping sides and a rounded base. | 0.20m by 0.20m by 0.06m | - |
| 231 | Cut | 2 | Sub rounded shaped cut for with gradual sloping sides and a concave base. | 0.27m by 0.20m by 0.06m | - |

| Context | Type | Burial | Description | Size (L by W by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------------|--------|---|--|-------------|
| 235 | Stone deposit | - | Large flat thick limestone broken in places with cremated bone on it in main burial area. | 0.70m northeast to southwest by 0.50m northwest to southeast by 0.11-0.15m | - |
| 239 | - | 4 | Close to CPO fence. | 34m north to south by 0.3m east to west | - |
| 241 | Deposit | 9 | Loose crumbly mid brown sandy silt (peaty) deposit north of 235 with small angular and sub angular stones and a frequent amount of cremated bone. | 0.3m north to south by 0.15m east to west by 0.05 | - |
| 242 | Fill | 14 | Loose dark brown-black sandy silt with a moderate amount of small sub angular stones (0.02 by 0.04 by 0.05m) and occasional charcoal. | 0.58m northeast to southwest by 0.24m northwest to southeast by 0.10m | - |
| 243 | Deposit | 8 | Loose mid brownish-orange sandy silt deposit with occasional small sub angular stones and frequent cremated bone. | 0.40m northwest to southeast by 0.16 northeast to southwest by 0.12m | Wood sample |
| 258 | Deposit | 12 | Very loose dark brownish black sandy silt with occasional charcoal, small stones and cremated bone. Located in angular space between stones. | 0.6m by 0.12m (max.) by 0.11m | - |
| 277 | Cut | 6 | Triangular shaped cut with vertical sides and a flat base, formed by three angular stones, filled by 278. | 0.2m north to south by 0.15m east to west by 0.04m | - |
| 278 | Deposit | 6 | Loose black sandy silt fill of 277 with very small stones, cremated bone and charcoal. | 0.2m north to south by 0.15m east to west by 0.04m | - |
| 284 | Deposit | - | Loose dark brown sandy silt deposit with cremated bone located in gap between 235 stone (Burial 1) and 277 (Burial 6). | 0.27m northeast to southwest by 0.04m northwest to southeast by 0.01m | - |
| 289 | Deposit | 13 | Loose dark brown silty clay with frequent small stones at the base, charcoal and burnt bone. | 0.19m east to west by 0.09m north to south by 0.06m | - |
| 290 | Cut | 14 | Oblong shaped cut. Only visible on north side with gradual sides and a flat stone at the base. | 0.70m northeast to southwest by 0.26m northwest to southeast by 0.10m | - |

| Context | Type | Burial | Description | Size (L by W by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------------|--------|---|---|-----------------------|
| 293 | Fill | - | Loose blackish-brown sandy silt fill of 304 with occasional stones at northwest edge of burial area. | 0.4m north to south by 0.36m east to west by 0.14m | - |
| 304 | Cut | - | Shallow linear cut in main burial area north of 235 stone. | 1.2m north to south by 0.4m east to west by 0.1m | - |
| 305 | Deposit | 15 | Loose dark brown sandy silt deposit with small stones (0.10 by 0.05 by 0.02m) and frequent cremated bone. | 0.25m north to south by 0.3m east to west by 0.05m | - |
| 313 | Deposit | - | Loose mid brown sandy silt fill of Burial 16 with occasional small stones and frequent cremated bone. | 0.3m north to south by 0.24m east to west by 0.05m | - |
| 324 | Deposit | 18 | Loose dark brown sandy silt fill of with frequent stones (0.04 by 0.02 by 0.01m), frequent cremated bone and occasional charcoal. | 0.7m northeast to southwest by 0.2m northwest to southeast by 0.06m | Quartz 082 |
| 327 | Deposit | 17 | Moderately compact dark brown black sandy silt fill of cut 341 with small stones and cremated bones. | 0.07m east to west by 0.07m north to south by 0.05m | - |
| 336 | Deposit | 19 | Loose dark brownish-black sandy silt with small angular stones, occasional charcoal and frequent cremated bone. May have stones enclosing it. | 0.3m east to west by 0.2m north to south by 0.07m | Piece of bark twisted |
| 337 | Deposit | 20 | Loose dark brownish black sandy silt with small angular stones, a moderate amount of charcoal and frequent cremated bone. | 0.4m east to west by 0.3m north to south by 0.08m | burnt bark |
| 338 | Deposit | 21 | Loose dark brownish-black sandy silt with occasional small stones, charcoal and frequent cremated bone. | 0.3m east to west by 0.1m north to south by 0.08 | - |
| 341 | Cut | 17 | Sub circular shaped cut with sharp break of slope on its eastern edge and a flat base. | 0.7m by 0.7m by 0.05m | - |
| 356 | Stone deposit | - | Five angular stones that separate the main cremation area from the stone lined feature 349. | 1m southeast to northwest by 0.18m (max) | - |

| Context | Type | Burial | Description | Size (L by W by D) | Find |
|---------|---------------|--------|---|---|--|
| 357 | Stone deposit | - | Rounded stones possibly circling 235 stone in burial area. | 1.5m north to south by 1.4m east to west | - |
| 358 | Deposit | - | Moderately compacted brown sandy silt shallow deposit with small angular stones in burial area under stone 235 at south end. | 0.46m east to west by 0.30m north to south by 0.04m | Pottery |
| 359 | Deposit | - | Moderately compacted black sandy silt shallow deposit with very frequent small angular stones and charcoal in burial area. | 0.42 east to west by 0.4m north to south by 0.02m | - |
| 363 | Deposit | 3 | Compact black sandy clay with occasional charcoal and frequent cremated bones and stone at west end. | 0.2m N/s by 0.2m east to west by 0.05m | - |
| 364 | Deposit | 24 | Compact brown sandy clay with occasional charcoal and cremated bone under a small flat stone. | 0.25 north to south by 0.35 east to west by 0.05m | Fragment of pottery under stone but lost |
| 366 | Deposit | 25 | Loose dark brown sandy silt deposit with small angular pieces of limestone, frequent charcoal and cremated bone. | 0.2m north to south by 0.16m east to west by 0.06m | - |
| 368 | Fill | 26 | Loose mid to dark brown silty clay fill of 372 with frequent charcoal, cremated bone and occasional small sub angular stones. | 0.38m east to west by 0.22m north to south by 0.14m | - |
| 370 | Fill | 27 | Loose mid-dark brown sandy silt fill of 375 with moderate inclusions of bone and frequent inclusions of charcoal. | 0.32m north to south by 0.2m east to west by 0.12m | - |
| 371 | Deposit | 28 | Loose mid brown sandy silt deposit with moderate amount of cremated bone located to the west of Burial 27. | 0.28m east to west by 0.18m north to south by 0.04m | - |
| 372 | Cut | 26 | East to west orientated oval to sub rectangular shaped cut filled by 368 with steep sides and a flat base. | 0.38m east to west by 0.22m north to south by 0.14m | - |
| 374 | Fill | 29 | Loose dark brown sandy silt fill of 376 with frequent charcoal and human bone. | 0.22m east to west by 0.09m north to south by 0.2m | - |

| Context | Type | Burial | Description | Size (L by W by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------------|--------|---|--|-------|
| 375 | Cut | 27 | Irregular shaped north to south orientated cut filled by 370 with gradual sloping sides except east side which is composed of a straight sided stone. | 0.32m north to south by 0.2m east to west by 0.12m | - |
| 376 | Cut | 29 | Linear shaped cut filled by 374 located at the north edge of 355 with steep sides composed of stones and hardly any base surviving. | 0.22m east to west by 0.09m north to south by 0.2m | - |
| 379 | Stone deposit | 35 | Oval shaped stone lining comprised of small to medium sized sub rounded and sub angular granite stones. | 0.86m east to west by 0.7m north to south | - |

Four burials contained prehistoric pottery. The most sherds (n = 27) were found in Burial 23; wood was found associated with Burials 8, 19 and 20. Burials 19 and 20 contained possible pieces of bark, one of which was twisted (Burial 19) (Appendices II and III).

Burial 1. This burial contained the cremated remains that were likely to belong to a young adult male (L Buckley pers. com.) It was placed on a large thick flat stone (**235**) (Figs 7, 7a and 13; Plates 26 and 27) and the sandy silt deposit (**158**) appeared to cover it. The burial was located close to the centre of the cairn about 0.8m west of the CPO line and stood out among all the burials as it was the only one with bone placed on a stone. The bones were in good condition and were identifiable. They were not completely burnt and many were still partially intact. No skull fragments were found, only a portion of the mandible. Fragments of vertebrae, pelvis, femur, tibia, fibula, phalanges, pubic bone, humerus, ribs, ulna and ischium were identified during excavation.

No artefacts were found associated with the burial. The other cremations close by were placed in small pits and deposits that were placed against the stone. The stone seemed to be placed there first with presumably its burial while other cremations were then placed against and around this stone.

The stone (**235**) used for burial 1 was limestone and at its maximum was 0.15m thick. It was a large thick limestone (**235**) situated in the centre of the main burial area close to the CPO fence. It was the largest and most prominent stone here (Plate 27) and appeared to be deliberately placed for the burial. (**235**) was sub rounded in shape but was cracked or broken at its northeast end. Cremated bones were found between the crack in the stone and may have belonged to Burial 1 originally. It was thought during excavation that the stone had broken naturally. The bones from Burial 1 seem to be placed

more towards the south-southwest part of the stone **(235)**. It was flat underneath also. There was no cremation directly under the stone.

Some bone fragments were placed in a deposit similar to **(158)**. Deposit **(284)** which was situated in a crack between stones close to Burial 6. This was not given a separate burial number as it appeared that the bones may have fallen from their original position and may have been associated with either burial 1 or burial 6.

The Burials 2, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11, 12, 14, 19, 20, 22 and 23 are visible on Figures 7a and 12; Plates 26-29 while Appendices II, III and IV contain the finds sample and cremation list respectively.

Burial 2. This burial was located directly north of the stone **(235)**. It consisted of a small shallow circular pit **(231)** filled by **(217)** with small fragments of cremated bone that were in poor condition. The deposit was small measuring 0.27m east to west by 0.20m north to south by 0.6m. The bone was concentrated in the upper level of the pit fill **(217)**. The pit was sealed by **(160)** (Burial 37) and cut by a later cist burial **(096)**. It was cut into the natural subsoil **(013)**. No artefacts were recovered from the burial.

Burial 3. This was found in a circular deposit **(363)** which contained occasional small pieces of charcoal. The bone was in poor condition. Some were identified as fragments of skull, vertebrae and ribs. An angular stone was located at the west edge. The burial was lying over **(364)** (Burial 24). No artefacts were recovered from the burial.

Burial 4. Cremated bone fragments were found in a north to south orientated deposit **(239)** located northeast of **(235)** lying on natural and under **(054)**. They may have been associated with a later burial.

Burial 5. This burial was 0.12m east of the large stone **(235)** in a small shallow pit **(267)**. The bone was in poor condition and well burnt. It was situated over **(270)** (Burial 7). No finds were associated with the burial. The only part of the cut visible was in the southwest. A sub angular square shaped stone (0.18 by 0.18m) was lying on the northwest edge of the burial. It may have originally functioned as a capstone.

Burial 6. This was located at the northeast edge of **(235)**. The edge of the burial consisted of stones, which formed a triangle to enclose the burial. The cut of this burial was thus very angular, with sharp vertical edges. Many of the bones were broken into small pieces. The bigger pieces were in good condition, some of them were blue in colour. These appeared to be situated closer to the base of the

burial. The thickness of the skull (at south end) and the size of other fragments (pelvis, vertebrae) seemed to indicate that this was possibly a child. Although there were some differences in the colour and thickness of the bone fragments, it appeared that there was only one individual buried here. Some bone fragments were identified as pieces of skull, pieces of vertebrae, pelvis and pieces of ribs. This burial (277) was filled by (278) and might have be linked to Burial 1, given the proximity and similarity in the bones uncovered. This burial could also have been linked to Burial 13 (289), which was just below although the two fills were slightly different.

The stones which formed the edges of Burial 6 consisted of three angular stones. One was a broken piece of the (235) stone. The stone at the base of the triangle was the highest stone and separated this burial from (269) (Burial 7). After removal of the northern stone, some bone fragments were found under it.

Burial 7. This cremation deposit (270) was 0.24m northeast of (235). The burial was enclosed by small stones forming a sub-circular area (269) but it was not clear whether those stones were placed there on purpose. The condition of the bones varied from moderate to very fragile. Some bone fragments have been identified as pieces of skull and pieces of ribs. They may have belonged to a young adult or an adult. This burial appeared to be later than Burials 35 and 36, and earlier than Burials 5 and 10.

Burial 8. This was located north of the large stone (235). The deposit (243) was 0.46m long and 0.16m wide. There was no particular cut for this burial, which was just lying against the large flat stone (235). It contained cremated bone in fairly good condition, and some fragments have been identified as pieces of skull, ribs and vertebrae. Some finger bones were also found. Wood fragments were associated with this burial which was just above Burial 15 (305) and might have be directly associated with it as the two fills are very similar and no distinct limit can be seen. The skull and vertebrae were found close to the edge of the large stone.

Burial 9. It was located north of the large stone (235) in a silt deposit with stones (241). This burial lay in the cut (263), which is the cut number given for Burial 10. The deposit was approximately 0.30m long and 0.15m wide. The cremated bone fragments found in this burial were not in good condition. This burial was situated on top of Burial 10. The fills of those two burials are slightly different and the bone fragments seem to be better preserved in Burial 10. Burials 9 and 10 were probably the same burial with the larger bones at the base of the burial. It was noted that burials were being placed between the large (235) stone and the smaller triangular shaped stone to the north.

Burial 10. These remains were located northeast of the large flat stone (235). The cut (263) was very irregular but had a very sharp break of slope. This burial consisted of a deposit (262), which contained cremated bone, but the bone fragments were not in good condition. The deposit measured 0.46m in length and 0.40m in width. No bones have been identified and no finds were associated with this burial. It was situated directly underneath Burial 9 and could be related to it.

Burial 11. The bone was placed in a small semi-circular pit (225) measuring 0.20m in diameter. This pit was filled by (224) and was situated at the southern edge of the cist burials, but is not cut by it. Some cremated human bone fragments were found in this burial, but they were not in good condition. This pit was sealed by another deposit (160) (Burial 37) that also contained bone fragments. These burials may have been associated.

Burial 12. It was located directly south of (235) and was 0.60m long and 0.05m wide on average. However, there was no proper cut for this burial: the burial was placed in a black silt deposit (258) in an angular space between three angular stones and a rounded one to the northeast. Some cremated bone fragments were found but they were very fragile. They were mostly pieces of ribs, possible parts of a humerus and arm bones, fragments of vertebrae, some flat fragments (maybe scapula), a possible fragment of patella and two fragments of teeth. The individual was probably quite young. Most of the bones were found in the east-south-east part of the burial. It was earlier than Burial 1 and later than the (356) stones that possibly mark the end of the burial area. No artefacts were found associated with the burial.

Burial 13. The deposit was located northeast of (235). This burial did not have any proper edges either and was more like a deposit between stones. This deposit was 0.09 by 0.06m. The bones found in this burial were in fairly good condition and had a bluish colour on the inside. Fragments of skull, ribs and vertebrae have been identified. Those possibly belonged to an adult. This deposit could have been part of Burial 6, as it was situated just below it. However, the bones were better preserved in this burial.

Burial 14. This northeast to southwest orientated burial was located southwest of the large flat stone (235). There appeared to be some evidence for a cut (290), which would have been oblong in shape on the north side but apart from that, no edges were obvious. This burial contained fragments of cremated bones found in (242) that were placed on a flat stone, which appeared to be the base of this burial. Arm bone fragments were visible. Burial 14 was later than Burial 16, as it cut the deposit (243) under which Burial 16 was situated.

Burial 15. Was located north-west of (235). It was 0.30m long and 0.25m wide and was placed just above burial 8, with no clear separation between the two. This burial deposit had no clear edges (like Burial 8) and was below it (243). The fill was slightly different but the two burials may have been associated. It contained bone fragments in moderately good condition such as pieces of skull, vertebrae, ribs, one possible fragment of scapula, three teeth, foot bones, finger bones and some small fragments that could not be identified. It was thought that the finger bone belonged to a child but one of the teeth found was very worn. Larger bone fragments of bone were found close to the top and middle of the burial. Smaller fragments and a burnt seed were found at the base.

Burial 16. The burial was located south of Burial 15. This deposit (313) was 0.30m long and 0.24m wide and has no clear edges as it was surrounded by other burials (Burials 8 and 15). It is possible that these three burials were associated. The small bones were very fragile while the larger bones were in fairly good condition. The bone fragments found have been identified as pieces of skull, pieces of ribs, fragments of finger bones, one tooth and a possible piece of clavicle. Some fragments were not identified. This burial was earlier than Burial 14, as Burial 14 cut the deposit (243) under which Burial 16 was situated.

Burial 17. This small burial was located directly north of (235). The cut of this burial (341) was sub-circular, had a sharp slope with a flat base, and cut (324). The size of this deposit was about 0.07m in diameter. The bones in this deposit were well preserved and fragments of hand bones (from the wrist and fingers) pieces of ribs and many small-unidentified fragments were uncovered. The size of the wrist bone and finger bone suggest that the individual was an adult. The deposit from this burial (327) was just above Burial 18, the two burials could be associated as the size, and conservation of bone fragments was very similar. The rib was very similar to the ribs found in Burial 18.

Burial 18. This burial deposit (324) was cut by (341). There were no proper edges for this burial [apart from stone (235) that marks the eastern side] but the bones seem to have been placed upon a layer of small flat stones. The bones were quite well preserved (especially the bigger fragments). The fragments uncovered have been identified as pieces of skull (a very thick piece), vertebrae, ribs, one piece of mandible and fragments of finger bones, as well as many unidentified fragments. The bones appeared to belong to an adult. This burial was possibly associated with Burial 17, as it was situated just underneath it. The fills from the two burials [(324) for Burial 18 and (327) for Burial 17] were quite different but this burial may have contained several individuals.

The probable deliberate placing of stones at the bottom of the burial had already been identified in Burials 15 and 17. A piece of quartz was also recovered from the burial.

Burial 19. This deposit was located southwest of the large flat stone (235), touching it. The edges consisted of big stones; the burial took place in the space left in between. The conservation of the bones was very poor: even the bigger fragments were very fragile. There were pieces of vertebrae and ribs but most fragments could not be identified. The bones became larger after the top part of the deposit was removed. Some of the bones were blue in colour. A piece of twisted bark was recovered from (336). It is possible that this burial was the same as Burials 20 and 21. The fill of this burial (336) was later than the stones (357) and was very similar to the fill of Burial 20 (337) and to the fill of Burial 21 (338), the three of them containing charcoal and frequent inclusions of cremated bone.

Burial 20. This deposit (337) was located on the southeast edge of (235). The edges, like Burial 19, consisted of stones. The stones in this burial were more rounded however. The conservation of the bones was very poor but some fragments were identified as arm bones, pieces of skull, ribs, vertebrae and a possible piece of pelvis. Those identified seemed to belong to an adult. This burial might have been the same as Burials 19 and 21. This burial also contained a piece of burnt bark. It appeared to be earlier than (235) and later than the stones (357).

Burial 21. This was one of three burials located in between rounded stones southeast of (235) similar to Burials 19 and 20. The bone fragments in this deposit (338) were in very poor condition. Fragments of ribs and long bones were found but most fragments could not be identified. It was earlier than (235) and later than the stones (357).

Burial 22. This long burial was situated north of stone (235) and appeared to be linear in shape (0.78m long and 0.40m wide). The bones were in fairly good condition and concentrated in the western part of the deposit. Pieces of long bones, ribs, femur as well as a tarsal were uncovered. Some other finds were associated with this burial: some organic finds (possibly some nut remains) and a few fragments of pottery were recovered in the centre of the western part of the burial. It is possible that this burial deposit (218) was placed directly onto the natural ground. It was earlier than Burial 35 (064).

Burial 23. This deposit (223) was located north of the big flat stone (235). It was 0.70m long and 0.50m wide and had no clearly visible edges. There was no proper cut and the edges of the burial were only visible because of the dark black layer that marked its limits. The largest bone fragments were found at the top. The rest were small and mostly crushed: pieces of skull bones and one fragment of rib were identified. Fragments of pottery were frequently associated with this burial (some pieces were very decayed and in very bad condition). The bone and pottery were situated close to small stones in several concentrations that were visible in the blackish brown (223). Charcoal was

found at the base of the burial. The deposit (223) was directly below fill (269) in Burial 7 and fill (289) of Burial 14, making this burial earlier.

Burial 24. The burial was situated directly under Burial 3. The deposit (364) was 0.35m long and 0.25m wide. The burial had no clear cut but appeared to be placed directly onto the natural (013). It had one flat stone in the centre, under which were found some cremated bone fragments and a piece of prehistoric pottery. The fragments of bone were well burnt and in very bad condition. However, pieces of skull were identified.

Burial 25. It was situated on the southern limit of the burial area where the hearth feature (355) was located (Fig. 7; Section 3.3.7). The edges of this burial consisted of large stones (356) that appeared to be put there before the burial. The deposit (366) was very small measuring 0.20m long and 0.16m wide. Fragments of long bones and ribs were uncovered. Some big pieces of charcoal were associated with this burial. The deposit 366 had been cut by (355) making this one of the earliest burials. No artefacts were recovered.

Burial 26. Beneath the stones (367) at the base of the hearth feature (355), cremated bone was placed into a small pit (372) that was east to west orientated (Plate 28). This pit was oval (or sub-rectangular) in shape, was steep sided and filled by (368). Some small fragments of bone were in very bad conditions, but some bigger pieces could be identified quite easily. The pieces of bones were cremated and fragments of toe bones and finger bones were uncovered. A frequent amount of charcoal was found in this burial but no artefacts were recovered. The burial was cut by (355) and therefore was earlier than it was.

Burial 27. The deposit (370) was situated on the northern edge of (355) east of Burial 28, probably in a pit. There was a small indication of a cut (375) (which was irregular in shape, and had a gentle break of slope except on the east side where a stone marked the limit). It was north to south orientated with its base sloping down to the east. The deposit measured 0.32m in length by 0.20m in width and was placed against a medium sized sub rounded stone. The bone found in the pit was well burnt and consisted of a few fragments in poor condition. Some fragments of ribs and long bones have been identified. A frequent amount of charcoal was found but no artefacts were recovered. The pit (355) may have partially cut (375) on its southern side. However, the burial may have been later than the pit. It is possible that the bone and fill (370) were removed from the (355) after being burnt and were placed at the edge of the pit.

Burial 28. This small burial deposit situated close to and west of Burial 27 and had no obvious edges or cut (it looked like it was placed on the edge of cut (355)). This burial contained a few pieces of

cremated bones in very poor condition and that could not be identified. Below the burial, the natural was burnt in situ. No artefacts were recovered. The burial was above the stones that were at the edge of the pit (355) and was therefore later than them. However, it may have been contemporary with the pit being opened. Perhaps when (355) was excavated originally soil and bone from an earlier burial were removed and placed on the edge of the pit.

Burial 29. This was another burial truncated by pit (355). The burial deposit (374) acted as a part of the northern edge of (355). However, remains of the cut could still be seen (376). This was a linear east to west orientated cut, with edges composed of flat upstanding stones on its east and west sides. These appeared to be a form of lining for the burial. The base of this cut was almost entirely destroyed by pit (355). The extent of the deposit was 0.22m east to west and 0.09m north to south. This burial contained frequent inclusions of charcoal, as well as fragments of human cremated bones (pieces of ribs, long bones and scapula could be identified, as the bones were in quite good condition). No artefacts were found with this burial.

Burial 35. This northeast to southwest orientated burial was situated at the northern end of the burial area and was one of the larger burials uncovered in this area (Plate 29). It was truncated on its northern side by the cist (099). Cremated bone was found close to the surface of deposit (064) and between a deliberate stone setting (379). This was oval shaped and composed of small to medium sized granite stones that were not cut or dressed but did appear to be deliberately placed for this burial. The stones at the north and east were well laid out compared to the smaller stones to the south and west. Three larger stones appeared to separate Burial 35 from the rest of the burial area or at least from Burial 1. Fragments of prehistoric pottery found outside of stone lining in deposit (064) were also associated with this burial. Deposit (064) was later than both (218) and (223).

Burial 37. This burial was located northwest of Burial 35 and was cut by the cist (096). It also appeared to be cut by a shallow linear feature (304) that was located at the north-northwest edge of the burial area along the (006) stones (Fig. 7). It measured 1.2m north to south and turned east for 0.4m. The function of this feature was unclear and perhaps it was just a natural depression in the ground level but it is worth mentioning because of its location at the edge of the burial area. Feature (304) was filled by (293) was blackish sandy silt. There were at least three deposits found in the burial area that did not contain bone, but did contain charcoal and pottery. No artefacts were found in (293).

The burial itself was found in the deposit (160) and covered another burial (224)/(225) (Burial 11) and had a similar fill. It was sub rectangular in shape and was orientated north to south. Deposit (160) contained a large amount of cremated bone. Frequent stones were lying in the top of the deposit and

some may have been used to enclose it at least on north and northeast sides. A proper stone lining was not clear though. No artefacts were found associated with this burial.

3.3.6 Stone lined feature

This context **(356)** comprised of five angular stones that appeared to be deliberately placed to separate the main burial area with its flat **(235)** stone and a stone lined pit **(355)** (Figs 7, 12 and 14; Plates 30, 31 and 32). Three of the stones were limestone and are located about 0.55m from the stone **(235)**. A long angular pyramid shaped stone protrudes from the baulk and the stones curve to the north; they were all facing inwards towards the burial area. They were all limestone, upright and because of their angularity appeared different to the stones around them. As with the stone deposits north of the burial area, it was noted that limestone was used to mark certain areas in the cairn. Its smooth regular shape was good for using in walls or as a stone lining compared to the rough more rounded granite. The maximum length of the stones was 0.7m. The stone at the baulk was also cracked and lightly red. No obvious tool marks on the stones were visible but the angles or faces on the stones may have been made deliberately.

Context **(357)** was the rounded limestone and granite boulders that were located in the burial area. They appeared to circle or enclose the large flat **(235)** stone, which Burial 1 was placed on (Fig. 10). On Figure 10, the northern and eastern edges of burial deposits were visible ending at these stones and there was cremated bone found between them. The stones were less visible on the western side but they may have been deliberately placed. They appear to have been earlier than Burials 6, 12, 19, 20 and 21.

3.3.7 Hearth/cremation pyre

The deposit **(054)** was lying over **(244)** (Figs 7 and 14; Appendix III) a spread of charcoal rich material and fire cracked stones situated in the centre of the cairn at the CPO fence. The full extent of this feature was not revealed during the excavation but it was enclosed on its western side by a line of stones **(349)** (Plate 30). Spread **(244)** was very similar to **(353)**, a pit fill at the northern end of **(349)** and maybe a rake out or overspill from this feature. It also contained a small amount of cremated bone. Under **(244)** clayey silt fill **(348)** was found only present along the inside edge of the stone lining **(349)**.

The stone lining **(349)** consisted of a north to south orientated line of long angular limestone stones enclosing the deposit **(244)** and **(348)**. The stone arrangement appeared to be collapsed at the northeast end and this was given a separate number **(373)**. The stones remaining in their original position were placed so that a flat straight vertical edge faced inwards (Plate 31). They were fairly uniform in height set into the natural subsoil and are between 0.15m and 0.18m above ground level.

Table 10 Hearth/cremation pyre contexts

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W by D) |
|---------|---------------|---|---|
| 244 | Fill | Fairly loose dark brownish black silty clay with frequent charcoal and frequent flat angular burnt and fire cracked stones(0.15m by 0.10m by 0.08m max), and burnt bone frags | 2.3m northeast to southwest by 0.54m northwest to southeast (to baulk) by 0.32m |
| 348 | Deposit | Loose mid brown clayey silt with frequent charcoal an a moderate amount of small-medium sized sub angular stones (0.11m by 0.06m by 0.02m max) | 2.3m north to south by ?m by ?m |
| 349 | Stone deposit | Line of 4 long angular stones in the centre of the site at the CPO line enclosing 244 and ending at a possible cremation pyre pit (355) | 2.32m north to south by 0.18m east to west by 0.18m |
| 353 | Fill | Moderately compact dark brown to black silty clay fill of 355 with frequent charcoal and fire-cracked angular flat stones with flecks of burnt bone | 0.56 north to south by 0.48m east to west by 0.3m |
| 354 | Deposit | Compact orange clay burnt natural in situ concentrated at southwest edge of 355 | 0.34 north to south by 0.22m east to west |
| 355 | Cut | Irregular sub circular shaped cut of pit filled by 353 with gradual sloping sides and an elongated sub oval base | 0.56 north to south by 0.48m east to west by 0.36m |
| 367 | Stone deposit | Small angular fire cracked stones located on sides and base of 355 (0.08m by 0.06m by 0.02m to 0.16m by 0.08m by 0.06m) | 0.9m north to south by 0.64m east to west |
| 373 | Stone deposit | Group of stones overlying pit 355 at northeast side close to CPO line (0.32m by 0.52m by 0.08m [max]) | 0.7m east to west by 0.4m north to south |

Apart from being cut to make the straight edges, the stones are not dressed in any other way. The stones varied in length from 0.36 to 0.82m. At the north end of the stones less angular granite stones were visible. The northeast end was closed by the (373) a group of stones overlying hearth area. They may have been part of (349) originally but have been disturbed from original position. They did not appear placed in any deliberate order but may have been used to cover hearth (355).

As this feature was located at the CPO fence, it remains unknown if it continues south or if it has an opposite line of stones outside of the CPO line. It is likely that it does. The stones taper to the baulk becoming narrower as they go south. These stones were probably earlier than (355) because the rake out of (355) is enclosed within the stones. Small angular stones were found placed underneath the larger (349) stones. They ranged in size from 0.17 by 0.16 by 0.04m and were limestone. There were six small flat stones used perhaps to provide stability for the larger stones.

Fill (353) of pit (355) contained a frequent amount of charcoal and a frequent amount of very angular flat stones, most of which were burnt and fire-cracked. There were also flecks of burnt bone found low down in this fill as well as a couple of larger pieces (Appendix III). They were orange in colour with sharp corners and straight edges ranging in size from 0.03 by 0.01 by 0.04m (min.) to 0.2 by

0.15 by 0.09m (max). The (373) stones may once have been part of (349) and were disturbed then later put down above (353).

Feature (367) was small angular stones packed around the sides and base of the pit (355). They appeared ordered enough to be placed there deliberately as a lining or a surface for the pit. They were all orange in colour and fire cracked with sharp corners and straight edges, similar to the stones found in the fills (353) and (244). They may have been used to create a platform for burning and also to produce more intense heat that would last. Around the southwest edge of (355), the natural was burnt *in situ* (354). The cut itself (355) was quite small measuring 0.56m by 0.48m (Plate 32). The base and sides of the cut were lined with small angular fire cracked stones (367) and the feature has been interpreted as a possible hearth. It cut Burials 25 and 26 (368).

Two early deposits were found under (235) and above the natural (013). Deposits (358) and (359) were shallow silt deposits with small angular stones. Pottery was recovered from (358) but no bone was found in either deposit during the excavation. There was a frequent amount of charcoal in (359). Their function was unclear but they may have been associated with burial 1 or that area in general.

3.3.8 Structures

Six groups (Structures A-F) of probable structural stones sitting in the natural were uncovered within the interior of the overall monument (Fig. 7; Table 11; Plates 33-37). Five (A-E) of these were in an approximate 8.5m long continuous alignment of stones (north-northeast to south-southwest) roughly central to the outer kerb. The sixth, Structure F was an arc or semi-circle of stones that was just to the southeast of the gap between Stones 4 and 5.

The function of these features was unclear as no artefacts were recovered from any of them. No bone was found in them or other evidence to suggest their use. It was felt important to record their presence as some of the stones did appear to be deliberately placed even if their function was not clear.

Context (330) or Structure C was a circle of stones, which to the excavators was the most deliberate one on the site (Plate 33). Context (362) or Structure B was the number given to the box shaped structure north of (330) (Plate 34). Structures A, D, E and F were not given context numbers being identified by their feature letter.

Table 11 Structure contexts

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W by D) |
|---------|---------------|---|---|
| 261 | Fill | Loose mid-dark brown sandy silt fill of 365 with frequent small sub angular stones 0.7m west of burial area | 0.40 east to west by 0.34 north to south by 0.2m |
| 330 | Stone deposit | Small, medium and large mostly sub rounded granite stones placed in a circle inside and close to kerb 082 | 1.2m in diameter |
| 362 | Stone deposit | Possible box shaped granite stone structure beside 330 north of it | 1.2m by 1.2m by 0.48m (max height) |
| 365 | Cut | Oval shaped cut with steep regular sides, base sloping to the west filled by 261 | 0.4m north to south by 0.34m east to west by 0.2m |

Structure A. Two meters east of the main gap in the kerb twelve granite stones appeared to form a sub rectangular shape (Fig. 7; Plates 33 and 37). It was orientated northeast to southwest with interior measurements of 1.4m southwest to northeast by 0.5m northwest to southeast.. It is unclear if these are deliberately placed. Some were upright but most were lying flat. They ranged in size from 0.25 by 0.30 by 0.13m to 0.52 by 0.77 by 0.48m. The larger **(006)** stones may have enclosed the main burial area. They seem to block access from the main gap in the kerb to it. The stones north of this feature may have lined the possible cist **(102)**. The Feature A stones may also have belonged to an earlier structure that has been disturbed by the insertion of the cists.

Structure B. This was a box shaped structure **(362)** comprising of about seven granite stones (Fig. 7; Plates 34 and 37). It shared a border with the circle of stones **(330)** on its northwest side. Three of the smaller stones belonged to **(330)**. The two northern stones were upright with a maximum height of 0.48m. The southeast side was composed of two flat very angular stones. They are lower than the other stones and noticeably different in shape. The stones from **(330)** are not set into the natural as well as the others and may have been later.

It was unclear what the function of this structure was. Its shape and regularity (1.2 by 1.2m outer dimensions 0.70 by 0.50m inner) suggested that the stones were deliberately placed. It was positioned about 1.5m east of the main gap in the kerb wall.

Structure C. After the removal of **(003)** and **(012)** a circle of stones was uncovered (Fig. 7; Plates 35 and 37). It was earlier than **(011)** but the cairn layer **(011)** appeared to respect the structure. No evidence of **(080)** was found inside **(330)**. The stones were sitting in the natural **(013)**. The internal diameter of the circle was 1.2m (inner dimension) and was comprised of a mixture of small and medium sized sub angular stones and sub rounded granite stones. The stones from **(362)** were notably larger. It was bounded on the west by the inner kerb, on the north by **(362)** and on the south by

another possible Structure D. The lining stones (349) were located 1.3m to the northeast. The circle itself was situated 0.6m east of the main gap in the kerb.

The largest of the stones measured 0.5 by 0.4m and were located at the east and south sides while the smaller stones were at the west. In parts, the circle was constructed by placing two courses of stones side by side making it wider. The outer measurements were 2.4m east to west by 2m north to south. In the eastern part, the angular stones were added to the structure being placed against the inner stones, perhaps for support. The stones were not dressed or worked nor did they have inner smooth faces like the outer kerb.

All the structures were physically linked apart from F, but it was difficult to tell if any of them had been placed there after the others. It was thought during the excavation that (330) may have come after (362) because some of its stones appeared to lie over a stone from (362) and also because it was visible before the others.

Structure D. The stones sitting in the natural subsoil to the south of the circle of stones (330) formed a rectangular shape orientated north to south; the interior measured 1.4m northeast to southwest by 1.0m (Fig. 7; Plates 36 and 37).

Directly south of (330), stones forming a possible box shaped structure were found sitting in the natural. It comprised of eight or nine medium to large stones. Small stones from (330) marked the northern end, it was bounded to the east by three inner kerb stones (332) and to the west by two (329) stones which may have formed a north to south line parallel to the inner kerb. To the south two stones were visible lying on smaller stones (333), these seem to separate this feature from another rectangular structure. The internal measurements of the box were 1 by 1m.

Structure E. The inner kerb (332) also formed the western side of a possible rectangular shaped structure with the line of stones (329) forming the eastern boundary. The features interior measured approximately 1.5m north to south by 0.80m east to west (Fig. 7; Plates 35 and 37). This feature appeared to end at a large natural bedrock stone. The internal measurements were 1.4m north to south by 0.4-0.6m east to west. No artefacts were uncovered to suggest its function. During excavation the stones did appear to be deliberately placed, but it was unclear if they were meant to be structures or if they represent different building phases within the monument.

Structure F

A possible semi-circle of stones was uncovered just south of pit (102) inside the kerb; the feature interior measured approximately 1.5m northwest to southeast by an unknown length (Fig. 7; Plates 36

and 37). This may have originally been a full circle but has been disturbed on its northern side. All the stones are lying on or in the natural subsoil **(013)**. Most of the stones were granite. It was composed of medium sized angular and sub rounded stones some of them sitting upright. The larger stones measured 0.37m by 0.38 by 0.33m while the smallest one was 0.2 by 0.17 by 0.07m. Three stones to the west appeared were possibly inner kerb stones. The inner kerb wall itself **(332)** ended about 0.9m further south of them. They did look slightly different to the rest of the inner kerb wall.

4 Summary

Site 111 was located close to the top of a south-southwest facing slope in the townland of Aghnaskeagh, Dundalk, Co. Louth. It was trapezoidal in shape with its widest end at the north. About 60% of the site was excavated the other 40% remains *in situ*. The site has been identified as a long cairn it measured 21 by 10m (north end) at its basal layer. It consisted of a north to south orientated line of faced stones forming a kerb, which was held in place with packing stones and an inner kerb which appeared to have been used to form possible structures in the monument. One notable circular stone feature was uncovered.

Medium to large granite stones were used to construct the cairn. A number of cist burials with small upright stones, pits and angular limestone slabs were uncovered in the northeast part of the site. This area appeared to have been covered by additional layers of stone. Most of the prehistoric pottery and flint came from this part of the site.

Burial deposits with cremated bone were found as well as a possible stone-lined hearth feature/cremation pyre in the centre of the cairn. Pieces of quartz, pottery and wood were found associated with some of the burials. The site was covered by two layers of small granite stones.

The Louth Survey has described the site as an 'unclassified megalithic tomb' (Buckley and Sweetman 1991, 25 [LH 004-041]). During excavation the site was identified as a long cairn. However it remains unclassified at this point, but it is hoped that dating and environmental evidence will reveal more information about this intriguing megalith.

5 Discussion and Conclusion

The Louth Survey described the site as:

...an unclassified megalithic tomb. This tomb is very ruined. The remains consist of two orthostats, 2.4m apart and aligned west-southwest to east-northeast with a large, horizontally laid stone set beside and perpendicular to one of the orthostats; the two latter stones are incorporated in a roadside fence. The OS field trace records that there was formerly 'a large flat stone resting on 2 others' (Buckley and Sweetman 1991, 25).

At this stage, the site remains difficult to interpret for a number of reasons. There was a high level of tree root disturbance on the site that made relationships difficult to determine. Only 60% of the site was excavated so any interpretations are based on the excavated part of the site and not the whole monument. The part of the monument left *in situ* contained the stones described above. The excavated part was situated in the vicinity and zone of potential of the recorded monument. There was evidence that stones from the cairn had been disturbed and were used in the construction of field boundaries and the bank associated with the road.

The mixed finds from the **(003)** later cairn stones may indicate that stones were added to and removed from the cairn. The unusual stone socket shaped feature **(310)** under **(003)** could also indicate a removal of a larger stone from that position. No other evidence of cuts for large stone sockets was found. Unlike the southern and eastern unexcavated parts of the megalith, no orthostats were found during the excavation. There was evidence of medieval and post medieval features but the extent to which the site was used during those periods has yet to be established. It was unclear whether the **(028)** line of stones at the western side of the site was a part of the original monument. It was thought that they were a later addition but this is not definite.

The shape of the cairn even at the later layers shows it to be roughly trapezoidal in shape with its widest end at the north. Other excavated sites have provided evidence that long trapezoidal shaped cairns are usually associated with court tombs (O Nuallain and Walsh 1991). Other elements of court tombs and their associated artefacts were missing from this site at least in the excavated part so any classification is purely speculative at this stage.

Figure 4a shows a survey of the unexcavated part of the site. The stones marked on it are the larger ones mentioned in the RMP description above and other stones that were protruding from the grass

and seemed to be set well into the ground. A possible boundary of the small stones was marked to the southeast as well as a later stone field boundary located at the northeast side of the cairn. The large upright stone mentioned in the description above was not in line with the north to south kerb that was uncovered inside the roadtake.

The location and construction of the cairn are important; Herity and Eogan (1977) state that the majority of long cairns in Ireland are in the area north of a line from Westport to Dundalk. Figure 2 shows that the cairns excavated by Evans (1937) to the north (32, 33) and a court tomb further east (36) within about 1km of this site. A look at the RMP list shows a high concentration of different megalith types in the Dundalk area in general. The tradition of building stone monuments for the dead is well documented in Co Louth and it is hoped that this site will add important information to that body of work, as these sites are not usually excavated.

A formal outer edge of orthostats or dry walling is also associated with long cairns. In this case, there were no orthostats but a kerb of split stones constructed using a drystone effect. Evans (1937) also found evidence of drystone walling and traces of sub parallel kerbs. The collapse **(056)/(092)** from Site 111 indicates that the kerb would have been an impressive wall with a smooth outer edge. It may have been structurally weak and therefore collapsed. It was supported by packing stones on the inside but there was no real evidence of revetment on the outside. The site also contained an inner kerb **(332)** which may have functioned as an early kerb. Research has been done on Scottish cairns that show evidence of a number of walls in their construction. The final report would include a discussion on comparable sites from these islands. For now, it is enough to mention some possibilities. Evans cairns also included larger stones under later smaller ones as part of the cairns general construction. It was thought that the layer **(011)** was put in place after the kerb **(082)** but it was difficult to tell because the **(011)** stones were not visible covering the kerb.

The site was located on a south-southwest facing slope close to the top of a hill. It had excellent views to the south and southwest. It was not situated at the top of the slope and this may be significant or deliberate perhaps for some shelter.

The function of the stone slabs and stone deposits is unclear as yet. Perhaps dating and analysis will give more information on their function. This area was certainly marked out with limestone for a particular reason perhaps for a burial that is now gone or a partial paving of some sort. Again the relationship with **(011)** was unclear. Layer **(011)** was not visible in the northeast part of the site where the stone slabs were.

The cist burials from the site are interesting in that they are not constructed elaborately with long stones and large capstones, yet they were protected by deliberately placed upright stones marking their north-northeast ends and stones lining the edges of their cuts. One even had a partial stone floor (099). Another burial was found under a small capstone. The largest of them (102) is set apart from the others in its location and also its size, yet it contained the least amount of bone. It is known from other excavated sites that small amounts of bone were placed in cists as token burials and that cists were sometimes inserted into earlier monuments (Herity and Eogan 1977). No inhumations were found. It was thought during the excavation that animal bone was placed in with some of the cist burials but this awaits further analysis.

There are different burial traditions found on the site. The stone lined pit/cist burials, placing a burial on a flat stone (Burial 1), placing burials in small pits (217) and (225), placing burials on the natural ground surface, some with stone lining and some burials were placed with stones covering them (Burials 24 and 34). Burials appeared to have fallen in between the spaces or cracks of the stones also. It is not clear if they were deliberately placed there. A piece of quartz, wood and pottery were found with some the burials also. Other excavations have shown that items were deliberately placed with burials. It is not clear as yet if the burials were inserted at the same time as each other or at the same time as the cairn. However, they do disturb each other so there is a sequence of burials on the site. Herity mentions that in cemetery mound sites often the burials are grouped in one segment of the site with a focal burial (Herity and Eogan 1977).

The feature (355) is difficult to interpret as yet. It had a deliberate stone lining (349) and was truncating earlier burials. Some bone was found in it and the its charcoal rich fill and burning in situ indicate a high intensity of burning activity. Perhaps the (046) layer is a deposit thrown out from this feature. Cut (355) may have functioned as a possible cremation pyre but this is only speculation at this stage.

Finally, it is worth noting the possible structures on the site. The main circular one (330) (C) or ring of stones stands out as well as the box shaped one with upright back stones (362) (B). It is not clear if these are chambers, no artefacts were found with them or different fills. They did appear to be very regular and deliberately placed.

After specialist analyses and radiocarbon dating of the selected samples, the site will reveal more information about the identification of this type of monument and about the lives and burial practises of the people who used it. Upon further research, this site may be comparable with other similar monuments in Ireland and Europe and add to the existing body of work on prehistoric burial monuments.

6 Recommendations

A final report will be written which will include the results of specialist analysis on the samples, artefacts and human remains from the site.

6.1 Finds

All finds will be numbered and catalogued. A specialist analysis of the prehistoric and medieval/post-med pottery from Site 111 will be needed. The analysis of the post-med and medieval pottery may give a greater picture of the level of disturbance on the site.

Most of the prehistoric pottery came from the pits and stone layers from the site. Three hundred forty-one fragments of prehistoric pottery have been counted so far. A large amount of sherds were recovered from the charcoal rich deposit (046) that may provide some information on the function of this deposit. The prehistoric pottery will provide an assemblage of the pot types that were used as well as providing information on their function. There may potentially be information about the use of the pots for funerary or domestic purposes. If the site was reused over a long period of time, the pottery may provide some information on this. The pottery from the burials will give a general date for those burials and a comparison between that pottery and the type from the layer/pits not associated with burials might be useful.

A specialist analysis of the flint from Site 111 will also be needed. Sixteen pieces of flint were recovered. Unfortunately, the flint assemblage from the site was not great and some of the flint was from non-stratified contexts. However, what was recovered may provide information on the tools used while the cairn was in use.

100 finds bags were registered from the excavation (Appendix II). The artefacts will be analysed by the appropriate specialists. Should additional artefacts be recovered from the processed samples they will be analysed by the appropriate specialists.

6.2 Samples

6.2.1 Macrobotanical analysis

The single best source of evidence for answering economic questions related to subsistence, fuel use and material culture is macrobotanical, that is, materials that can be seen with the naked eye. Such materials can be quantified and ultimately compared with faunal and other tangible aspects of an archaeological assemblage including information recovered through pollen and other microbotanical analyses. Burned macrobotanical materials are best recovered through flotation of a soils sample. In the case where unburnt materials are suspected in the sample, they can be picked from the overall

sample before flotation. If the intent is for the recovered remains to be used for radiocarbon analysis then all botanical materials recovered from the samples should undergo species identification before such analysis.

6.2.2 Microbotanical analysis (pollen)

The site director has selected samples for microbotanical analyses (Appendix III). Any pollen evidence or other microbotanical evidence found during processing will be sent to the relevant specialists.

6.2.3 Macrobotanical analyses

Samples have been selected for environmental and dating analysis (Appendix III). All samples from the burial area will be sieved to check for bone fragments and other artefacts. Identification and analysis of wood fragments (Appendix IIId) found in burials will be needed. This may provide important information on species and environmental evidence from the burials on site. A number of hazelnut shells (Appendix IIId) found will need environmental examination.

Soil samples were taken in between stone layers and under kerb stones as they may reveal important macrobotanical evidence. Deposition of different materials under stones in cairns and megalithic tombs is well documented. The samples are also important because of the lack of artefacts recovered especially from the kerb. Processing may reveal more information.

6.2.4 Radiocarbon analysis

Charcoal and wood. The site director proposes that the samples listed in Table 12 be sent for radiocarbon analysis. The charcoal rich fill of (037) may help to date this late hearth feature and provide a comparison with the other pits that it is associated with (108) and (109). The charcoal from the cist burials (096) may help to date them if the bone condition is not great or if artefacts are not recovered during processing. Burial 25 contained frequent charcoal but no artefacts and it may help to date it and its associated burials. The date of (355) is important because it may have functioned as a cremation pyre and it would be useful to compare its date to that of the burials. Fill (358) is one of the earliest deposits in the burial area and it was directly under (235) stone for Burial 1 so it may be associated with it.

After processing more or better charcoal samples may be needed. The lack of artefacts found in some areas of the site mean that charcoal and environmental samples are important.

Table 12 Charcoal and wood samples for radiocarbon analysis

| Context | Sample | Feature | Reason for sample |
|---------|--------|-----------|---|
| 036 | 14 | 037 | Charcoal rich fill of hearth. Date of latest pit on site. |
| 086 | 29 | 096 | Charcoal from cist Burial 32. |
| 366 | 215 | Burial 25 | Large pieces of charcoal from burial. |
| 353 | 180 | 355 | Fill of feature with high concentration of burning. |
| 358 | 184 | 358 | Charcoal rich deposit under 235 stone. |

Cremated bone. Approximately 300 bags of cremated bone have been recovered so far and more should be found through soil sieving. A specialist bone report will be written for the site and three samples of bone could be sent for dating (Table 13). The bones recovered from burial 1 were large and identifiable and may give a date for this main burial on site. Bones dated from the cist (**138**) may help with information and a date on the possible reuse of the monument. Burials were found cut by the feature (**355**) and may provide a date that could be compared to that of Burial 1. After reviewing the samples the bone specialist may choose different or better samples to be dated.

Table 13 Bone samples for radiocarbon dating

| Burial | Context | Description |
|-----------|---------|---|
| Burial 38 | 138 | Burnt bone from cist found under stone. |
| Burial 1 | 158 | Large pieces of bone on stone 235. |
| Burial 29 | 374 | Early burial cut by 355. |

7 Quantification of the Materials and Records

7.1 Quantity of the record

The site archive comprises those items listed in Table 14:

Table 14 Records inventory

| Form | Number (after voids) |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|
| Context Sheets | 285 |
| Photographs (Rolls) | 17 digital cards |
| Sections and Plans | 131 |
| Finds | 100 bags |
| Samples | 262 |

7.1.1 Context sheets

Context sheets (n = 285) are archived at the ADS Dublin facility and are in queue for entry into the project database.

7.1.2 Miscellaneous written records

Three Site Diaries/ Daybooks (with supplementary notes and correspondence). Miscellaneous administrative notes and correspondence were kept.

7.1.3 Drawings

67 plans, 66 sections and 7 elevations were drawn for the site.

8 References

ADS

- 2003 Archaeological Development Services Ltd Health and Safety Manual. Compiled by Fergus Cooney.
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Appendices

Appendix I Context log

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W/Diam by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------------|--|--|--|
| 001 | Deposit | Greyish brown silty clay with stones and frequent roots | 0.34m in depth | metal objects, spindle whorl, flint, modern cut stone, animal bone, clay pipe frag |
| 002 | | Non-archaeological | | |
| 003 | Stone deposit | Top two layers of small to medium sub angular and sub rounded granite stones (0.06m by 0.02m to 0.30m by 0.30m) located in corner of field. | 26m by 17m (extension areas not added on) | |
| 004 | | Void | | |
| 005 | | Void | | |
| 006 | | Large stones just west of burial area, roughly in centre of cairn | 2m north to south by 1m east to west | |
| 007 | | Void | | |
| 008 | | Void | | |
| 009 | | Large flat stone (same as 082) at west end of site (fig 6) | 0.70m long north to south x 0.35m east to west | |
| 010 | Deposit | Irregular shaped loose sandy yellowish orange sandy clay with grass and roots and frequent stones similar to cairn stones | 3.24m by 2.32m by 0.10m | Modern pottery |
| 011 | Stone deposit | Medium to large predominately granite boulders (0.20m by 0.20m by 0.20m to 0.50m by 0.40m by 0.50m) with visible gaps | 24m by 1m (min) to 5m (max) | |
| 012 | Deposit | Loose dark brownish grey organic sandy material with roots, moss between 003 cairn stones | 24m by 11m Extension area 6m by 2.5m | Pottery, glass, cow tooth, flint, black ware, tile frag, worked flint, medieval pottery/tile frag, metal, burnt bone |
| 013 | Deposit | Varied from loose brownish orange sandy silt to compact cream orange silty clay. Its looser and darker where there is a lot of root disturbance. | Widespread over site | |
| 014 | | Non-archaeological | | |

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W/Diam by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------------|---|---|---|
| 015 | Stone deposit | Layer of flat angular stones (limestone) in a dark brown loose silty sand under 003 in northeast part of site | 3.12m by 2.5m | Prehistoric pottery |
| 016 | Deposit | Shallow deposit of loose fertile dark brownish red fine sandy clay south of line of stones 028. | 2m by 0.75m by 0.02m-0.04m deep | Post medieval |
| 017-027 | | Non-archaeological | | |
| 028 | Stone deposit | East/West orientated line of granite stones west of Kerb at western side of site. | 2.82m east to west by 0.44m (max width of stones) | |
| 029 | Fill | Yellowish brown sandy soil with sub angular stones. Same as 059 | 4m by 1m by 0.30m | |
| 030 | Deposit | Small mound of sub angular and angular stones in a moderately compact mid brown clay in western part of site. | 3.5m by 0.36m deep | |
| 031 | Deposit | Irregular shallow loose grey fine ash spread with small stones, fill of root bowl 039. | 0.02m deep x 0.85m long x 0.70m wide | |
| 032 | | Void | | |
| 033 | Deposit | Moderately compacted light brownish yellow silty sand located at N/E edge of cairn and curves west | 0.12m deep by 1.30m wide and 7.70m long | |
| 034 | Fill | Moderately compacted light brown silty sand fill of pit 037. Contains a moderate amount of small to medium sub angular and sub rounded stones(max 0.09m by 0.08m) | 1m by 1.20m by 0.26m | Prehistoric pottery (2 finds) |
| 035 | Fill | Loose light blackish grey silty sand fill of pit 037 with ash and frequent sub angular and sub rounded stones (0.05m by 0.05m to 0.15m by 0.10m) | 0.65m by 0.50m by 0.24m(max) | med pottery from top of fill. This feature could be disturbed |
| 036 | Fill | Loose to moderately compact dark grey black silty charcoal rich fill of 037 | 0.40m by 0.18m in section | |
| 037 | Cut | Circular/bowl shape in plan with steep northeast, SW, southeast sides and a gradual sloping northwest side. southeast to northwest orientation. Possible stone lining (0.15m by 0.20m by 0.30m) | 1.35m by 1.2m by 0.45m | |

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W/Diam by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------|--|--|---|
| 038 | Cut | Bowl shaped cut with concave sides. Probably non archaeological | 0.03m deep | |
| 039 | Fill | Compact sandy clay with charcoal, ash . Non archaeological. Remains of root bowl | | |
| 040 | | Void | | |
| 041 | Deposit | Light brown deposit from western part of site | | med pottery |
| 042 | | Site 111A | | |
| 043 | Fill | Loose light brown silty sand top fill of linear feature 073 with moderate amount of sub angular small stones | 7m by 1.3m by 0.07m | |
| 044 | Fill | Loose light greyish brown silty sand fill of furrow 074 | 6.7m by 0.9m by 0.25m | Fragments of burnt bone! |
| 045 | Fill | Loose to moderately compact dark brownish grey sandy silt fill of 108 with a frequent amount of angular and sub angular stones(0.2m by 0.08m by 0.05m) and occasional charcoal | 0.56m north to south by 0.31mE-W by 0.11m deep | Frequent amount of prehistoric pottery including 2 rim sherds |
| 046 | Deposit | Loose dark brown to black sandy silt large charcoal rich deposit in northeast part of site. Has hazelnut and worked flint | 3.2m by 2m by 0.11m | Frequent amount of prehistoric pottery including decorated sherds. Appeared to be throughout spread |
| 047 | Fill | Loose greyish black sandy top fill of 076 | 0.29m by m by 0.08m | |
| 048 | Deposit | Light to mid brown sandy silt with frequent stones at northeast end of site close to baulk. north to south orientated | 3.12m by 2.12m by 0.31m | |
| 049 | | Non-archaeological | | |
| 050 | | Non-archaeological | | |
| 051 | | Non-archaeological | | |
| 052 | | Non-archaeological | | |
| 053 | Deposit | Mid brown silty sand with occasional medium sized angular stones in northeast part of site | 1.8m by 0.91m by 0.18m | Flint |
| 054 | Deposit | Moderately compacted dark brown sandy silt with small to medium sub angular stones(0.15m by 0.12m) at northwest facing baulk | 2.15m by 0.95m by 0.24m | |

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W/Diam by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------------|--|---|-----------------------------------|
| 055 | Fill | Loose dark brown black sandy silt fill of 102 with frequent large sub rounded stones at the top and medium sized stones at the base | 1.31m by 1.2m by 0.43m | Pottery Prehistoric (from top) |
| 056 | Stone deposit | Layer of random angular and subangular stones from 0.10m by 0.05m by 0.02m to 0.30m by 0.20m by 0.10m (max) west of 082 kerb orientated north to south | 13.5m by 2.25m by 0.15m | |
| 057 | Fill | Loose compact mid greyish brown silt with humic content and small sub rounded stones and tree roots at southwest baulk | 6m by 2.6m by 0.2m | 1 nail |
| 058 | Fill | Dark orange brown clayey silt with occasional small rounded stones and tree roots at southwest baulk | 3m by 2.5m 0.2m | |
| 059 | Fill | Loose yellowish brown sandy silt fill of 093 with occasional small sub angular stones at western end of site | 4m by 1m by 0.30m | Medieval/post med pottery |
| 060 | Deposit | Light brown lens between 059 and 043 furrows. | 8m (approx) by 3.2m | |
| 061 | | Non-archaeological-bio-turbation | | |
| 062 | | Non-archaeological - bio-turbation | | |
| 063 | | Same as 097 | | |
| 064 | Deposit | Cremation 35 Dark brown loose sandy silt with small to medium sized granite stones lying on the top(379) containing cremated human bone. northwest to southeast orientated | 0.94m by 0.80m by 0.15m (max) | Prehistoric pottery (small frags) |
| 065 | Deposit | Dark loose brownish black deposit around small stones southwest of Kerb (82) | 13.5m by 2.25m by 0.15m | |
| 066 | | Same as 106 | 0.80m north to south by 0.75m east to west by 0.12m | |
| 067 | | Void | | |
| 068 | Deposit | Moderately compact light orange sandy silt with occasional medium sized stones | 2.31m by 1.78m by 0.27m | |

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W/Diam by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------|---|------------------------------|---------------------|
| 069 | Deposit | Moderately compact dark orange sandy silt with a moderate amount of medium sized stones | 3.12m by 2.16m by 0.19m | |
| 070 | Deposit | A small area of 6 large angular worked flat limestone slabs (0.25m by 0.35m by 0.12m) under 015 stones and covering a single thick flat stone slab (0.91m by 0.62m by 0.10m). Located at the northeast end of the site. | 1.2m by 0.9m | |
| 071 | Fill | Moderately compacted light reddish brown silty sand basal fill of 073 furrow | 7m by 1.6m by 0.15m | |
| 072 | Fill | Loose light brown silty sand fill of 075 plough furrow | 5m by 0.80m by 0.15m | |
| 073 | Cut | east to west orientated linear shaped cut with gradual sloping sides and a concave base | 7m by 1.6m by 0.22m | |
| 074 | Cut | east to west orientated linear shaped cut with gradual sloping sides and a concave base | 6.7m by 0.9m by 0.25m | |
| 075 | Cut | east to west orientated linear shaped cut with gradual sloping sides and a concave base | 5m by 0.80m by 0.15m | |
| 076 | Cut | Small circular shaped cut with gradual sloping and stepped sides and a concave base. North to south orientated. North of 015 | 0.4m by 0.35m by 0.17m | |
| 077 | Fill | Compact dark brown silty clay basal fill of 076 with very occasional small rounded stones | 0.4m by 0.35m by 0.09m | |
| 078 | Deposit | Thin layer of moderately compact light creamy brown clayey silt with occasional charcoal and roots under 080 layer | 24m by 1m-5m by 0.10m (max) | |
| 079 | Deposit | Small to medium sized sub angular and angular stones, mostly limestone (0.12m by 0.04m by 0.02m - 0.14m by 0.22m by 0.04m) under 070 | 1.85m by 1.72m by 0.10m deep | |
| 080 | Deposit | Mid to dark yellowish brown silty clay deposit around 011 cairn stones | 24m by 5m by 0.30m | Contains burnt bone |

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W/Diam by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------|--|---|---------------------|
| 081 | Deposit | Loose dark greyish brown clayey silt. With occasional charcoal and small to medium sized sub angular and angular stones 056 west of 082(Kerb) | 13.5m by 2.25m by 0.15m | |
| 082 | Deposit | North to south orientated line of medium to large limestone and granite faced stones forming an outer kerb for the cairn. Less well defined inner line of stones with packing stones in between. | 23m(with gaps) by 1m | |
| 083 | Cut | Shallow circular shaped cut with steep sloping sides and a flat base northeast of 015 | 0.94m by 0.92m by 0.09m | |
| 084 | Fill | Compact dark greyish brown silty clay with occasional charcoal and occasional small flat angular stones | 0.94m by 0.92m by 0.09m | |
| 085 | Deposit | Small-medium sized angular stones (0.04m by 0.06m by 0.02m to 0.16m by 0.10m by 0.004m) | 5.12m by 3.12m by 0.22m | |
| 086 | Fill | Fill of burial 32. Loose dark brown black peaty silty sand with occasional charcoal, root disturbance, a moderate amount of burnt bone. Angular stone lining for burial on east and N/W sides. | 0.90m by 0.72m by 0.48m | Contains burnt bone |
| 087 | Fill | Very loose light yellowish brown silt basal fill of 119 with tree roots | 1m north to south by 1m east to west by 0.04m | |
| 088 | Cut | Circular shaped possible stakehole with vertical sides and a pointed base | 0.06m by 0.28m | |
| 089 | Fill | Firm dark brownish black silty clay fill of 088 with a moderate amount of charcoal flecks | 0.06m by 0.28m | |
| 090 | Cut | Circular shaped possible stakehole with vertical sides and a concave base | 0.06m by 0.08m | |
| 091 | Fill | Firm dark brownish black silty clay fill of 088 with a moderate amount of charcoal flecks | 0.06m by 0.08m | |

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W/Diam by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------|---|--|-------|
| 092 | Deposit | Broken flat angular greywacke stones west of outer kerb forming the collapsed part of the face of the monument. Some stones may form a support for the kerb also. | 14m north to south by 3m east to west by 0.12m | |
| 093 | Cut | Sub rectangular shaped feature at west part of site. Curves slightly from southwest to east. Gradual stepped slope on northwest side, steeper south side. Concave base | 4m SW/E by 1m northwest to southeast by 0.3m | |
| 094 | Fill | Friable dark brown silt with small stones and frequent tree roots | 2m north to south by 0.4m east to west by 0.2m | |
| 095 | | Non archaeological | | |
| 096 | Cut | Oval shaped southwest to northeast orientated cut of burial 32. Steep sided with a gradual break of slope at the bottom and a u shaped base. The cut was stone lined with 3 upright stones at the northeast end | 1.2m northeast to southwest by 0.97m northwest to southeast by 0.52m | |
| 097 | Fill | Loose mid brownish grey silty sand fill of 099 containing burial 30. Contains a frequent amount of burnt bone. Angular stones visible in fill possibly lining/markings burial | 0.68m north to south by 0.60m east to west by 0.11m | |
| 098 | Fill | Moderately compact mid brown sandy silt basal fill of 099 containing burial 31. Has occasional burnt bone in it. | 0.37m north to south by 0.41m east to west by 0.12m | |
| 099 | Cut | Sub rectangular north to south orientated cut containing burial 31 and 31. Steep sided at southern end but slopes gradually to a flat base elsewhere. The east side of the cut and the base are stone lined with flat angular slabs | 0.88m north to south by 0.62m east to west by 0.23m | |
| 100 | Deposit | Compact mid to dark brown mixed silty clay, sandy in places with occasional small to medium sized sub angular stones and charcoal flecking throughout | 1.31m east to west by 0.16m | |
| 101 | | Same as natural | | |

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W/Diam by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------|---|---|----------------------------|
| 102 | Cut | Large southeast to northwest orientated oval shaped pit with gradual sides, slightly concave to south + east, convex to north + west with an uneven/tapered base. north + east sides are stone lined with medium sized granite boulders | 1.86m north to south by 1.20m east to west (max) by 0.43m | |
| 103 | Fill | Moderately compact dark brown silty clay with a moderate amount of charcoal, roots and occasional, angular, sub angular and sub rounded stones | 0.65m east to west by 0.27m (in section) | Prehistoric pottery sherds |
| 104 | Fill | Compact gritty dark greyish brown sandy clay with angular stones | 0.36m S/W by 0.18m (in section) | |
| 105 | Fill | Moderately compact mid greyish brown silty clay fill of 109 with occasional charcoal and frequent medium sized sub angular and sub rounded stones | 0.58m east to west by 0.17m (in section) | |
| 106 | Fill | Compact light brownish yellow silty clay deposit with medium sized sub angular stones | 0.80m north to south by 0.75m east to west by 0.12m | Prehistoric pottery |
| 107 | Fill | Moderately compact dark reddish brown silty clay basal fill of 109 with a moderate amount of roots and small sub angular stones | 0.71m east to west by 0.21m (in section) | |
| 108 | Cut | north to south orientated sub rectangular/ irregular shaped pit cut by 037. Rounded/pointed southern end. Sides slope steeply except at S, southeast side, base is flat | 1.70m north to south by 0.85m east to west by 0.30m | |
| 109 | Cut | north to south orientated oval shaped pit cut by 331 with steep irregular sides except at east side and an uneven base | 1.65m north to south by 1.35m east to west by 0.35m | |
| 110 | Fill | Moderately compact light-mid reddish brown silty clay fill of 109. Lighter than 107 | 0.53 east to west by 0.17m (in section) | |
| 111 | Fill | Dark reddish brown silty clay fill of 331 with occasional charcoal and small angular stones and one larger stone | 0.34m east to west by 0.19m (in section) | Flint |
| 112 | Deposit | Loose brownish red humic silty clay natural deposit with frequent small stones. | 0.05m to 0.10m deep | |

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W/Diam by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------|--|--|---|
| 113 | Cut | Linear shaped feature with rounded ends with irregular concave sides and a tapered uneven base. Located parallel to 093, orientated east to west | 3.5m east to west by 0.53m north to south by 0.20m | |
| 114 | Fill | Loose yellowish mid brown sandy silt fill of 113 with occasional sub angular stones | 3.5m east to west by 0.53m north to south by 0.20m | |
| 115 | Deposit | Dark orange/brown sandy silt with frequent roots and possibly contains stone lining for burial 096. Similar to natural deposit 101 | 0.97m east to west by 0.86m north to south by 0.29m | |
| 116 | | Void | | |
| 117 | | Void | | |
| 118 | Deposit | Moderately compacted dark brownish grey silty sand with medium sized angular and sub angular stones and occasional charcoal flecks | 5.5m east to west by 4.5m north to south by 0.15m | Sherd of pottery decorated with lines. I changed flint to 226 |
| 119 | Cut | Linear shaped feature at southwest side of site with gently sloping sides and a flat base. Orientated east to west filled by 058 | 3m east to west by 1m north to south by 0.3m | |
| 120 | Cut | Possibly oval/rounded shape where visible with flat base filled by 057 | 3m east to west by 2.5m north to south by 0.2m | |
| 121 | Cut | Sub linear feature visible at southwest section with an irregular stony base filled by 057 | 2.6m north to south by 0.4m east to west (not fully exposed) by 0.3m | Possible iron nail found-kept but not given a number |
| 122 | | Void | | |
| 123 | | Void | | |
| 124 | Fill | Firm dark reddish brown sandy clay with small sub rounded stones-similar to 107 fill | 0.38 east to west by 0.22(in section) | |
| 125 | Cut | Void | | |
| 126 | Cut | Small circular pit filled by 104, not archaeological | | |
| 127 | Fill | Fill of burial 36 | | |
| 128 | Cut | Narrow linear shaped feature with rounded end, gently sloping sides and a slightly concave base parallel to 119 and filled by 057. Orientated east to west | 2m east to west by 0.4m north to south by 0.2m | |
| 129 | | Void | | |

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W/Diam by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------------|---|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 130 | Stone deposit | Well sorted small granite stones placed between 082 kerb stones as packing material (0.2m to 0.3m), same as 143, 140 and 145 | 23m(take out gaps) by 1m | |
| 131 | Deposit | Loose brownish red organic fine silt deposit around 130 stones in between kerb 082, same as 141 | 23m(take out gaps) by 1m | |
| 132 | | Void | | |
| 133 | | Non archaeological | | |
| 134 | | Non archaeological | | |
| 135 | | Non archaeological | | |
| 136 | | Non archaeological | | |
| 137 | Fill | Basal fill of burial 34. Loose mid brown silty sand with frequent small and medium sized stones | 0.34m x 0.85m x 0.22m deep | |
| 138 | Fill | Main fill of burial 34 Deposit of cremated bone under flat stone | 0.7m by 0.5m | |
| 139 | Deposit | Loose blackish brown sandy silt deposit in northeast part of the site with charcoal flecks and fragments of pottery | 1.16m by 0.16m | Possible Neolithic pottery |
| 140 | Stone deposit | Small to medium sized sub angular and angular granite stones (0.04m by 0.03m by 0.02m - 0.25m by 0.12m by 0.10m) between kerb stones 082 (north of gap) | 17m by 1m | |
| 141 | Fill | Moderately compact mid brown silty sand fill with frequent 143 stones (north of gap) | 0.6m by 0.10m (in section) | |
| 142 | Fill | Moderately compact mid reddish brown sandy silt fill with a moderate amount of 140 stones (north of gap) | 0.35m by 0.18m (in section) | |
| 143 | Stone deposit | Angular and sub angular flat stones (0.03m by 0.02m by 0.01m - 0.18m by 0.10m by 0.08m) closely packed together in fill 141 between kerb 082 (north of gap) | 0.6m by 0.10m (in section) | |
| 144 | Fill | Loose mid brown clayey silt fill between kerb stones 082 with 144 stones. Located south of gap in kerb | 1m by 0.25m (in section) | |

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W/Diam by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------------|--|---|---|
| 145 | Stone deposit | Medium sized sub rounded stones in fill 144 between kerb stones 082 measuring 0.20m to 0.45m-similar to 140 | 1m by 0.25m (in section) | |
| 146 | Deposit | Moderately compacted dark brown silty clay spread with frequent small to medium sized angular stones similar to 056 collapse | 1.7m north to south by 1.45m east to west by 0.16m | |
| 147 | | Same as 080 | | |
| 148 | Deposit | Compact light yellowish brown gritty sandy clay under kerb packing stones (140) north of gap, with occasional charcoal and frequent small stones-similar to 080 | 0.60m east to west by 0.20m north to south by 0.20m | |
| 149 | Fill | Fill of 096 burial 32. Loose mid-dark brown silty sand with occasional charcoal, frequent cremated bone fragments and root disturbance. 3 angular slabs enclosing burial, one upright. | 0.47m northwest to southeast by 0.20m northeast to southwest by 0.39m | |
| 150 | | Void | | |
| 151 | Fill | Moderately compact mid-dark grey brown silty clay fill of 152 at north end of site outside cairn. Frequent charcoal inclusions. | 0.25m east to west by 0.18m north to south by 0.20m | |
| 152 | Cut | Oval shaped east to west orientated cut with vertical sides that taper inwards to a pointed base. Inclination of axis is about 60 degrees. | 0.25m east to west by 0.18m north to south by 0.20m | |
| 153 | Fill | Loose mid red brown silty sand fill of 155 with a moderate amount of small stones | 0.12m by 0.10m by 0.12m | |
| 154 | Fill | Moderately compacted mid grey brown silty clay fill of 155 with frequent charcoal | 0.25m by 0.20m by 0.20m | |
| 155 | Cut | Sub rectangular shaped cut with gradual sloping sides and an uneven concave base. east to west orientated with medium sized sub sounded stone in the centre | 0.65m by 0.40m by 0.25m | Post med pot from it (no find number given) |
| 156 | | Same as 153 | | |
| 157 | | Void | | |

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W/Diam by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------------|---|---|--|
| 158 | Deposit | Light brown deposit with frequent cremated bone lying on a flat stone. Burial 1 | 0.5m north to south by 0.4m east to west | |
| 159 | Deposit | Dark grey/brown deposit to north of 158 | | |
| 160 | Deposit | Mid grey brown sandy silt deposit with cremated bone and a moderate amount of stones(0.15m to 0.25m) on top. Burial 37 | 0.55m by 0.35m east to west by 0.02m-0.05m | |
| 162 | | Non archaeological | | |
| 163 | | Non archaeological | | |
| 164 | | Non archaeological | | |
| 165 | Cut | Cut of cremation burial filled by 138, 137 Stone lined | | |
| 166-212 | | Site 111A | | |
| 213 | Stone deposit | Sub rounded and sub angular granite stones (0.50m-0.75m) lying against kerb stones south of gap | 1.3m north to south by 0.35m east to west by 0.21m deep | |
| 214 | Stone deposit | Flat faced kerb stones (16, 17, 18, 19) behind 213 | 2.4m north to south by 0.56m east to west by 0.30m | |
| 215 | Deposit | Moderately compacted greyish orange silty clay deposit with a moderate amount of charcoal and 6-7 large granite stones used to line burial 36. | 1.21m north to south by 0.56m east to west by 0.42m | |
| 216 | Deposit | Shallow small spread of loose dark brown silty clay with occasional charcoal and a moderate amount of roots and 2 angular stones close to cists | 0.25m north to south by 0.31m east to west by 0.08m | |
| 217 | Deposit | Loose dark grey brown sandy silt fill of 231 with cremated bone and occasional small sub angular stones-burial 2 | 0.27m east to west by 0.20m north to south by 0.06m | |
| 218 | Deposit | Dark reddish brown deposit with cremated human bone, frequent small stones and occasional charcoal-Burial 22 | 0.54m east to west by 0.5m north to south | Prehistoric pottery from layer 1 and layer 2 |
| 219 | Fill | Loose dark brown silty clay fill of 221 with medium sized frequent stones | 3.2m east to west by 1.7m north to south by 0.25m | |
| 220 | | Void | | |
| 221 | Cut | Linear shaped cut filled by 219 with a sharp southern side and a gradual sloping north side and a flat base. | 3.2m east to west by 1.7m north to south by 0.25m | |
| 222 | Cut | Void | | |

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W/Diam by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------------|--|--|---|
| 223 | Deposit | Blackish brown silty clay spread with cremated bone, orientated northeast to southwest . Burial 23 | 0.52mSW/NW by 0.48m southeast to northwest by 0.05m | Prehistoric pottery |
| 224 | Fill | Loose light brown sandy silt fill of 225 with cremated bone Burial 11 | 0.20m by 0.20m by 0.06m | |
| 225 | Cut | Cut of small semi-circular shaped pit with very sharp sloping sides and a rounded base, burial 11 | 0.20m by 0.20m by 0.06m | |
| 226 | Deposit | Soft dark brown silty clay with angular and sub angular stones (0.05-0.20m) in northeast part of site under 118 | 5.5m east to west by 4.5m north to south by 0.1m-0.2m | Thumb nail scraper, Prehistoric pottery |
| 227 | | Same as 311, 314, 315 | | Medieval pottery sherd |
| 228 | Deposit | Dark reddish brown silty clay deposit with small sub angular stones between outer kerb stones at north end of kerb | 1.9m north to south by 0.75m east to west by 0.11m | |
| 229 | | Very shallow circular spread with mid brownish grey fill. Non archaeological | | |
| 230 | | Non archaeological. Probable tree root | | |
| 231 | Cut | Sub rounded shaped cut for burial 2 with gradual sloping sides and a concave base | 0.27m by 0.20m by 0.06m | |
| 232 | | Void | | |
| 233 | | Void | | |
| 234 | | Void | | |
| 235 | Stone deposit | Large flat thick limestone broken in places with cremated bone on it in main burial area | 0.70m northeast to southwest by 0.50m northwest to southeast by 0.11-0.15m | |
| 236 | | Natural bedrock at west end of site | | |
| 237 | Deposit | Loose dark brownish black silty clay deposit around inner kerb stones at Send of kerb | 4.4m north to south by 1.10m east to west by 0.06m | |
| 238 | | Void | | |
| 239 | | Burial 4 close to CPO fence | 34m north to south by 0.3m east to west | |
| 240 | | Void | | |
| 241 | Deposit | Loose crumbly mid brown sandy silt (peaty) deposit north of 235 with small angular and sub angular stones and a frequent amount of cremated bone. Burial 9 | 0.3m north to south by 0.15m east to west by 0.05 | |

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W/Diam by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------|---|--|------------------|
| 242 | Fill | Loose dark brown black sandy silt with a moderate amount of small sub angular stones (0.02m by 0.04m by 0.05m) and occasional charcoal. Burial 14 | 0.58m northeast to southwest by 0.24m northwest to southeast by 0.10m | |
| 243 | Deposit | Loose mid brownish orange sandy silt deposit with occasional small sub angular stones and frequent cremated bone. Burial 8 northwest to southeast | 0.40m northwest to southeast by 0.16 northeast to southwest by 0.12m | Wood sample 134 |
| 244 | Fill | Fairly loose dark brownish black silty clay with frequent charcoal and frequent flat angular burnt and fire cracked stones(0.15m by 0.10m by 0.08m max) | 2.3m northeast to southwest by 0.54m northwest to southeast (to baulk) by 0.32m | Burnt bone frags |
| 245 | Deposit | Light brown silty deposit above 244 | | |
| 246 | | Same as 246 | | |
| 247 | | Same as 302 | | |
| 248-253 | | Stone socket | | |
| 254 | | Non archaeological root disturbance | | |
| 255 | Deposit | Non archaeological | | |
| 256 | Deposit | Loose light grey sandy silty ashy deposit at south end of kerb between kerb stones 086 | 0.9m east to west by 0.7m north to south by 0.2m | |
| 257 | | Void | | |
| 258 | Deposit | Burial 12. Very loose dark brownish black sandy silt with occasional charcoal, small stones and cremated bone. Located in angular space between stones | 0.6m by 0.12m(max) by 0.11m | |
| 259 | | Void | | |
| 260 | | Void | | |
| 261 | Fill | Loose mid-dark brown sandy silt fill of 365 with frequent small sub angular stones 0.7m west of burial area | 0.40 east to west by 0.34 north to south by 0.2m | |
| 262 | | Void | | |
| 263 | | Void | | |
| 264 | | Void | | |
| 265 | | same as 331 | | |
| 266 | | Non archaeological | | |

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W/Diam by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------|--|---|---|
| 267 | | Northeast to southwest orientated cut for burial 5. Sub oval with cut present on southwest side with a flattish base | 0.3m northeast to southwest by 0.10m northwest to southeast by 0.05m | |
| 268 | Fill | Soft very dark brown silt fill of 267 with cremated bone. Burial 5 | 0.3m northeast to southwest by 0.10m northwest to southeast by 0.05m | |
| 269 | | Sub circular cut for burial 7 | 0.21m by 0.18m | |
| 270 | | Loose dark brown sandy silt fill of burial 7 | 0.21m north to south by 0.18m east to west by 0.05m | |
| 271 | Deposit | Small loose dark/brownish black silty sand deposit between 011 with organic inclusions around inner kerb stones at north end | 0.6m north to south by 0.45m east to west by 0.07m | |
| 272 | Deposit | Very loose mid to dark brown natural deposit with frequent organic inclusions and gravel. | 0.64m-1.7m by 0.2m | |
| 273 | Deposit | Firm dark reddish brown silty clay with small angular stones between inner kerb stones at northern end. | 0.65m north to south by 0.45 east to west by 0.27m | |
| 274 | Deposit | Moderately compacted orange brown silty sand deposit with sub rounded stones of 213 found lying against kerb 214 | 0.7m north to south by 0.15 east to west by 0.2m | |
| 275 | | Non archaeological | | |
| 276 | | Non archaeological | | |
| 277 | Cut | Triangular shaped cut for burial 6 with vertical sides and a flat base, formed by 3 angular stones, filled by 278 | 0.2m north to south by 0.15m east to west by 0.04m | |
| 278 | Deposit | Loose black sandy silt fill of 277 with very small stones, cremated bone and charcoal | 0.2m north to south by 0.15m east to west by 0.04m | |
| 279 | Deposit | Same as 256 and 287 | | |
| 280 | | Same as 272 | | |
| 281 | Fill | Compact light to mid brown clayey silt fill of pit 109 with a moderate amount of small angular and sub angular stones | 0.30m north to south by 0.20m east to west by 0.13m | 2 prehistoric pottery sherds |
| 282 | | Non archaeological | | |
| 283 | Deposit | Post med dark grey sand deposit at south corner of site close to road with frequent stones -same as 012 | 6.5m north to south by 3.5m east to west | Post med pottery, glass, bottle cork at top of fill |

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W/Diam by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------------|--|--|-------|
| 284 | Deposit | Loose dark brown sandy silt deposit with cremated bone located in gap between 235 stone (burial 1) and 277(burial 6) | 0.27m northeast to southwest by 0.04m northwest to southeast by 0.01m | |
| 285 | Stone deposit | Small granite stones at south end of kerb where a gap is visible in kerb wall | 1m north to south by 0.86 east to west by | |
| 286 | | Non arch | | |
| 287 | | Same as 279 | | |
| 288 | | Non arch | | |
| 289 | Deposit | Loose dark brown silty clay fill of burial 13 with frequent small stones at the base, charcoal and burnt bone | 0.19m east to west by 0.09m north to south by 0.06m | |
| 290 | Cut | Oblong shaped cut for burial 14. only visible on north side with gradual sides and a flat stone at the base | 0.70m northeast to southwest by 0.26m northwest to southeast by 0.10m | |
| 291 | Deposit | Loose light brown sandy silt with frequent stones inside kerb wall in south extension of site. Same as other packing fills of kerb | 6m north to south by 1m east to west by 0.3m | |
| 292 | | Non arch | | |
| 293 | Fill | Loose blackish brown sandy silt fill of 304 with occasional stones at northwest edge of burial area | 0.4m north to south by 0.36m east to west by 0.14m | |
| 294-301 | | Non arch | | |
| 302 | | Same as 247 | | |
| 303 | | Non arch | | |
| 304 | Cut | Shallow linear cut in main burial area north of 235 stone | 1m east to west by 0.40m north to south by 0.05m deep | |
| 305 | Deposit | Loose dark brown sandy silt deposit with small stones (0.10m by 0.05m by 0.02m) and frequent cremated bone. Burial 15 | 0.25m north to south by 0.3m east to west by 0.05m | |
| 306 | | Non arch | | |
| 307 | | Non arch | | |
| 308 | | Same as 292 | | |
| 309 | Deposit | Possible small feature consisting of brown clayey fill with slab like stones at the top | 0.5m wide (in section) by 0.12m | |

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W/Diam by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------------|---|---|-----------|
| 310 | Cut | North to south orientated sub rectangular shaped cut with rounded ends, wider at north end, with sharp sloping SE, N, W, east sides and gradual W, southwest sides. Slightly concave base sloping down to northeast | 0.1m north to south by 0.5m east to west by 0.25m | |
| 311 | Fill | Very loose dark yellowish brown sandy silt fill of 310 with frequent small angular stones(0.01m-0.12m) and beech leaves | 0.1m north to south by 0.5m east to west by 0.25m | |
| 312 | Stone deposit | Collapsed kerb granite stones from south extension area of site. Same as 056/092 | 2.5m east to west by 2m north to south by 0.20m deep | |
| 313 | Deposit | Loose mid brown sandy silt fill of burial 16 with occasional small stones and frequent cremated bone | 0.3m north to south by 0.24m east to west by 0.05m | |
| 314 | Fill | Small dark grey pocket of fill in 310 | N/A | |
| 315 | Fill | Small dark grey pocket of fill in 310 | N/A | |
| 316 | | Non arch | | |
| 317 | | Non arch | | |
| 318 | | Non arch | | |
| 319 | | Non arch | | |
| 320 | | Same as 013 (N end of site) | | |
| 321 | Deposit | Loose dark brown sandy silt deposit with collapse kerb stones 092 in it | 1.96m north to south by 0.36m east to west by 0.09m | |
| 322 | Fill | Possible stone filled feature visible in main section (fig 14) located in cist area | 0.32m wide (in section) by 0.38mD | |
| 323 | | Non arch | | |
| 324 | Deposit | Loose dark brown sandy silt fill of burial 18 with frequent stones(0.04m by 0.02m by 0.01m), frequent cremated bone and occasional charcoal | 0.7m northeast to southwest by 0.2m northwest to southeast by 0.06m | Quatrz 82 |
| 325 | | Same as 013 | | |
| 326 | Stone deposit | Crystalline stones mostly angular in shape with a small amount of rounded stones found between kerb stones in 291 in south extension area | 6m north to south by 1m east to west by 0.3m | |

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W/Diam by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------------|--|---|-----------------------|
| 327 | Deposit | Moderately compacted dark brown black sandy silt fill of burial 17 and cut 341 with small stones and cremated bones | 0.07m east to west by 0.07m north to south by 0.05m | |
| 328 | Deposit | Loose brownish grey sandy silt deposit under stones from kerb collapse in south extension area (312) | 2.5m east to west by 2m north to south by 0.28m | |
| 329 | Stone deposit | Basal layer of medium-large granite cairn stones in the natural | 18.5m north to south by 6.3m east to west (N end), 1.5(S end) | |
| 330 | Stone deposit | Small, medium and large mostly sub rounded granite stones placed in a circle inside and close to kerb 082 | 1.2m in diameter | |
| 331 | Cut | Re-cut of pit 109 and filled by 111 | 1.50m east to west x 1.70m north to south x 0.50m deep | |
| 332 | Stone deposit | north to south orientated line of medium to large limestone and granite stones parallel to outer kerb | 16.58m north to south | |
| 333 | Stone deposit | Small sub rounded stones in natural under bigger stones of feature E | 0.55m east to west by 0.24m north to south | |
| 334 | Stone deposit | Same as 332 | | |
| 335 | Deposit | Loose dark brown clayey silt deposit at north end of site | 0.05m in depth | |
| 336 | Deposit | Loose dark brownish black sandy silt with small angular stones, occasional charcoal and frequent cremated bone. Burial 19 May have stones enclosing it | 0.3m east to west by 0.2m north to south by 0.07m | Piece of bark twisted |
| 337 | Deposit | Loose dark brownish black sandy silt with small angular stones, a moderate amount of charcoal and frequent cremated bone. Burial 20 | 0.4m east to west by 0.3m north to south by 0.08m | burnt bark |
| 338 | Deposit | Loose dark brownish black sandy silt with occasional small stones, charcoal and frequent cremated bone. Burial 21 | 0.3m east to west by 0.1m north to south by 0.08 | |
| 339 | | Same as 013 | | |
| 340 | | Non arch | | |

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W/Diam by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------------|---|--|---------------|
| 341 | Cut | Sub circular shaped cut for burial 17 with sharp break of slope on its eastern edge and a flat base | 0.7m by 0.7m by 0.05m | |
| 342 | | Non arch | | |
| 343 | Fill | loose mid brown sandy silt fill of 344 with small stones | 0.48 northwest to southeast by 0.38m southwest to northeast by 0.15m | |
| 344 | Cut | Oval shaped cut filled by 343 with vertical and convex sides and a convex base | 0.48m northwest to southeast by 0.38m southwest to northeast by 0.15m | |
| 345 | Fill | Firm brown sandy clay fill of 346 with small sub angular stones and medium sized sub rounded stones | 0.8m northwest to southeast (in section) by 1.2m by 0.7m | |
| 346 | Cut | Oval shaped cut filled by 345 with gradual sloping sides and a concave base | 0.8m northwest to southeast (in section) by 1.2m by 0.7m | |
| 347 | | Non arch | | |
| 348 | Deposit | Loose mid brown clayey silt with frequent charcoal an a moderate amount of small-medium sized sub angular stones (0.11m by 0.06m by 0.02m max) | 2.3m north to south by 0.12m east to west by 0.12m deep | |
| 349 | Stone deposit | Line of 4 long angular stones in the centre of the site at the CPO line enclosing 244 and ending at a possible cremation pyre pit (355) | 2.32m north to south by 0.18m east to west by 0.18m | |
| 350 | Fill | Firm black organic silty clay fill of 351 with a frequent amount of charcoal | 0.07m by 0.15m | |
| 351 | Cut | Circular shaped cut with steep sides and a pointed base | 0.07m by 0.15m | |
| 352 | | Non arch | | |
| 353 | Fill | Moderately compact dark brown to black silty clay fill of 355 with frequent charcoal and and firecracked angular flat stones with flecked of burnt bone | 0.56 north to south by 0.48m east to west by 0.3m | Cremated bone |
| 354 | Deposit | Compact orange clay burnt natural <i>in situ</i> concentrated at southwest edge of 355 | 0.34 north to south by 0.22m east to west | |
| 355 | Cut | Irregular sub circular shaped cut of pit filled by 353 with gradual sloping sides and an elongated sub oval base | 0.56 north to south by 0.48m east to west by 0.36m | |

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W/Diam by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------------|---|---|--|
| 356 | Stone deposit | 5 angular stones that separate the main cremation area from the stone lined feature 349 | 1mE/NW by 0.18m (max) | |
| 357 | Stone deposit | Rounded stones possibly circling 235 stone in burial area | 1.5m north to south by 1.4m east to west | |
| 358 | Deposit | Moderately compacted brown sandy silt shallow deposit with small angular stones in burial area under stone 235 at southern end | 0.46m east to west by 0.30m north to south by 0.04m | Pottery |
| 359 | Deposit | Moderately compacted black sandy silt shallow deposit with very frequent small angular stones and charcoal in burial area | 0.42 east to west by 0.4m north to south by 0.02m | |
| 360 | Fill | Firm dark blackish brown silty clay fill of 361 with small pieces of charcoal | 0.09m east to west by 0.05m north to south by 0.09 | |
| 361 | Cut | Oval shaped cut with steep sides and a pointed base | 0.09m east to west by 0.05m north to south by 0.09 | |
| 362 | Stone deposit | Possible box shaped granite stone structure beside 330 north of it | 1.2m by 1.2m by 0.48m (max height) | |
| 363 | Deposit | Compact black sandy clay with occasional charcoal and frequent cremated bones with stone at west end. Burial 3 | 0.2mN/s by 0.2m east to west by 0.05m | |
| 364 | Deposit | Compact brown sandy clay with occasional charcoal and cremated bone under a small flat stone. Burial 24 | 0.25 north to south by 0.35 east to west by 0.05m | Fragment of pottery under stone but lost |
| 365 | Cut | Oval shaped cut with steep regular sides, base sloping to the west filled by 261 | 0.4m north to south by 0.34m east to west by 0.2m | |
| 366 | Deposit | Loose dark brown sandy silt deposit with small angular pieces of limestone, frequent charcoal and cremated bone | 0.2m north to south by 0.16m east to west by 0.06m | |
| 367 | Stone deposit | Small angular fire cracked stones located on sides and base of 355 (0.08m by 0.06m by 0.02m to 0.16m by 0.08m by 0.06m) | 0.9m north to south by 0.64m east to west | |
| 368 | Fill | Loose mid to dark brown silty clay fill of 372 with frequent charcoal, cremated bone and occasional small sub angular stones. Burial 26 | 0.38m east to west by 0.22m north to south by 0.14m | |

| Context | Type | Description | Size (L by W/Diam by D) | Finds |
|---------|---------------|--|--|-------|
| 369 | Fill | Compact dark brown sandy silt fill of 377 with frequent small angular limestone | 0.86m northwest to southeast by 0.6m northeast to southwest by 0.2m | |
| 370 | Fill | Loose mid-dark brown sandy silt fill of 375 with moderate inclusions of bone and frequent inclusions of charcoal. Burial 27 | 0.32m north to south by 0.2m east to west by 0.12m | |
| 371 | Deposit | Loose mid brown sandy silt deposit (burial 28) with moderate amount of cremated bone located to the west of burial 27 | 0.28m east to west by 0.18m north to south by 0.04m | |
| 372 | Cut | East to west orientated oval to sub rectangular shaped cut for burial 26 filled by 368 with steep sides and a flat base | 0.38m east to west by 0.22m north to south by 0.14m | |
| 373 | Stone deposit | Group of stones overlying pit 355 at northeast side close to CPO line(0.32m by 0.52m by 0.08m (max)) | 0.7m east to west by 0.14m north to south | |
| 374 | Fill | Loose dark brown sandy silt fill of 376 with frequent charcoal and human bone. Burial 29 | 0.22m east to west by 0.09m north to south by 0.2m | |
| 375 | Cut | Irregular shaped north to south orientated cut for burial 27 filled by 370 with gradual sloping sides except east side which is composed of a straight sided stone | 0.32m north to south by 0.2m east to west by 0.12m | |
| 376 | Cut | Linear shaped cut for burial 29 filled by 374 located at the north edge of 355 with steep sides composed of stones and hardly any base surviving | 0.22m east to west by 0.09m north to south by 0.2m | |
| 377 | Cut | Sub oval shaped cut filled by 369 with sharp sloping south side and gradual sloping north side and a flat base at south end of kerb | 0.86m northwest to southeast by 0.6m northeast to southwest by 0.2m | |
| 378 | Deposit | Mid brown silty sand deposit of bank material with frequent amount of small granite stones in west part of site | 2.7m north to south by 1.8m east to west by 0.26m | |
| 379 | Stone deposit | Oval shaped stone lining for burial 35 comprised of small to medium sized sub rounded and sub angular granite stones | 0.86m east to west by 0.7m north to south | |

Appendix II Finds

| Find number | Fill | Cut | Description | Quantity |
|--------------------|-------------|------------|--|--------------------|
| 1 | 001 | | Miscellaneous metal objects | |
| 2 | 001 | | Animal bone | |
| 3 | 001 | | Spindle whorl | |
| 4 | 001 | | Flint | 1 piece |
| 5 | 001 | | Post Med cut stone | |
| 6 | 001 | | Metal disc | |
| 7 | 001 | | Animal bone | |
| 8 | 001 | | Flint | 1 piece |
| 9 | 001 | | Post med cut stone | |
| 10 | 001 | | Flint | 1 piece |
| 11 | 001 | | Corroded slate with iron pan | |
| 12 | 012 | | Handmade nails | |
| 13 | 012 | | Quartz close to 028 | 1 piece |
| 14 | 012 | | Medieval pottery | 1 sherd |
| 15 | 012 | | Medieval pottery | 1 sherd |
| 16 | 012 | | Glass | |
| 17 | 012 | | Animal bone - tooth | |
| 18 | 015 | | Prehistoric Pottery | 1 sherd 2 pieces |
| 19 | 012 | | Flint | 2 pieces |
| 20 | 010 | | Post med pottery | 1 sherd |
| 21 | 012 | | Flint from above north end of kerb | 1 piece |
| 22 | 001 | | Clay pipe stem fragment | |
| 23 | 001 | | Metal | 1 piece |
| 24 | 012 | | Metal object | 1 piece |
| 25 | 012 | | Post med pottery (black ware) | 1 sherd |
| 26 | Void | | | |
| 27 | 012 | | Medieval pottery (tile frag) | 1 sherd |
| 28 | 034 | 037 | Prehistoric pottery | 2 sherds |
| 29 | 012 | | Flint scraper (from eastern part of the site beside CPO fence) | 1 piece |
| 30 | 041 | | Medieval pottery | 1 sherd |
| 31 | 041 | | Medieval pottery | 1 sherd |
| 32 | 012 | | Medieval pottery | 6 sherds |
| 33 | 012 | | Metal object | 1 piece |
| 34 | 012 | | Medieval pottery | 3 sherds |
| 35 | 055 | 102 | Prehistoric pottery (top of fill) | 1 sherd |
| 36 | 035 | 037 | Medieval pottery(top of fill) | 1 sherd |
| 37 | 034 | 037 | Prehistoric pottery | 1 sherd (2 frags) |
| 38 | 035 | 037 | Prehistoric pottery | 2 sherds |
| 39 | Unstrat | | Flint (Se part of site)-080 level | 1 piece |
| 40 | 001 | | Wood | 1 piece |
| 41 | 001 | | Metal object | 1 piece |
| 42 | 103/35 | 108/37 | Prehistoric pottery (Unclear if from 108 or 37 Similar to find#38) | 4 sherds and frags |
| 43 | 059 | | Medieval pottery | 1 sherd |

| Find number | Fill | Cut | Description | Quantity |
|-------------|--------------|-----------|---|------------------------------|
| 44 | 046 | | Flint | 1 piece |
| 45 | 046 | | Prehistoric pottery | 1 piece |
| 46 | 046 | | Prehistoric pottery | 5 frags |
| 47 | 103? | 108 | Prehistoric pottery | 12 frags |
| 48 | 046? | | Prehistoric pottery | 2 frags |
| 49 | 046? | | Prehistoric pottery | 4 frags |
| 50 | 106 | 108 | Prehistoric pottery (top of fill) | 7 sherds |
| 51 | 139 | | Prehistoric pottery | 5 sherds + 2 frags |
| 52 | 226 | | Flint scraper | 1 piece |
| 53 | 103 | 108 | Prehistoric pottery | 1 sherd |
| 54 | 001 | | Miscellaneous finds from Site 111A | |
| 55 | 012 | | Metal | 2 pieces |
| 56 | 001 | | Cleanback finds (NW area) | 1 bag |
| 57 | 001 | | Flint | 1 piece |
| 58 | 012 | | Miscellaneous finds | 1 bag |
| 59 | 064 | Burial 35 | Prehistoric pottery | 3 frags |
| 60 | Void | | | |
| 61 | Unstratified | | Flint from northeast part of site | 1 piece |
| 62 | 053 | | Flint (SE/centre of site) | 1 piece |
| 63 | 118 | | Prehistoric pottery | 1 sherd |
| 64 | 311 | | Medieval pottery? | 1 sherd |
| 65 | 045 | | Prehistoric pottery | 2 sherds |
| 66 | 045 | | Prehistoric pottery (Includes 1 rim sherd) | 4 sherds |
| 67 | 045 | | Prehistoric pottery (includes 1 rim sherd) | 3 sherds |
| 68 | 045 | | Prehistoric pottery | 15 sherds + 10 frags |
| 69 | 045 | | Prehistoric pottery | 6 sherds |
| 70 | 103 | 108 | Prehistoric pottery | 8 sherds |
| 71 | 111 | 108 | Flint | 1 piece |
| 72 | 046 | | Prehistoric pottery | 7 sherds |
| 73 | 046 | | Prehistoric pottery | 1 sherd |
| 74 | 046 | | Prehistoric pottery | 2 sherds |
| 75 | 281 | 109 | Prehistoric pottery | 2 sherds |
| 76 | 248 | 249 | Clay pipe | 1 piece |
| 77 | Unstratified | | Flint (NE baulk-outside CPO) | 1 piece |
| 78 | 100 | | Prehistoric pottery | 3 sherds |
| 79 | 012 | | Metal | 1 nail + 1 disc |
| 80 | 046 | | Prehistoric pottery | 1 decorated sherd + 15 frags |
| 81 | 046 | | Prehistoric pottery | 20 sherds |
| 82 | 324 | Burial 18 | Quartz | 1 piece |
| 83 | 046 | | Prehistoric pottery | 8 sherds |
| 84 | 226 | | Prehistoric pottery | 1 sherd + 3 frags |
| 85 | 336 | | Wood from burial 19 | 1 piece |
| 86 | 226 | | Prehistoric pottery | 1 sherd |
| 87 | 046 | | Prehistoric pottery | 32 sherds |

| Find number | Fill | Cut | Description | Quantity |
|-------------|------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|
| 88 | 046 | | Prehistoric pottery | 40 sherds |
| 89 | 046 | | Prehistoric pottery | 40 sherds |
| 90 | 046 | | Prehistoric pottery | 17 sherds |
| 91 | 046 | | Prehistoric pottery | 70 sherds |
| 92 | 046 | | Prehistoric pottery | 35 sherds |
| 93 | 046 | | Prehistoric pottery | 28 sherds |
| 94 | 046 | | Prehistoric pottery | 35 sherds |
| 95 | 046 | | Prehistoric pottery | 30 sherds |
| 96 | 358 | | Prehistoric pottery under 235 stone | 3 sherds |
| 97 | 223 | Burial 23 (1 st layer) | Prehistoric pottery | 12 sherds |
| 98 | 218 | Burial 22 (2 nd layer) | Prehistoric pottery | 10 sherds |
| 99 | 218 | Burial 22 (1 st layer) | Prehistoric pottery | 2 sherds |
| 100 | 223 | Burial 23 (2 nd layer) | Prehistoric pottery | 15 frags |
| 101 | 057 | | Nail from post med feature | 1 piece |

Appendix III Sample list

| Sample | Description | Context | Reason for Sample |
|------------------------------|--|-------------------------|--|
| 7, 13, 14 | Fill of pit 037 | 034, 035, 036 | To establish function and later cairn activity May contain pollen |
| 9 | Charcoal sample | 039 | Tree bowl, void |
| 15, 16 | Fill of pit | 047, 077 | Date and function of feature |
| 19, 48, 50, 68, 158 | Cairn Layer | 080 | Artefact retrieval-dating of main body of cairn and deposition inside main cairn |
| 21 | Fill of possible stakehole 088 | 089 | Evidence of structure |
| 24 | Fill of cist 102 | 055 | Date and bone retrieval from pits/cists at Northern end of site |
| 25, 53 | Deposit | 053 | Above burial area-may contain bone |
| 33, 35, 82, 122 | Fill of pit 108 | 045 | Prehistoric pottery in this fill-material culture |
| 34, 43, 44, 46, 98, 137, 151 | Fill of Kerb 082 | 131, 141, 142, 321, 291 | Kerb construction date and deposition in kerb |
| 39 | Hazelnut | 046 | Sample for specialist-subsistence and/or ceremonial deposition |
| 40 | Charcoal/Burnt hazelnut from between kerb stones | 144 | Sample for specialist-subsistence and/or ceremonial deposition |
| 63 | Cairn Layer | 012 | Above burial area-may contain bone |
| 77 | Kerb deposit | 228 | Construction date for kerb |
| 78 | Inner kerb fill | 237 | Kerb construction date and deposition in kerb |
| 83, 125 | Fill of pit 037 | 103 | Date and function of pits at north end of site |
| 84 | Fill of pit 331 | 111 | Date and function of pits at north end of site |
| 85 | Deposit | 054 | Associated with burial area-may contain bone |
| 87, 156 | Deposit | 118 | Date of possible disturbed part of cairn-may date re-use or another cotemporary use of site |
| 88, 169 | Deposit | 244 | Associated with hearth area-has charcoal in it and possibly bone |
| 89 | Deposit | 244 | Charcoal sample-date of hearth |
| 95, 146 | Deposit | 046 | Important rich charcoal layer at northern end of site-separate charcoal and artefact retrieval |
| 117 | Fill of Pit 109 | 107 | Date and function of pits at north end of site. May get pollen from pits |
| 118, 126 | Fill of pit 109 | 105 | Date and function of pits at north end of site. May get pollen from pits |
| 119 | Fill of Pit 109 | 110 | Date and function of pits at north end of site. May get pollen from pits |
| 120 | Fill of Pit 109 | 281 | Date and function of pits at north end of site. May get pollen from pits |
| 128, 153, 162, 176 | Deposit | 226 | Deposit associated with stone layers in northeast part of site-artefact retrieval |
| 132 | Deposit | 237 | Dating of main body of cairn/inner kerb |
| 133 | Deposit | 293 | Associated with burial area-may contain bone |

| Sample | Description | Context | Reason for Sample |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|--|
| 17, 142, 150 | Deposit | 328, 81 | Kerb construction date |
| 144, 145 | Deposit | 279, 274 | Kerb construction date-possible later additions to kerb |
| 154 | Deposit | 335/139 | Artefact retrieval-pottery already found. |
| 155 | Deposit | 013 | Soil sample beneath kerb stone 4 - ceremonial deposition in cairns |
| 163, 148 | Deposit | 287, 292 | Possible kerb end date |
| 168 | Deposit | 348 | Date and function of hearth area |
| 177 | Deposit | 100 | Check for charcoal, artefacts, pollen |
| 180 | Fill of 355 | 353 | Function and date of hearth |
| 184 | Deposit | 358 | Associated with burial area-may contain bone. Pottery found. |
| 189-195, 204, 206-214, 217-231 | Deposit | 013 | Soil samples taken from under outer kerb stones-deposition in cairns |
| 196 | Deposit | 359 | Associated with burial area-may contain bone |
| 234 | Deposit | 013 | Soil samples taken from under largest stones (possible structure)-deposition in cairns |
| 246 | Deposit | 013 | Sample under stone lining of hearth area |

Appendix IIIa Samples from burials

| Sample | Fill | No. Bags | Comment |
|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---|
| 24 | 055 | 1 | Soil Sample from burial 36 |
| 29 | 086 | 1 | Soil sample burial 32 in pit 096 |
| 41 | 086 | 1 | Soil from fill of pit 096, burial 32. |
| 42 | 149 | 1 | Soil from basal fill of pit 096. Burial 33 |
| 56 | 138 | 1 | Dark brown fill from pit 165, burial 34. |
| 70 | 064 | 2 | Soil from burial 35. |
| 71 | 218 | 2 | Soil from burial 22 |
| 74 | 160 | 1 | Soil from burial 37 contains frags of bone |
| 75 | 217 | 1 | Soil from burial 2, contains frags of bone |
| 80 | 158 | 5 | Soil from area of burial 1, contains bone. |
| 99 | 241 | 1 | Soil from burial 9, contains cremated bone. |
| 100 | 239 | 1 | Soil from burial 4, contains cremated bone. |
| 101 | 217 | 1 | Sample from burial 2, contains bone. |
| 102 | 262 | 1 | All of the cremation fill, burial 10. |
| 106 | 268 | 1 | All of the cremation fill, burial 5. |
| 109 | 270 | 1 | All of the cremation fill. burial 7. |
| 111 | 278 | 1 | Soil sample from burial 6, contains bone. |
| 112 | 284 | 1 | Soil sample from cremation, associated with burial 1 or 6 |
| 114 | 243 | 6 | Soil sample from burial 8. |
| 115 | 242 | 2 | Soil sample from burial 14. |
| 121 | 258 | 1 | Soil sample from burial 12. |
| 130 | 289 | 1 | Soil sample from burial 13. |
| 134 | 243 | 1 | Wood sample from burial 8 |
| 135 | 305 | 1 | Soil sample from burial 15. |
| 136 | 305 | 1 | Possible burnt seed from burial 15. |
| 138 | 313 | 1 | Soil sample from burial 16. |
| 143 | 327 | 1 | Soil sample from burial 17, contains bone and charcoal. |
| 152 | 234 | 2 | Soil sample from burial 18, contains bone and charcoal. |
| 159 | 336 | 1 | Soil sample from burial 19. |
| 161 | 324 | 1 | Fill between stones, burial 18. |
| 165 | 338 | 1 | Soil sample from burial 21. |
| 178 | 337 | 1 | Soil sample from burial 20. |
| 179 | 337 | 1 | Piece of wood from burial 20. |
| 183 | 337 | 1 | Charcoal, burial 18. |
| 187 | 223 | 1 | Soil, charcoal and burnt bone, layer 1 burial 23. |
| 188 | 223 | 1 | Soil, charcoal and burnt bone, layer 2 burial 23. |
| 198 | 218 | 1 | Soil and burnt bone, burial 22. |
| 199 | 218 | 1 | Charcoal, burial 22. |
| 200 | 218 | 1 | Organic find, burial 22. |
| 202 | 337 | 1 | Soil sample from burial 20. From under 235 |
| 203 | 338 | 1 | Soil sample from burial 21. |
| 215 | 366 | 2 | Soil sample from burial 25. |
| 216 | 366 | 2 | Charcoal sample from burial 25. |
| 236 | 363 | 1 | Soil sample from burial 3. |
| 237 | 364 | 1 | Soil sample from burial 24. |
| 239 | 370 | 1 | Soil from pit that contained burial 27. |
| 240 | 370 | 1 | Charcoal sample from burial 27. |
| 245 | 371 | 1 | Soil sample from burial 28. |
| 247 | 374 | 1 | Charcoal sample from burial 29. |

| Sample | Fill | No. Bags | Comment |
|--------|------|----------|----------------------------------|
| 248 | 374 | 3 | Soil sample from burial 29. |
| 256 | 097 | 1 | Fill of burial 30. Contains bone |

Appendix IIIb Small bone samples recovered not associated with burials

| Sample | Description | Context | Reason for Sample |
|---------------|--|----------------|------------------------------|
| 6 | Burnt human bone and soil from around it | 080 | cremated bone identification |
| 7 | Burnt human bone and soil from around it | 080 | cremated bone identification |
| 12 | Burnt bone from southern part of site | 001 | cremated bone identification |
| 24 | fragment of burnt bone, not obvious if human | 044 | cremated bone identification |
| 33 | burnt bone from hearth feature 355 | 244 | cremated bone identification |
| 38 | One small fragment of cremated bone | 118 | cremated bone identification |
| 41 | cremated bone | 353 | cremated bone identification |

Appendix IIIc Charcoal samples

| Sample | Description | Context | Reason for Sample |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| 9 | Charcoal sample | 039 | C14 dating |
| 38 | Charcoal sample from beneath 046 | 139 | C14 dating |
| 40 | charcoal or burnt hazelnut sample | 144 | C14 dating |
| 69 | Charcoal sample | 223 | C14 dating |
| 81 | Charcoal sample from burial 1 | 158 | C14 dating |
| 89 | Charcoal sample | 244 | C14 dating |
| 113 | Charcoal sample | 240 | C14 dating |
| 170 | Charcoal sample | 244 | C14 dating |
| 182 | Charcoal sample | 353 | C14 dating |
| 197 | Charcoal sample | 359 | C14 dating |
| 199 | Charcoal sample from burial 22 | 218 | C14 dating |
| 216 | Charcoal sample from burial 25 | 366 | C14 dating |
| 240 | Charcoal sample from burial 27 | 370 | C14 dating |
| 247 | Charcoal sample from burial 29 | 374 | C14 dating |
| 249 | Charcoal sample | 244 | C14 dating |

Appendix III d Environmental samples

| Sample | Description | Context | Reason for Sample |
|---------------|--|----------------|--------------------------|
| 4 | Oyster shell | 029 | environmental sample |
| 39 | Hazelnut sample from charcoal rich layer | 046 | environmental sample |
| 66 | Shell | 060 | environmental sample |
| 134 | Wood sample from burial 8 | 243 | environmental sample |
| 136 | Possible burnt seed from burial 15 | 305 | environmental sample |
| 179 | A piece of bark from burial 20 | 337 | environmental sample |

Appendix IV Cremation register

| Burial | Deposit | Cut | Description |
|---------------|----------------|------------|--|
| 1 | 158 | | Cremated human bone. Bone in good condition |
| 2 | 217 | 231 | Cremated bone |
| 3 | 363 | | Burial deposit beside Burial 22 |
| 4 | 239 | | Burial deposit |
| 5 | 268 | 267 | Cremation deposit |
| 6 | 278 | 277 | Cremation deposit |
| 7 | 270 | 269 | Cremation deposit |
| 8 | 243 | | Cremation deposit |
| 9 | 241 | | Cremation deposit |
| 10 | 262 | 263 | Cremation deposit |
| 11 | 224 | 225 | Cremation deposit in small pit |
| 12 | 258 | | Cremation between stones |
| 13 | 289 | | Cremation under Burial 6 |
| 14 | 242 | 290 | Cremation beside Burial 8 and up against the stone 235 |
| 15 | 305 | | Burial under Burial 8 |
| 16 | 313 | | Beside Burial 8 (S.W) |
| 17 | 327 | 341 | Burial West of 235 |
| 18 | 324 | | Burial West of 235 under Burial 17 |
| 19 | 336 | | Burial S/West of 235 (possibly the same as 337 & 338) |
| 20 | 337 | | Burial East of 235 (possibly the same as 336 & 338) |
| 21 | 338 | | Burial East of 235 (possibly the same as 336 & 337) |
| 22 | 218 | | Burial north of 235 |
| 23 | 223 | | Burial deposit to South of 218 |
| 24 | 364 | | Burial deposit |
| 25 | 366 | | Burial deposit cut by cut 355 (hearth) |
| 26 | 368 | 372 | Burial deposit cut by cut 355 (hearth) |
| 27 | 370 | 375 | Burial deposit below Burial 25 |
| 28 | 371 | | Burial deposit |
| 29 | 374 | 376 | Burial deposit |
| 30 | 097 | 099 | Burial deposit |
| 31 | 098 | 099 | Burial deposit |
| 32 | 86 | 096 | Burial deposit |
| 33 | 149 | 096 | Burial deposit in basal layer of 096 |
| 34 | 138 | 165 | Burial deposit marked by upright stone |
| 35 | 064 | | Burial deposit cut by cut 099 |
| 36 | 055/127 | 102 | Large stonelined pit burial |
| 37 | 160 | | Burial Deposit above 224(burial 11) |

Appendix V Photographic log

| Frame no. | Description |
|--|---|
| Card 1 Site 111 area 12 a1-n1 Jo's camera | |
| 756 | Mid-ex of C3 (pre-ex of second layer) - facing south-east |
| 757 | Mid-ex of C3 (pre-ex of second layer) - facing south-east |
| 758 | Mid-ex of C3 (pre-ex of second layer) - facing south-east |
| 759 | Mid-ex of C3 (pre-ex of second layer) - facing south-east |
| 760 | Mid-ex of C3 (pre-ex of second layer) - facing south-east |
| 761 | Mid-ex of C3 (pre-ex of second layer) - facing south-east |
| 762 | Mid-ex of C3 (pre-ex of second layer) - facing south-east |
| 763 | Mid-ex of C3 (pre-ex of second layer) - facing south-east (closer view) |
| 764 | North-east facing section beside bank + road (C30) |
| 765 | North-east facing section beside bank + road (C30) |
| 766 | Cairn behind road, facing east |
| 767 | Cairn behind road, facing south-east |
| 768 | Cairn behind road, facing north |
| 769 | Cairn behind road, facing north |
| 770 | Cairn during excavation, facing north-east |
| 771 | Pre-ex of western and southern extent of cairn - facing north |
| 772 | Pre-ex of western and southern extent of cairn - facing north |
| 773 | Possible extent of cairn facing south-east |
| 774 | Possible extent of cairn facing south-east |
| 775 | People on site |
| 776 | People on site |
| 777 | People on site |
| 778 | People on site |
| 779 | People on site |
| 780 | Possible pre-ex of pit C39 - facing east |
| 781 | Void |
| 782 | Pre-ex (C33) - facing east |
| 783 | Pre-ex (C33) - facing east |
| 784 | Pre-ex (C33) - facing east |
| 785 | Pre-ex of large burnt spread (C42) - facing south |
| 786 | Pre-ex of large burnt spread (C42) - facing south-west |
| 787 | Pre-ex of large burnt spread (C42) - facing south-west |
| 788 | Pre-ex of C43 (west end of site) - facing east |
| 789 | Pre-ex of linear features (west end of site) - facing south-east |
| 790 | Pre-ex of linear features (west end of site) - facing south-east |
| 791 | Pre-ex of C43 - facing west |
| 792 | Pre-ex of C43 - facing west |
| 793 | Pre-ex of C43 - facing west |
| 794 to 813 | VOID |
| 814 | Mid-ex of kerb stones (C82) - facing south-east |
| 815 | Mid-ex of kerb stones (C82) - facing south-east |
| 816 | Mid-ex of large circular feature - facing south east |
| 817 | Mid-ex of kerb (C82) - facing south-east |
| 818 | Mid-ex of kerb + west part of site - facing south |
| 819 | Mid-ex of kerb + west part of site - facing south |
| 820 | Pre-ex of C138 (burial) - looking north-east |
| 821 | Pre-ex of C138 (burial) - looking north-east |
| 822 | Pre-ex of C138 (burial) - looking north-east |

| Frame no. | Description |
|--|--|
| 823 | Pre-ex of C138 (burial) - looking north-east (no board) |
| 824 | Pre-ex of C138 - looking east |
| 825 | Post-ex of C96 - looking north-east |
| 826 | Post-ex of C96 - looking north-east |
| 827 | Post-ex of C96 - looking north-east (no board) |
| 828 | Pre-ex of C138 (no board) - looking north-east |
| 829 | Pre-ex of C138 (no board) - looking north-east |
| 830 | Pre-ex of C158, C159, C160, C161 (burials) - looking east |
| 831 | Pre-ex of C158, C159, C160, C161 (burials) - looking east |
| 832 | Pre-ex of C158, C159, C160, C161 (burials) - looking east |
| 833 | Close up of bone in burials + stone lining - looking east |
| 834 | Pre-ex of C161 (burial) - looking east |
| 835 | Crew shots |
| 836 | Crew shots |
| 837 | Crew shots |
| 838 | Crew shots |
| 839 | Crew shots |
| 840 | Crew shots |
| Card 2 Site 111 area 12 a1-n1 Jo's camera | |
| Frame no. | Description |
| 841 | Mid-ex of site 111 from cherry picker - facing south-east |
| 842 | Mid-ex of site 111 from cherry picker - facing south-east |
| 843 | Mid-ex of site 111 from cherry picker - facing south-east |
| 844 | Mid-ex of site 111 from cherry picker - facing south-east |
| 845 | Mid-ex of site 111 from cherry picker - facing east |
| 846 | Close up of mid-ex of large pit feature (C117) - facing south-east |
| 847 | Close up of kerb + gap - facing south |
| 848 | Close up of cairn stones - facing south-east |
| 849 | Close up of large pit (C117) - facing south-east |
| 850 | Mid-ex of cairn - facing south |
| 851 | Mid-ex of cairn - facing south |
| 852 | Mid-ex of cairn - facing south |
| 853 | Close up of stones at western end of site |
| 854 | Close up of C117 - facing south-west |
| 855 | Mid-ex of site 111 with eastern end in view |
| 856 | Stone behind CPO - facing south-east |
| 857 | Stone behind CPO - facing south-east |
| 858 | Mid-ex of site - facing south-east |
| 859 | Feature C117 being planned |
| 860 | Measuring of gap - facing south-east |
| 861 | People working on site - facing south-east |
| 862 | Planning of C117 - facing south-east |
| 863 | Working on site 111 - facing south-east |
| 864 | Working on site 111 - facing south-east |
| 865 | Big stones at eastern end of site - facing east |
| 866 | Marks on stone (ploughmarks?) - facing east |
| 867 | Close up of gap - facing south-east |
| 868 | Close up of gap - facing south-east |
| 869 | Close up of gap - facing south-east |
| 870 | Close up of cairn stones - facing south-east |

| Frame no. | Description |
|-----------|---|
| 871 | Close up of large stones - facing south-east |
| 872 | View to south |
| 873 | View to north-east |
| 874 | View to west |
| 875 | Trees at southern end of site |
| 876 | Mid-ex of cairn - facing south-east |
| 877 | Cherry picker! |
| 878 | People shot - cherry picker removal |
| 879 | People shot – Jakub |
| 880 | People shot - Jakub + Trish working |
| 881 | People shot - Michael and Jakub |
| 882 | Pre-ex of western extension of site - C1 - looking south |
| 883 | Pre-ex of western extension of site - looking west |
| 884 | Pre-ex of western extension of site - looking west |
| 885 | Pre-ex of western extension of site - looking west - no board |
| 886 | Pre-ex of western extension of site - looking south - no board |
| 887 | Mid-ex of C100 + C283 + C238 - looking east |
| 888 | Mid-ex of C100 + C283 + C238 - looking east - no board |
| 889 | Mid-ex of C100 + C283 + C238 - looking east |
| 890 | Pre-ex of C48 - looking north-east |
| 891 | Pre-ex of C48 - looking north-east - no board |
| 892 | C45 + C105 + C111 - mid-ex - looking south |
| 893 | C45 + C105 + C111 - mid-ex - looking south |
| 894 | Andrew testing |
| 895 | Andrew testing |
| 896 | Andrew testing |
| 897 | Post-ex of C75 + C74 - looking west |
| 898 | Post-ex of C75 + C74 - looking west |
| 899 | Post-ex of C75 + C74 - looking west - no board |
| 900 | C239 + C223 + 218 + 241 + 225 + 217 + 242 + 243 - Mid-ex - looking south |
| 901 | C239 + C223 + 218 + 241 + 225 + 217 + 242 + 243 - Mid-ex - looking south |
| 902 | Large flat stone lying in C54 - looking south |
| 903 | Large flat stone lying in C54 - looking south |
| 904 | Showing above loose stone in situ beside fence |
| 905 | Pre-ex of grids 15 + 20 - looking south-east |
| 906 | Pre-ex of grids 15 + 20 - looking south-east |
| 907 | Pre-ex of grids 15 + 20 - looking south-east - no board |
| 908 | Pre-ex of grids 15 + 20 - looking south-east |
| 909 | C3, pre-ex of the western extension of site - looking west |
| 910 | C3, pre-ex of the western extension of site - looking west |
| 911 | C3, pre-ex of the western extension of site - looking south - no board |
| 912 | C3, pre-ex of the western extension of site - looking south - no board |
| 913 | C3, pre-ex of the western extension of site - looking west - no board |
| 914 | C244 + C245 + C53 + C80 - mid-ex - looking east - close up |
| 915 | C244 + C245 + C53 + C80 - mid-ex - looking east - close up |
| 916 | C244 + C245 + C53 + C80 - mid-ex - looking east - close up |
| 917 | C245 - close up - pre-ex - looking east |
| 918 | C244 + C245 + C223 + 218 + C235 + C242 + C243 + C225 + C217 - mid-ex - looking east |
| 919 | C244 + C245 + C223 + 218 + C235 + C242 + C243 + C225 + C217 - mid-ex - |

| Frame no. | Description |
|-----------|---|
| | looking east |
| 920 | C244 + C245 + C223 + 218 + C235 + C242 + C243 + C225 + C217 - mid-ex - looking east |
| 921 | C239 + C223 + 218 + 241 + 225 + 217 + 242 + 243 - pre-ex - looking south |
| 922 | C239 + C223 + 218 + 241 + 225 + 217 + 242 + 243 - pre-ex - looking south |
| 923 | C239 + C223 + 218 + 241 + 225 + 217 + 242 + 243 - pre-ex - looking south - no board |
| 924 | C242 + C243 - pre-ex - looking south-west |
| 925 | C242 + C243 - pre-ex - looking south-west - no board |
| 926 | C223 + C218 + C239 - pre-ex - looking south |
| 927 | C223 + C218 + C239 - pre-ex - looking south |
| 928 | C241 - pre-ex - looking south-west |
| 929 | Close up of C241 - pre-ex - looking south-west - no board |
| 930 | C225 + C217 - pre-ex - looking south-west |
| 931 | C225 + C217 - pre-ex - looking south-west - no board |
| 932 | Area of cremations - looking west - no board |
| 933 | Area of cremations - looking west - no board |
| 934 | Area of cremations - looking west - no board |
| 935 | Area of cremations - looking west - no board |
| 936 | Area of cremations - looking west - no board |
| 937 | Deleted |
| 938 | C248 + C249 - mid-ex - looking north |
| 939 | C248 + C249 - mid-ex - looking north - no board |
| 940 | C247 - mid-ex - looking east |
| 941 | C247 - mid-ex - looking east |
| 942 | C213 + C214 + C11, kerb at south end of site - looking north |
| 943 | C213 + C214 + C11, kerb at south end of site - looking north |
| 944 | C213 + C214 + C11, kerb at south end of site - looking north - no board |
| 945 | Deleted |
| 946 | Deleted |
| 947 | Deleted |
| 948 | Deleted |
| 949 | Deleted |
| 950 | Deposits + C46 - mid-ex - looking west |
| 951 | C46 + C102 + C109 + C108 + C37 - mid-ex - looking south-west |
| 952 | general site working shot - looking south-west |
| 953 | C109 + C108 + C102 - mid-ex - looking east |
| 954 | C109 + C108 + C102 - mid-ex - looking east |
| 955 | C109 + C108 + C102 - mid-ex - looking east |
| 956 | C109 + C108 + C102 - mid-ex - looking east |
| 957 | C109 + C108 + C102 - mid-ex - looking east |
| 958 | C109 + C108 + C102 - mid-ex - looking east |
| 959 | mid-ex of deposits in NE part of site - looking east |
| 960 | mid-ex of deposits in NE part of site - looking east mid-ex of deposits in NE part of site - looking east |
| 961 | General shot of site - looking south-east |
| 962 | General shot of site - looking south-east |
| 963 | People shot |
| 964 | Jo at NE end of site - looking south-east |
| 965 | Jo as scale - looking south-east |

| Frame no. | Description |
|-----------|--|
| 966 | Jo as scale - looking south-east |
| 967 | Jo as scale - looking east |
| 968 | People shot |
| 969 | People shot |
| 970 | Planning of deposits at NE end of site - looking south |
| 971 | Planning of deposits at NE end of site - looking south |
| 972 | Planning of deposits at NE end of site - looking south |
| 973 | Planning of deposits at NE end of site - looking south - wider shot |
| 974 | Planning of- looking south |
| 975 | Site 111 - mid-ex + planning of pit - facing south |
| 976 | People shot |
| 977 | C82 - kerb stones - facing south-east (full kerb) |
| 978 | C82 - kerb stones - facing south-east (full kerb) |
| 979 | C82 - kerb stones - facing south-east (full kerb) |
| 980 | C82 - kerb stones - facing south-east (full kerb) |
| 981 | C82 - kerb stones - facing south-east (full kerb) |
| 982 | C82 - kerb stones - facing south-east (full kerb) - bad light |
| 983 | C82 - kerb stones - facing south-east (full kerb) |
| 984 | Kerb wall - facing south |
| 985 | Kerb wall - facing south |
| 986 | Southern kerb-wall on its own - facing south-south-east |
| 987 | Northern kerb wall on its own - facing north-north-west |
| 988 | Northern kerb wall on its own - facing north-north-west |
| 989 | Kerb C82 - looking north |
| 990 | Kerb C82 - looking north |
| 991 | Southern end of kerb wall |
| 992 | Southern end of kerb wall |
| 993 | Southern end of kerb wall |
| 994 | Southern end of kerb wall |
| 995 | Southern end of kerb wall + possible line of stones - looking north-east |
| 996 | Site 111 - facing north-east |
| 997 | Site 111 - facing north-east |
| 998 | Site 111 - mid-ex - looking north-east |
| 999 | Southern end of kerb - looking south-south-east |
| 1000 | Southern end of kerb - looking south-south-east |
| 1001 | Southern end of kerb - looking south-south-east |
| 1002 | Southern end of kerb - looking south-south-east |
| 1003 | Southern end of kerb - looking south |
| 1004 | Northern end of kerb - looking north |
| 1005 | Northern end of kerb - looking north |
| 1006 | Northern end of kerb - looking north - close up |
| 1007 | Northern end of kerb - looking north |
| 1008 | Northern end of kerb faced stones - looking east |
| 1009 | Northern end of kerb faced stones - looking east |
| 1010 | Northern end of kerb faced stones - looking south-east |
| 1011 | Southern end of kerb faced stones - looking south-east |
| 1012 | Southern end of kerb faced stones - looking south-east |
| 1013 | Kerb stones at southern end with fill removed - looking south-east |
| 1014 | Kerb stones at southern end with fill removed - looking south-east |
| 1015 | Possible end of kerb - facing south-east |

| Frame no. | Description |
|-----------|--|
| 1016 | Kerb at its very northern end - facing east |
| 1017 | Kerb at its very northern end - facing east |
| 1018 | Kerb + possible gap - facing south-east |
| 1019 | Bonding fill (possible) at end of kerb - facing north-west |
| 1020 | Bonding fill (possible) at end of kerb - facing north-west |
| 1021 | Bonding fill (possible) at end of kerb - facing north-west - close up |
| 1022 | Burial 12 - post-ex - facing east |
| 1023 | Burial 12 - post-ex - facing east - no board |
| 1024 | Cars |
| 1025 | Cars |
| 1026 | Cars |
| 1027 | Crew |
| 1028 | South-east facing section photo of deposits in north part of site (C46, etc) - overcut |
| 1029 | South-east facing section photo of deposits in north part of site (C46, etc) - overcut |
| 1030 | South-east facing section photo of deposits in north part of site (C46, etc) - overcut |
| 1031 | South-east facing section photo of deposits in north part of site (C46, etc) - overcut |
| 1032 | South-east facing section photo of deposits in north part of site (C46, etc) - overcut |
| 1033 | South-east facing section photo of deposits in north part of site (C46, etc) - overcut |
| 1034 | South-east facing section photo of deposits in north part of site (C46, etc) - overcut |
| 1035 | South-east facing section photo of deposits in north part of site (C46, etc) - overcut |
| 1036 | South-east facing section photo of deposits in north part of site (C46, etc) - overcut |
| 1037 | South-east facing section (overcut) |
| 1038 | View of site 111 from cherrypicker - mid-ex of C80 - facing south |
| 1039 | View of site 111 from cherrypicker - mid-ex of C80 - facing south |
| 1040 | View of site 111 from cherrypicker - mid-ex of C80 - facing south |
| 1041 | View of site 111 from cherrypicker - mid-ex of C80 - facing south |
| 1042 | Close up of mid-ex of kerb - facing south |
| 1043 | Burial area - mid-ex - facing south-east |
| 1044 | Burial area - mid-ex - facing south-east |
| 1045 | Northern part of site - deposits - mid-ex - facing south-east |
| 1046 | Close up of kerb north of gap - facing south |
| 1047 | Close up of kerb south of gap - facing south |
| 1048 | Close up of southern corner of site |
| 1049 | Close up of extension area to south |
| 1050 | View of site + southern view |
| 1051 | Site with people working - facing south |
| 1052 | Site with people working - facing south |
| 1053 | Site with people working - facing south |
| 1054 | Overview of kerb - looking south |
| 1055 | Overview of south part of kerb - looking south |
| 1056 | Overview of south part of kerb - looking south |
| 1057 | Site - mid-ex - looking south |
| 1058 | Site with people working - facing south-east |
| 1059 | Site with people working - facing south-east |
| 1060 | Close up of deposits + pits - facing south-east |
| 1061 | Close up of deposits + pits - facing south-east |
| 1062 | Close up of deposits + pits - facing south-east |
| 1063 | Close up of deposits + pits - facing south-east |
| 1064 | Close up of circular structure with person for scale |
| 1065 | Overview of site 111 - facing south |

| Frame no. | Description |
|--|--|
| 1066 | Close up of structure - facing south-east |
| 1067 | Overview of site - facing south-east |
| 1068 | Overview of site - facing south-east |
| 1069 | Western part of site outside kerb |
| 1070 | Site + beyond CPO - facing south-east |
| 1071 | Site + beyond CPO - facing south-east |
| 1072 | Site + beyond CPO - facing south-east |
| 1073 | Site + beyond CPO - facing south-east |
| 1074 | Site + beyond CPO - facing south-east |
| 1075 | View to south + site |
| 1076 | View to south + site |
| 1077 | View to south + site |
| 1078 | Close up of deposits + pits - facing south-east |
| 1079 | Overview of site - looking south |
| 1080 | Overview of site - looking south |
| 1081 | Overview of site - looking south |
| 1082 | Close up of person in burial area - facing south-east |
| 1083 | Close up of person in burial area - facing south-east |
| 1084 | Overview of site - facing south |
| 1085 | Burial area - facing south-east |
| 1086 | Burial area - facing south-east |
| 1087 | Burial area - facing south-east |
| 1088 | Burial area + beyond CPO fence - looking south-east |
| 1089 | Burial area + beyond CPO fence - looking south-east |
| 1090 | Overview of site - looking south |
| 1091 | Overview of site - looking south |
| 1092 | Crew photo |
| 1093 | Crew photo |
| 1094 | Crew photo |
| 1095 | Crew photo |
| 1096 | Crew photo |
| 1097 | Michael working + people shot |
| Card 3 Site 111 area 12 a1-n1 Jo's camera | |
| Frame no. | Description |
| 1098 | C82 - mid-ex at north end of kerb - looking east |
| 1099 | West facing section through C11 + cremation area - looking east |
| 1100 | West facing section through C11 + cremation area - looking east |
| 1101 | West facing section through C11 + cremation area - looking east |
| 1102 | West facing section through C11 + cremation area - looking east |
| 1103 | West facing section through C11 + cremation area - looking east |
| 1104 | West facing section through C11 + cremation area - looking east |
| 1105 | West facing section through C11 + cremation area - looking east-south-east |
| 1106 | C11 + cremation area - mid-ex - looking south-east |
| 1107 | C11 + cremation area - mid-ex - looking south-east |
| 1108 | Deleted |
| 1109 | Site team |
| 1110 | Site team |
| 1111 | Site team |
| 1112 | Site team |
| 1113 | Site team |

| Frame no. | Description |
|-----------|--|
| 1114 | Site team |
| 1115 | Site team |
| 1116 | Site team |
| 1117 | Site team |
| 1118 | Site team |
| 1119 | Deleted |
| 1120 | Burial 16 - C313 - pre-ex - looking south-west |
| 1121 | Burial 16 - C313 - pre-ex - looking south-west - no board |
| 1122 | C316 - 317 - pre-ex - from north-west |
| 1123 | C316 - 317 - pre-ex - from north-west - no board or scale |
| 1124 | C316 - 317 - mid-ex - from east |
| 1125 | C316 - 317 - mid-ex - from east - no board or scale |
| 1126 | Deleted |
| 1127 | Deleted |
| 1128 | C318 - pre-ex - looking south |
| 1129 | C318 - pre-ex - looking south |
| 1130 | Burial 16 - post-ex - looking south |
| 1131 | Deleted |
| 1132 | Burial 16 - post-ex - looking south - no board |
| 1133 | C82 + C321 - mid-ex - looking north-east |
| 1134 | C82 + C321 - mid-ex - looking north-east - no board |
| 1135 | C316 - post-ex - from west |
| 1136 | C316 - post-ex - from west - no board or scale |
| 1137 | C318 - mid-ex - looking west |
| 1138 | C318 - mid-ex - looking west |
| 1139 | Work shot of Lukas |
| 1140 | C319 - post-ex - looking west |
| 1141 | C319 - post-ex - looking west |
| 1142 | Close up of C319 - post-ex - looking west |
| 1143 | Close up of C319 - post-ex - looking west |
| 1144 | C46 - mid-ex - looking south |
| 1145 | C46 - mid-ex - looking south |
| 1146 | C46 - mid-ex - looking south |
| 1147 | C46 - mid-ex - looking south |
| 1148 | C46 - mid-ex - looking west |
| 1149 | C46 - mid-ex - looking west |
| 1150 | C46 - mid-ex - looking west (erased, same as 1149) |
| 1151 | C46 - mid-ex of black charcoal fill of C117 - looking west |
| 1152 | C322 - 323 - pre-ex - from north |
| 1153 | C322 - 323 - pre-ex - from north - no board |
| 1154 | C322 - 323 - pre-ex - from north - no board or scale |
| 1155 | Void |
| 1156 | Void |
| 1157 | South-east facing section - C118 - 226 - 46 - western portion |
| 1158 | South-east facing section - C118 - 226 - 46 - eastern portion |
| 1159 | North facing section of kerb packing fill (C328, etc) in ext. area |
| 1160 | C291 - C326 - C82 - north facing section |
| 1161 | C291 - C326 - C82 - north facing section - no board |
| 1162 | C291 - C326 - C82 - north facing section - no board |
| 1163 | Packing fill + kerb - facing south |

| Frame no. | Description |
|--------------|--|
| 1164 | Mid-ex - C46 - facing south-east (C13 visible) |
| 1165 | Mid-ex - C46 - facing south-east (C13 visible) |
| 1166 | Mid-ex - C46 - facing south-east (C13 visible) |
| 1167 | Mid-ex - north-east end of site + C46 - facing west |
| 1168 | Mid-ex - north-east end of site + C46 - facing west |
| 1169 | Mid-ex - north-east end of site + C46 - facing west |
| 1170 | Mid-ex - north-east end of site + C46 - facing west |
| 1171 | Mid-ex - north-east end of site + C46 - facing south-east |
| 1172 | Mid-ex - north-east end of site + C46 - facing south-east |
| 1173 | Mid-ex - C118 + C46 - facing south-east |
| 1174 to 1234 | Void |
| 1235 | C13 - north end of site - facing north-west |
| 1236 | C13 - north end of site - facing north-west |
| 1237 | C13 - north end of site - facing north-east |
| 1238 | C13 - north end of site - facing north-east |
| 1239 | C13 - north end of site + stone socket - facing north-west |
| 1240 | C13 - north end of site + stone socket - facing north-west |
| 1241 | C13 - north end of site + stone socket - facing north |
| 1242 | C13 - north end of site + stone socket - facing north |
| 1243 | Deleted |
| 1244 | Deleted |
| 1245 | Deleted |
| 1246 | Deleted |
| 1247 | Deleted |
| 1248 | Deleted |
| 1249 | Possible structure - facing north-west |
| 1250 | Possible structure - facing north-west |
| 1251 | Possible structure - facing north-west |
| 1252 | Backstone of structure - facing north-west |
| 1253 | Backstone of structure - facing north-west |
| 1254 | Structure - facing north-west |
| 1255 | North + east side of structure - facing north |
| 1256 | West side of structure - facing west |
| 1257 | Structure - facing west |
| 1258 | Whole structure - facing north |
| 1259 | Whole structure - facing north |
| 1260 | C363 + C364 - facing south-west |
| 1261 | C363 + C364 - facing north-west |
| 1262 | Burials 22 + 23 - post-ex - facing south-west |
| 1263 | Burials 22 + 23 - post-ex - facing south-west |
| 1264 | Peter on cherrypicker on his site |
| 1265 | Site 111 - last layer of stones in natural - facing south-east |
| 1266 | North end of site - facing south-east |
| 1267 | Kerb + structures - facing south-east |
| 1268 | Kerb + structures - facing south-east |
| 1269 | Kerb + structures - facing south-east |
| 1270 | Burial area - facing south-east |
| 1271 | Circular structures + inner kerb - facing south-east |
| 1272 | Site 111 + beyond CPO - facing south |

| Frame no. | Description |
|-----------|--|
| 1273 | View to west |
| 1274 | View to south |
| 1275 | Crew |
| 1276 | Site 111 with people working - facing south |
| 1277 | Site 111 with people working - facing south |
| 1278 | Kerb in southern corner |
| 1279 | People on site |
| 1280 | Site 111 + people |
| 1281 | Site 111 + people |
| 1282 | Site 111 - facing south |
| 1283 | Site 111 + north-east part - facing south-east |
| 1284 | Close up of structures + edges of pits |
| 1285 | Deleted |
| 1286 | Deleted |
| 1287 | Waste |
| 1288 | Waste |
| 1289 | Waste |
| 1290 | Waste |
| 1291 | Waste |
| 1292 | Sondage in north end of site - facing south-east |
| 1293 | Sondage in north end of site - facing south-east |
| 1294 | Sondage in north end of site - facing south-east |
| 1295 | Deleted |
| 1296 | C365 + C367 - post-ex - looking north-west |
| 1297 | C365 + C367 - post-ex - looking south-west |
| 1298 | Deleted |
| 1299 | Deleted |
| 1300 | Working shot - looking south |
| 1301 | Bank beside site and road - pre-ex - looking south-east |
| 1302 | General shot of site - looking east |
| 1303 | General shot of site - looking east |
| 1304 | Shot of inner + outer kerb - looking south |
| 1305 | Shot of inner + outer kerb - looking south |
| 1306 | C82 - stone beside 1 - mid-ex - looking east |
| 1307 | C82 - stone beside 1 - mid-ex - looking east |
| 1308 | C82 - stone beside 1 - mid-ex - looking east - no board |
| 1309 | Close up of stone beside stone 1 - C82 - looking east - no board |
| 1310 | Close up of stone beside stone 1 - C82 - looking east - no board |
| 1311 | Burial 25 - pre-ex - looking south |
| 1312 | Burial 25 - pre-ex - looking south - no board |
| 1313 | Burial 25 - pre-ex - looking south - no board |
| 1314 | Showing burial 25 - pre-ex - looking south |
| 1315 | C367 - pre-ex - stone in cut C355 - looking north |
| 1316 | C367 - pre-ex - stone in cut C355 - looking north |
| 1317 | C367 - pre-ex - stone in cut C355 - looking north - no board |
| 1318 | C367 - pre-ex - stone in cut C355 - looking north - no board |
| 1319 | C368 - pre-ex - looking north |
| 1320 | Deleted? |
| 1321 | C368 - pre-ex - C367 removed - looking north-east |
| 1322 | C368 - pre-ex - C367 removed - looking east |

| Frame no. | Description |
|---------------|---|
| 1323 | C368 - pre-ex - C367 removed - looking east - no board |
| 1324 | Deleted |
| 1325 | Deleted |
| 1326 | Deleted |
| 1327 | Burial 25 - post-ex - looking south |
| 1328 | Burial 25 - post-ex - looking south - no board |
| 1329 | Pre-ex - burials 27 + 28 |
| 1330 | Post-ex - burial 26 - looking north |
| 1331 | Post-ex - burial 26 - looking north |
| 1332 | Post-ex - burial 26 - looking north |
| 1333 | Post-ex - burial 26 - looking north |
| 1334 | Post-ex - burial 26 - looking south-west |
| 1335 | Post-ex - burial 26 - looking south |
| 1336 | Shot of part of possible disturbed structure - looking south-east |
| 1337 | Shot of part of possible disturbed structure - looking east |
| 1338 | Shot of site before removal of stones + after removal of inner kerb - looking south |
| 1339 | Possible structure - looking south |
| 1340 | Site after outer kerb removal - looking south |
| 1341 | Site after outer kerb removal - looking south |
| 1342 | Site after outer kerb removal - looking south |
| 1343 | Site after outer kerb removal - looking south |
| 1344 | Possible structure - facing south-west |
| 1345 | Possible structure - facing south-west |
| 1346 | Possible structure - facing south-west |
| 1347 | Circular structure - facing south-east |
| 1348 | Circular structure - facing south-east |
| 1349 | Circular structure + inner kerb - facing south-east |
| 1350 | Support stones for structure - facing north |
| 1351 | Support stones for structure - facing north |
| 1352 | Support stones for structure - facing west |
| 1353 | Digger removing stones from site |
| 1354 | Digger removing stones from site |
| 1355 | Pheasant |
| 1356 | Pheasant |
| 1357 | Pheasant |
| 1358 | Kerb + burial area after removal of cairn - looking south-west |
| 1359 | Kerb + burial area after removal of cairn - looking south-west |
| 1360 | Kerb + burial area after removal of cairn - looking south-west |
| 1361 | Kerb + burial area after removal of cairn - looking south-west |
| 1362 | Outer kerb + possible separation stones in kerb before northern gap |
| | Possible deliberate ending of kerb - looking north-west |
| Card 4 | |
| Frame no. | Description |
| 1363 | Post-ex of hearth + burial features (C355) - looking east |
| 1364 | Post-ex of hearth + burial features (C355) - looking east |
| 1365 | Post-ex of hearth + burial features (C355) - looking east |
| 1366 | Post-ex of hearth + burial features (C355) - looking south |
| 1367 | Post-ex of hearth + burial features (C355) - looking south |
| 1368 | Post-ex of hearth + burial features (C355) - looking south-east |
| 1369 | Post-ex of hearth + burial features (C355) - looking south |

| Frame no. | Description |
|--|--|
| 1370 | Post-ex of hearth + burial features (C355) + view to south |
| 1371 | Post-ex of hearth + burial features (C355) + view beyond CPO |
| 1372 | Post-ex of hearth + burial features (C355) + view beyond CPO |
| 1373 | Post-ex of hearth + burial features (C355) + view to south-east |
| 1374 | Post-ex of hearth + burial features (C355) + view to south-east |
| 1375 | Post-ex of hearth + burial features (C355) + view to south-east |
| 1376 | Post-ex of hearth + burial features (C355) + view to south-east - no scale |
| 1377 | Post-ex of hearth + burial features (C355) + view to south-east - no scale |
| 1378 | Post-ex of hearth + burial features (C355) + view to south-east - close up |
| 1379 | Post-ex of hearth + burial features (C355) + view to south-east - close up |
| 1380 | View of bank area with stone build up - facing south |
| 1381 | View of cut for burial area - facing west |
| 1382 | Post-ex of cut for fire/hearth feature - facing south-east |
| 1383 | Post-ex of C355 (pit for hearth) + stones outlining burial area - looking south |
| 1384 | Post-ex of C355 (pit for hearth) + stones outlining burial area - looking south |
| 1385 | Post-ex of C355 (pit for hearth) + stones outlining burial area - looking south |
| 1386 | Post-ex of C355 (pit for hearth) + stones outlining burial area - looking south |
| 1387 | Post-ex of C355 (pit for hearth) + stones outlining burial area - looking south |
| 1388 | Post-ex of C355 (pit for hearth) + stones outlining burial area - looking south-east |
| 1389 | Post-ex of hearth + section in view - facing south-east |
| 1390 | Post-ex of hearth + section in view - facing south-east |
| 1391 | Post-ex of hearth + burial area - facing east |
| 1392 | Post-ex of hearth + burial area - facing east |
| 1393 | Post-ex of hearth pit and burning in situ - facing east |
| 1394 | Burning in situ - facing south |
| 1395 | Burning in situ - facing south |
| 1396 | Burning in situ - facing south |
| Card 1 Site 111 area 12 a1-n1 site camera | |
| Frame no. | |
| 1 | VOID |
| 2 | VOID |
| 3 | VOID |
| 4 | Pre-ex shot of C2 - looking north-east |
| 5 | VOID |
| 6 | VOID |
| 7 | Pre-ex shot of C2 - looking north-east |
| 8 | Pre-ex shot of C2 - looking north-east |
| 9 | South facing section of C2 - looking north-east |
| 10 | South facing section of C2 - looking north-east |
| 11 | South facing section of C2 - looking north-east |
| 12 | Working shot of possible cairn stones - facing east |
| 13 | Working shot of possible cairn stones - facing south |
| 14 | Pre-ex of stones (possible cairn) C3 - facing east |
| 15 | Pre-ex of stones (possible cairn) C3 - facing south-east |
| 16 | Pre-ex of stones (possible cairn) C3 - facing south-east |
| 17 | Pre-ex of stones (possible cairn) C3 - facing south-east |
| 18 | Pre-ex of stones (possible cairn) C3 - facing west |
| 19 | Pre-ex of stones (possible cairn) C3 - facing west |
| 20 | Pre-ex of stones (possible cairn) C3 - facing west |

| Frame no. | Description |
|-----------|--|
| 21 | Pre-ex of possible cairn + view to west |
| 22 | Pre-ex of possible cairn - facing west |
| 23 | Pre-ex of possible cairn - facing south-west |
| 24 | Pre-ex of possible cairn - facing south-west |
| 25 | Pre-ex of possible cairn - facing south-west |
| 26 | Pre-ex of possible cairn - facing south-west |
| 27 | Pre-ex of possible cairn - facing south-west |
| 28 | Pre-ex of C10 - facing south-east |
| 29 | Pre-ex of C4 - facing south-east |
| 30 | Pre-ex of C4 - facing west |
| 31 | Pre-ex of C9 - facing south-west |
| 32 | VOID |
| 33 | Small picture of cairn |
| 34 | Pre-ex of C7 - facing north |
| 35 | Pre-ex of C7 - facing south-east |
| 36 | Waste |
| 37 | Waste |
| 38 | VOID |
| 39 | Waste |
| 40 | Pre-ex of C14 (small natural looking deposit) - facing south-east |
| 41 | Possible drain? (stones found under road) - facing north-east |
| 42 | Monitored area - facing east |
| 43 | Monitored area near cairn showing no stones - facing south-east |
| 44 | Possible stones from drain |
| 45 | Possible drain? (stones found during monitoring) - facing south-east |
| 46 | Possible drain? (stones found during monitoring) - facing south-west |
| 47 | Monitored area - facing south-east |
| 48 | Plastic covering on stones - facing north |
| 49 | Plastic covering on stones - facing north-east |
| 50 | Pipe trench - facing north-west |
| 51 | VOID |
| 52 | Pipe trench - facing north-west |
| 53 | Pipe trench - facing south-west |
| 54 | Pipe trench - facing north-west |
| 55 | Pipe trench - facing north-west |
| 56 | Pre-ex of C8 - possible feature - facing north-west |
| 57 | C3 under C10 (quad B) - facing south-east |
| 58 | Pre-ex shot of C3 - possible burial within quad A |
| 59 | Pre-ex shot of possible feature south-east of cabins - facing north-east |
| 60 | Mid-ex of possible linear setting (quad C) |
| 61 | Mid-ex of flat cap stone within quad C - facing north-west |
| 62 | Pre-ex of small loose chippings in quad A - facing east |
| 63 | Pre-ex of small loose chippings in quad A - facing north-east |
| 64 | Working shot of site - facing south |
| 65 | Working shot of quad A - facing south |
| 66 | Waste - hawks in sky |
| 67 | Waste - hawks in sky |
| 68 | View to south-west where site 112 is located |
| 69 | Working shot of quad A - facing south-east |
| 70 | Pre-ex of possible feature in cairn - looking south-east |

| Frame no. | Description |
|------------|--|
| 71 | Pre-ex of possible feature in cairn - looking south-east |
| 72 | Pre-ex of depression at southern corner of cairn |
| 73 | Pre-ex of southern corner of site - looking south |
| 74 | VOID |
| 75 | VOID |
| 76 | VOID |
| 77 | Mid-ex of C3 - quad C (shows section + possible "chamber" base in cairn) - facing north-west |
| 78 | Pre-ex shot of C15 - quad A - looking east |
| 79 | Pre-ex shot of C15 - quad A - looking east |
| 80 | Pre-ex shot of C15 - quad A - looking north |
| 81 | Pre-ex shot of C15 - quad A - looking south |
| 82 | Pre-ex shot of stones and possible feature alongside C15 - looking south |
| 83 | Mid-ex - quad C - facing west |
| 84 | Mid-ex - quad A - facing south-west |
| 85 | VOID |
| 86 | Mid-ex - quad A - facing south-west |
| 87 | VOID |
| 88 | Pre-ex of 17 - 18 - 19 - 20 (area south of road) - looking south-east |
| 89 | Pre-ex of 17 - 18 - 19 - 20 (area south of road) - looking north-west |
| 90 | North-east facing section of 17 - 18 - 19 - 20 (bioturbation) |
| 91 | Shot of burrows/root holes of 19 - 20 (south of the road) |
| 92 | VOID |
| 93 | VOID |
| 94 | VOID |
| 95 | VOID |
| 96 | General shot of area south of the road across from site 111 - looking north-east |
| 97 | General shot of area south of the road across from site 111 - looking north-west |
| 98 | General shot of area south of the road across from site 111 - looking south-west |
| 99 | Pre-ex of 23 - looking south-east |
| 100 | South-west facing section of 23 - 24 |
| 101 to 116 | VOID |
| 117 | North-east facing section showing stones + bank |
| 118 | Close up of stones in section - facing south-west |
| 119 | Working shot of site - facing east |
| 120 | Working shot of site - facing east |
| 121 | Working shot of large stones + orange deposit - facing east |
| 122 | Working shot of large stones + orange deposit - facing south-east |
| 123 | Working shot of possible disturbed part of cairn (western corner) - facing south-east |
| 124 | Pre-ex of C31 (ashy deposit) - quad C - facing north-west |
| 125 | Pre-ex of C31 (ashy deposit) - quad C - facing north-east |
| 126 | Pre-ex of possible feature - quad C - facing east |
| 127 | Pre-ex of stones in reddish deposit (C32) with later C3 stones - facing west |
| 128 | Pre-ex working shot of cairn (second stone layer) - facing south |
| 129 | Pre-ex working shot of cairn (second stone layer) - facing south |
| 130 | Pre-ex working shot of cairn (second stone layer) - facing south |
| 131 | Working shot of cairn - facing south |
| 132 | Pre-ex of possible feature - looking north-east |
| 133 | Pre-ex of possible feature - looking north-east |
| 134 | General shot of large stones - facing north |

| Frame no. | Description |
|---------------|--|
| 135 | Pre-ex/mid-ex of C3 - facing south-south-east |
| 136 | Outer limits of site - facing south-east |
| 137 | Close up of second layer of C3 - facing south |
| 138 | Mid-ex of C3 (second layer possibly) - facing south-east |
| 139 | Mid-ex of C3 (second layer possibly) - facing south-east |
| 140 | Mid-ex of C3 (second layer possibly) - facing south-east |
| 141 | Mid-ex of C3 (second layer possibly) - facing south-east |
| 142 | Mid-ex of C3 (second layer possibly) - facing south-east |
| 143 | Mid-ex of C3 (second layer possibly) - facing south-east |
| 144 | Mid-ex of C3 (second layer possibly) - facing south-east |
| 145 | Mid-ex of C3 (second layer possibly) - facing south-east |
| 146 | Mid-ex of C3 (second layer possibly) - facing south-east |
| 147 | Mid-ex shot of C33 - looking east |
| 148 | Mid-ex shot of C33 - looking east |
| 32 (end) | Pre-ex of C3/site - looking south-west |
| Card 2 | |
| Frame no. | |
| 152 | Mid-ex of C34 - 35 - 36 - 37 - east facing section through cut 37 |
| 153 | Mid-ex of C34 - 35 - 36 - 37 - east facing section through cut 37 - no board |
| 154 | Mid-ex of C37 + C33 (large stones and fill) - east facing section |
| 155 | Mid-ex of C37 + C33 (large stones and fill) - east facing section |
| 156 | Mid-ex of C37 + C33 (large stones and fill) - east facing section - no board |
| 157 | Mid-ex of C33 - east facing section |
| 158 | Mid-ex of C33 - east facing section - no board |
| 159 | VOID |
| 160 | Mid-ex of C33 - east facing section - no board |
| 161 | East facing section of C33 |
| 162 | East facing section of C33 - no board |
| 163 | East facing section of C33 and C37 |
| 164 | East facing section of C33 and C37 - no board |
| 165 | C34 + C36 - looking east |
| 166 | C34 + C36 - looking east |
| 167 | C34 + C36 - looking east - no board |
| 168 | VOID |
| 169 | Mid-ex of C38 + C39 + C31 - looking north |
| 170 | VOID |
| 171 | Mid-ex of C38 + C39 + C31 - looking north - no board |
| 172 | C39 + C31 looking west |
| 173 | C39 + C31 looking west - no board |
| 174 | VOID |
| 175 | VOID |
| 176 | Working shot of C15 - quad C - looking south-west |
| 177 | Working shot of C15 - quad C - looking south-west |
| 178 | Working shot of C15 - quad C - looking east |
| 179 | VOID |
| 180 | Working shot of C15 - quad C - looking east |
| 181 | Working shot of C15 - quad C - looking south-east |
| 182 | Working shot of C11 (larger stones at south end) - quad D |
| 183 | Working shot of quad D - C11 |
| 184 | Working shot of C32 - quad B - looking south |

| Frame no. | Description |
|-----------|--|
| 185 | Working shot of C32 - quad B - looking south-west |
| 186 | Working shot of C32 + C11 - quad B + D - looking south-west |
| 187 | Working shot of C32 + C11 - quad B + D - looking south-west |
| 188 | Working shot of C32 + C11 - quad B + D - looking south-east |
| 189 | VOID |
| 190 | Pre-ex of C15 - looking west |
| 191 | C15 + C11 (larger stones) - looking south-west |
| 192 | C15 + C11 (larger stones) - looking south-west |
| 193 | VOID |
| 194 | C15 + C11 (larger stones) - looking south-west |
| 195 | Pre-ex of C15 - looking south-west |
| 196 | Pre-ex of C15 - looking south-west |
| 197 | Pre-ex of C15 - looking south-west - no board |
| 198 | VOID |
| 199 | Pre-ex of C15 - looking south-west - no board |
| 200 | Pre-ex of C15 - looking south-west - no board |
| 201 | Pre-ex of C15 + C11 - looking south-west - no board |
| 202 | VOID |
| 203 | Pre-ex of C15 + C11 - looking south-west - no board |
| 204 | Pre-ex of C15 + C11 - looking south-west - no board |
| 205 | Pre-ex of C15 + C11 - looking south-west - no board |
| 206 | Post-ex of C37 - looking north |
| 207 | Post-ex of C37 - looking north - no board |
| 208 | Pre-ex of C11 - quad A - looking south |
| 209 | Pre-ex of C11 - quad A - looking south |
| 210 | VOID |
| 211 | Pre-ex of C11 - quad A - looking south - no board |
| 212 | Pre-ex of C11 - quad A - looking south - no board |
| 213 | Site team |
| 214 | Pre-ex of C43 - quad B - looking south-west |
| 215 | Pre-ex of C43 - quad B - looking south-west |
| 216 | Mid-ex, north-south section of C43 - looking east |
| 217 | Mid-ex, north-south section of C43 - looking east |
| 218 | Mid-ex, north-south section of C44 - looking east |
| 219 | Mid-ex, north-south section of C43 + C44 - looking north-east |
| 220 | General shot of site - showing north-south baulk - looking east |
| 221 | General shot of site - showing north-south baulk - looking east |
| 222 | General shot of site - showing north-south baulk - looking east |
| 223 | Mid-ex of C33 |
| 224 | Mid-ex of C33 |
| 225 | Pre-ex of C15 (feature with flat angular stones) - facing south-west |
| 226 | Pre-ex of C15 (feature with flat angular stones) - facing south-west |
| 227 | Pre-ex of C15 (feature with flat angular stones) - facing south-west |
| 228 | Pre-ex of C15 (feature with flat angular stones) - facing south-west |
| 229 | Pre-ex of C15 (feature with flat angular stones) - facing south-west |
| 230 | Working shot of site - facing south |
| 231 | Working shot of site - facing south |
| 232 | Working shot of site - facing south |
| 233 | Waste |
| 234 | Waste |

| Frame no. | Description |
|-----------|--|
| 235 | Pre-ex of C11 + C15 + C56 (after removal of C3) - facing south-west |
| 236 | Pre-ex of C11 + C15 + C56 (after removal of C3) - facing south-west |
| 237 | Pre-ex of C11 + C15 + C56 (after removal of C3) - facing south-west |
| 238 | Pre-ex of C11 + C15 + C56 (after removal of C3) - facing south-west |
| 239 | Pre-ex of C11 + C15 + C56 (after removal of C3) - facing south-west |
| 240 | Pre-ex of C11 + C15 + C56 (after removal of C3) - facing south-west |
| 241 | Site after removal of C3 (top cairn material) - facing south-west |
| 242 | Site after removal of C3 (top cairn material) - facing south-west |
| 243 | Site after removal of C3 (top cairn material) - facing south |
| 244 | Site after removal of C3 (top cairn material) - facing south |
| 245 | Site after removal of C3 (top cairn material) - facing east (1st part) |
| 246 | Site after removal of C3 (top cairn material) - facing east (1st part) |
| 247 | Site after removal of C3 (top cairn material) - facing south-east (2nd part) |
| 248 | Site after removal of C3 (top cairn material) - facing south-east (2nd part) |
| 249 | Large stones in a line (C28) - looking north-west |
| 250 | Large stones in a line (C28) - looking north-west |
| 251 | C11 - large boulder type stones at south of site - looking east |
| 252 | C11 - large boulder type stones at south of site - looking east |
| 253 | Flat angular stones at west of site - looking north-west |
| 254 | Flat angular stones at west of site - looking north-west |
| 255 | line of large stones running roughly north-south - looking north |
| 256 | line of large stones running roughly north-south - looking north |
| 257 | C59 (light yellow-brown deposit) - looking west |
| 258 | C59 (light yellow-brown deposit) - looking west |
| 259 | Post-ex of cut C37 - looking west |
| 260 | Post-ex of cut C37 - looking west |
| 261 | Post-ex of cut C37 - looking west |
| 262 | C37 + surrounding features - looking west |
| 263 | C46, stony layer at south-east side of cairn - looking west |
| 264 | C46, stony layer at south-east side of cairn - looking west |
| 265 | C54 - stones beside southern baulk - looking west |
| 266 | C54 - stones beside southern baulk - looking west |
| 267 | linear trench dug to sink telephone cable |
| 268 | Pre-ex of dark spread at west of site (C65) - looking south-east |
| 269 | Pre-ex of dark spread at west of site (C65) - looking south-east |
| 270 | Pre-ex of dark spread at west of site (C65) - looking south-east |
| 271 | Pre-ex of C46 + C54 + C15 - looking west |
| 272 | Pre-ex of C46 + C15 + C45 - looking west |
| 273 | Pre-ex of C46 + C54 + C15 - looking west |
| 274 | Pre-ex of C46 + C15 - looking west |
| 275 | VOID |
| 276 | Pre-ex of C46 + C15 - looking west - no board |
| 277 | Pre-ex of C46 + C15 - looking west - no board |
| 278 | VOID |
| 279 | VOID |
| 280 | Pre-ex of C46 + C15 - looking west - no board |
| 281 | C46 + C15 + C54 + C11 - looking west - no board |
| 282 | Digging of utility trench across road |
| 283 | Post-ex of section through small cairn stones |

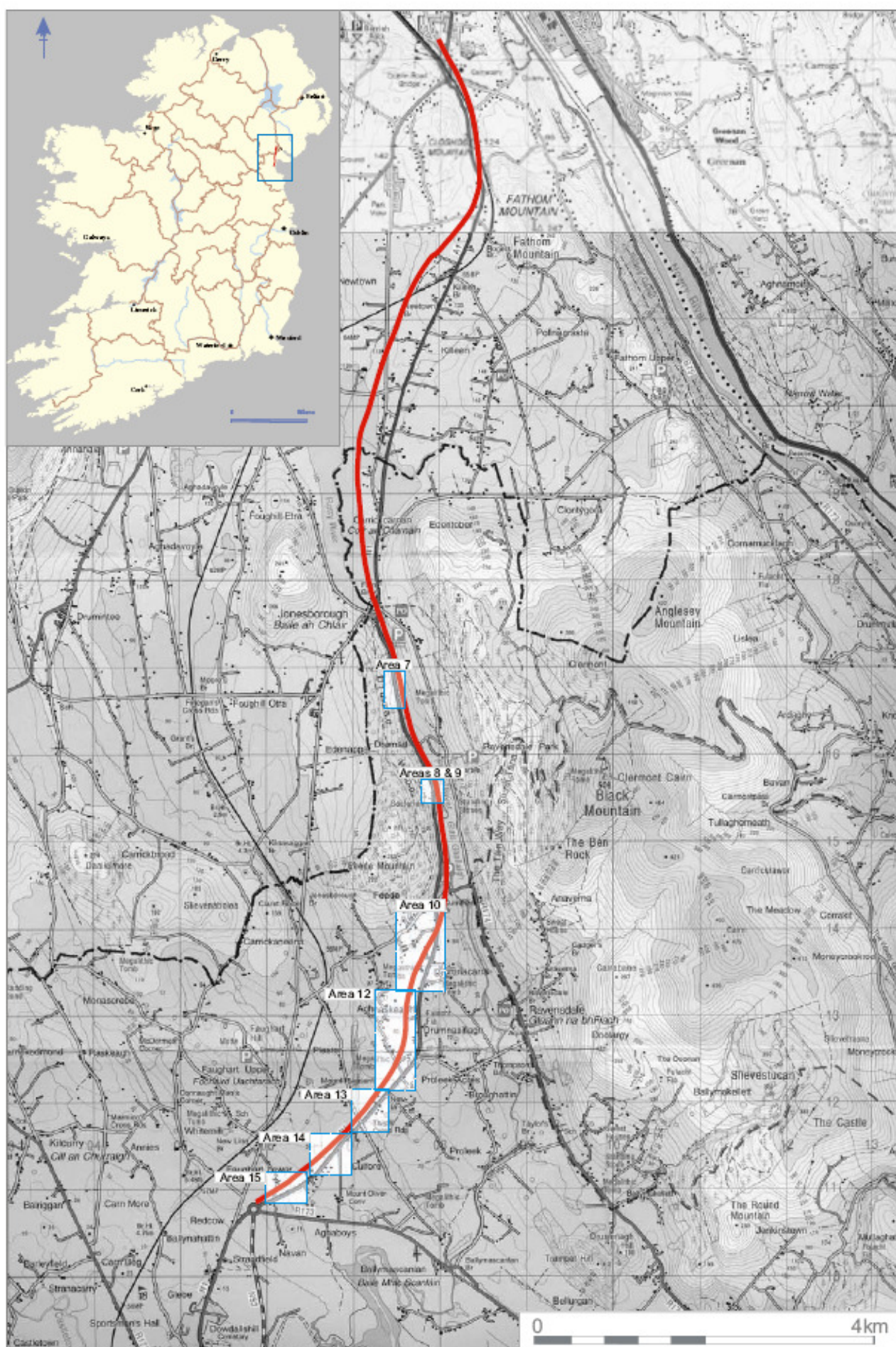


Fig. 1 Location plan for A1/N1.

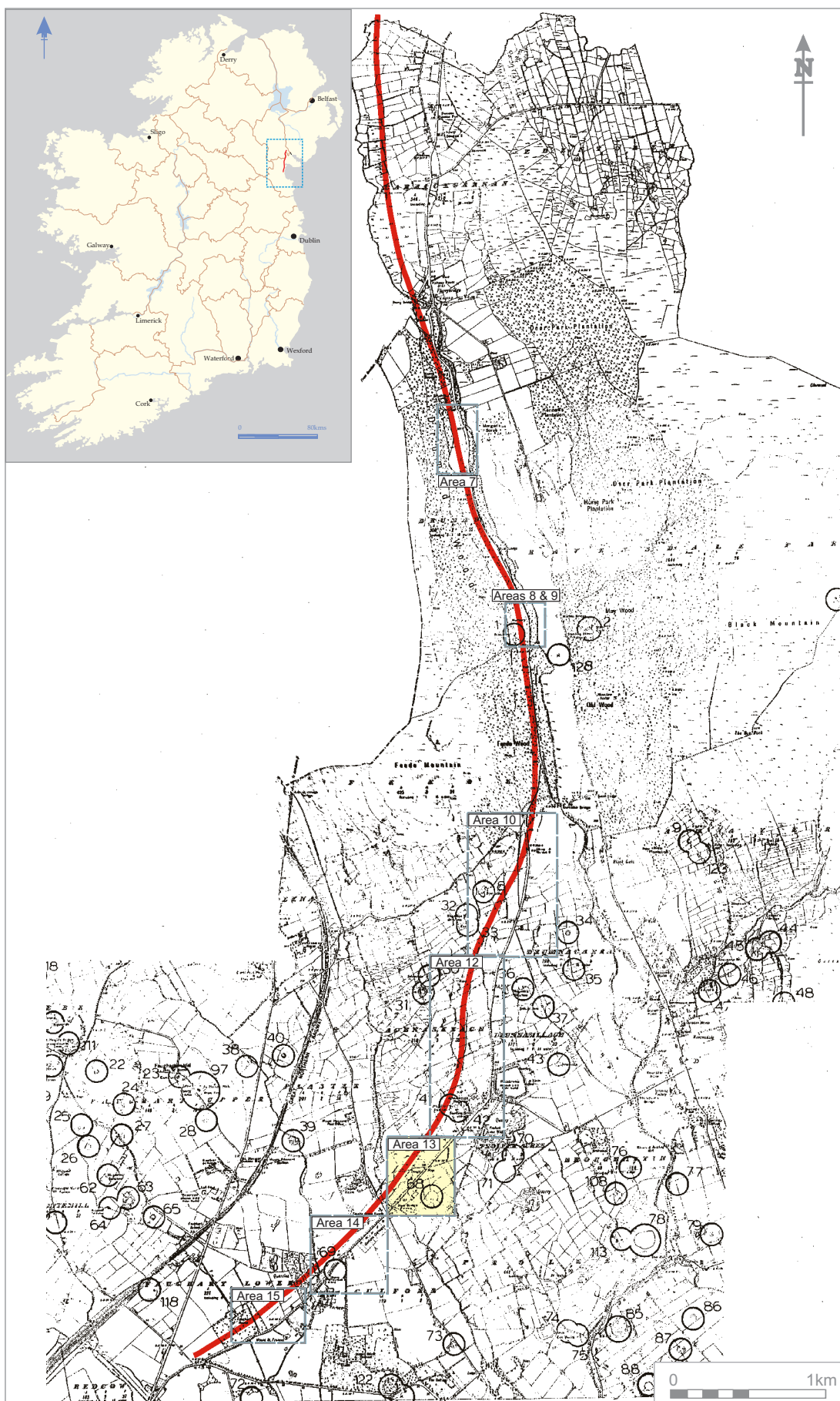


Fig. 2 Extract from RMP Maps of Louth, Sheets 1 & 4. A1/N1 in red. Scale as indicated.

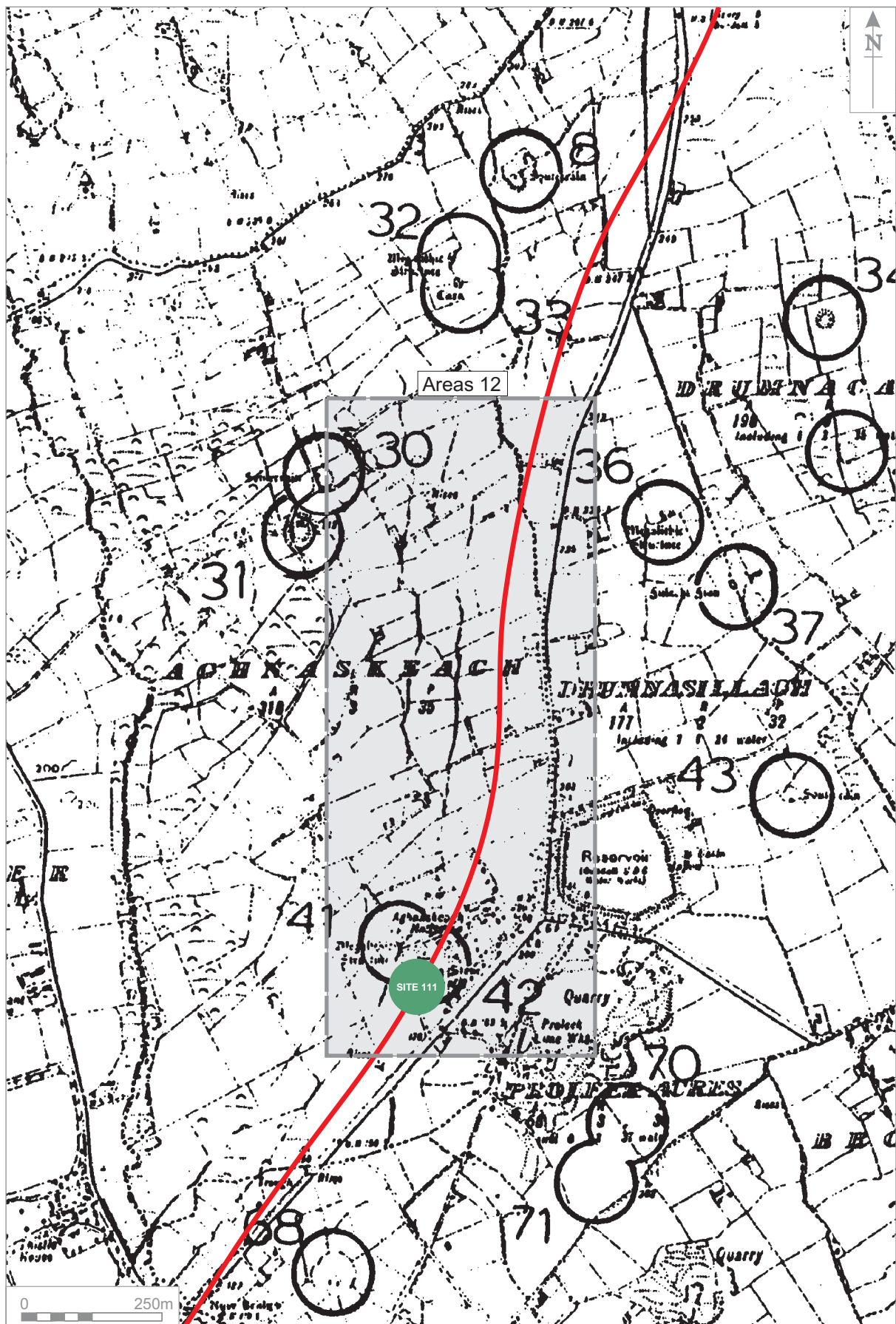


Fig. 3 Location of Area 12 and Site 111 on RMP Maps of Louth, Sheets 4. A1/N1 in red. Scale 1:10,000.

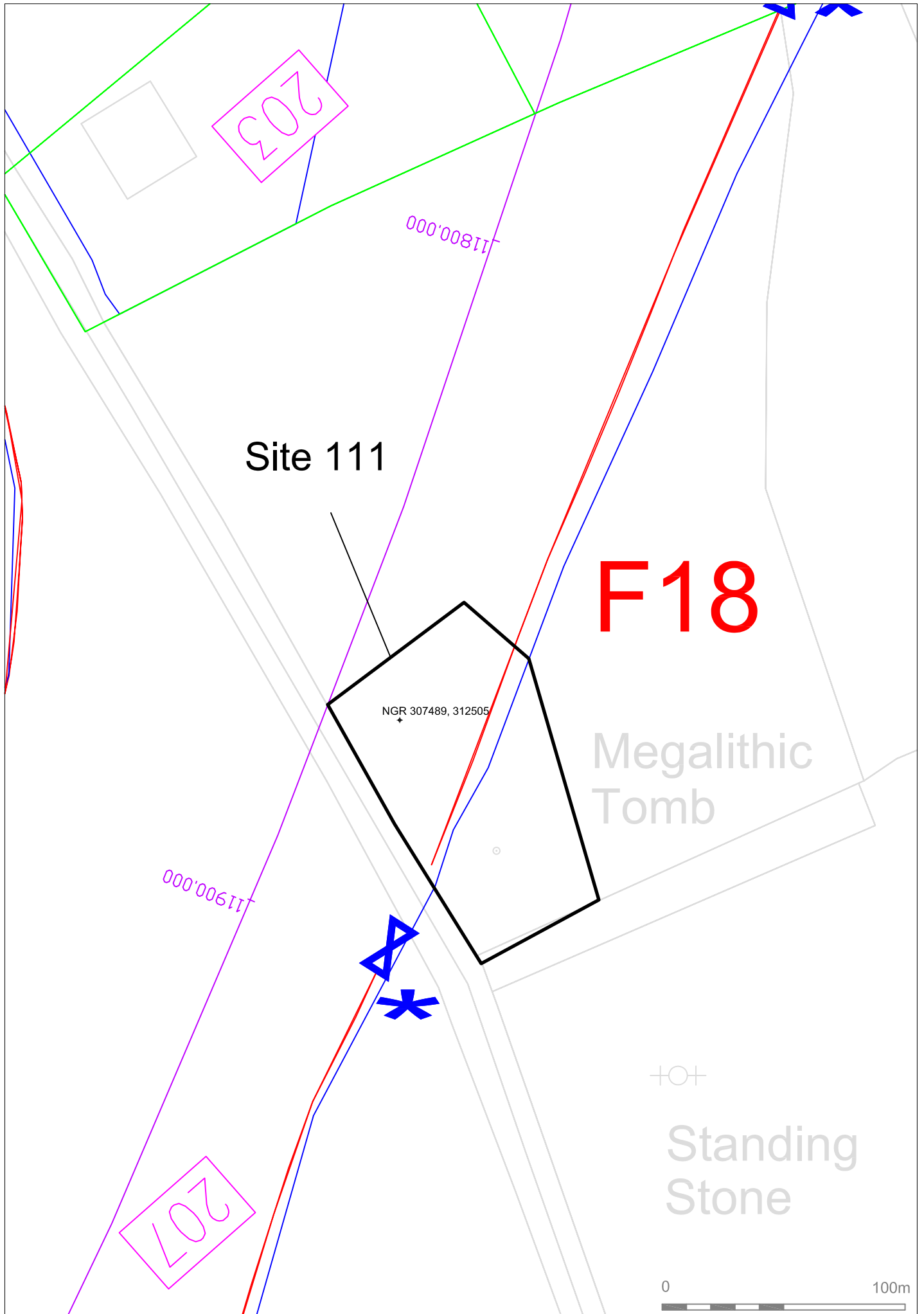


Fig. 4 Plan showing Area 12 and Site 111.

SITE 111

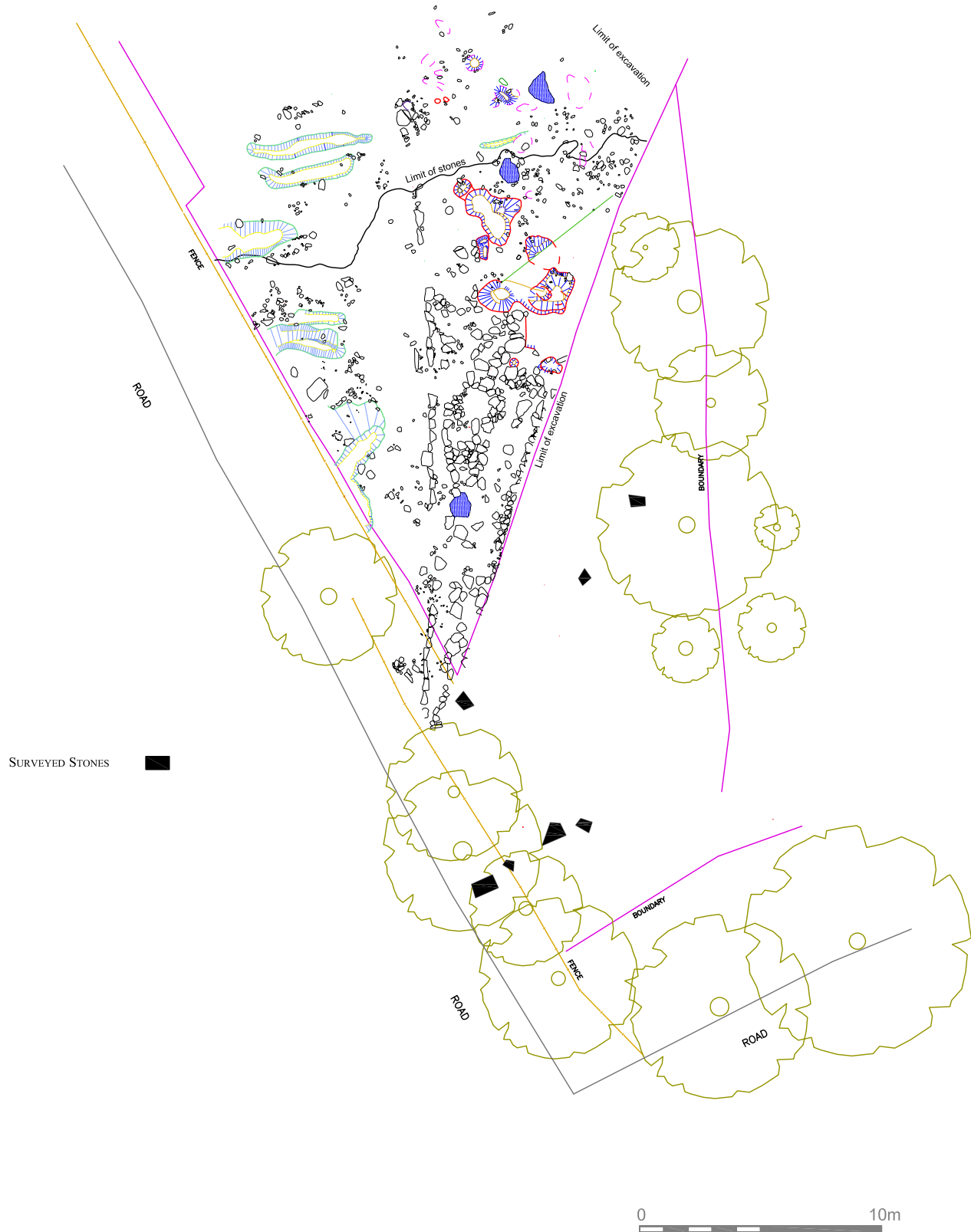


Fig. 4a Plan showing post excavation plan with surveyed stones outside the limit of excavation. Scale 1:250.



Fig. 5 Site 111, A1/N1. Mid-excavation of site after removal of (003) stones. Scale 1:100.

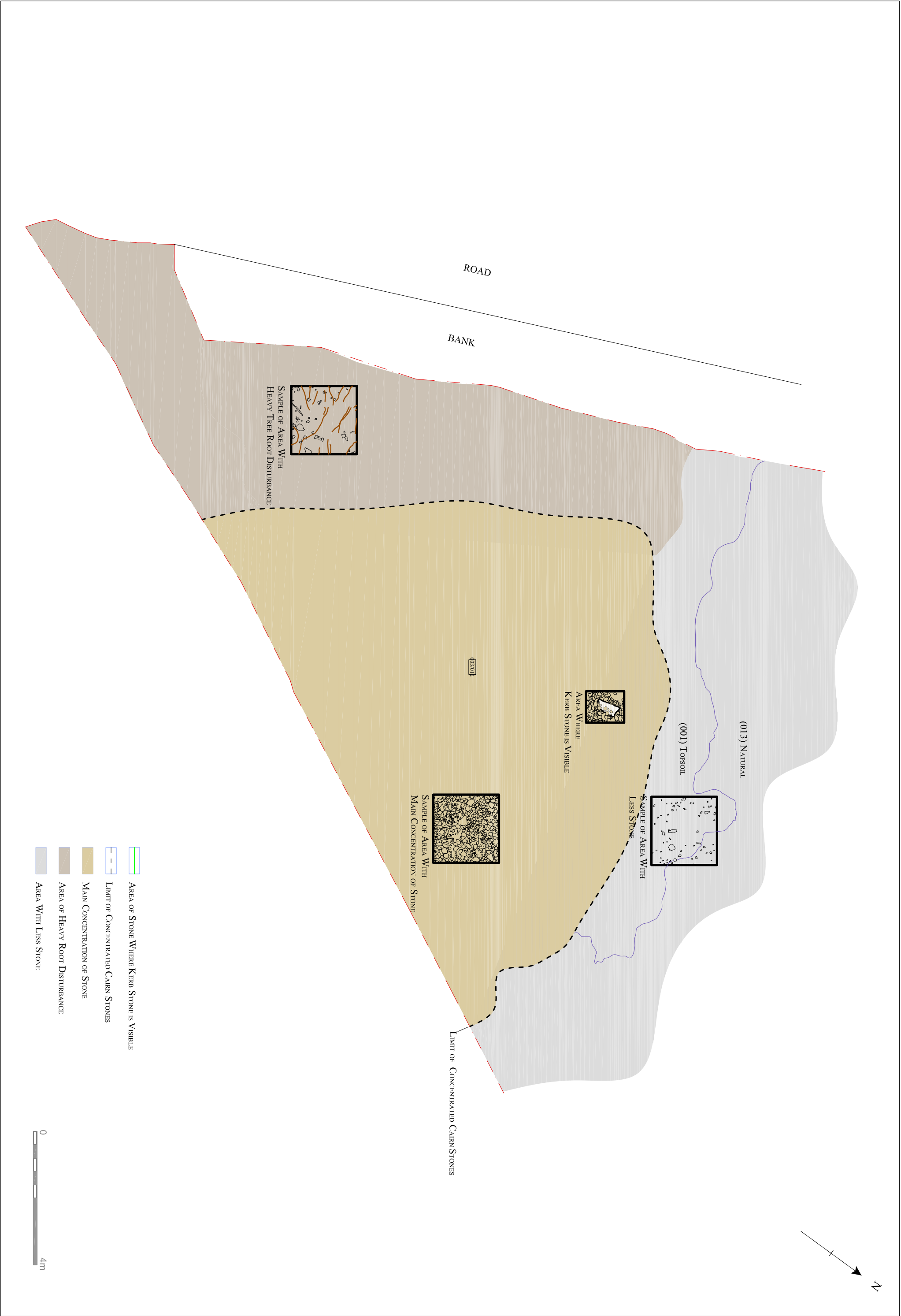


Fig. 6 Site 111, A1/N1. Pre-excavation plan of cairn (003) Scale 1:100.

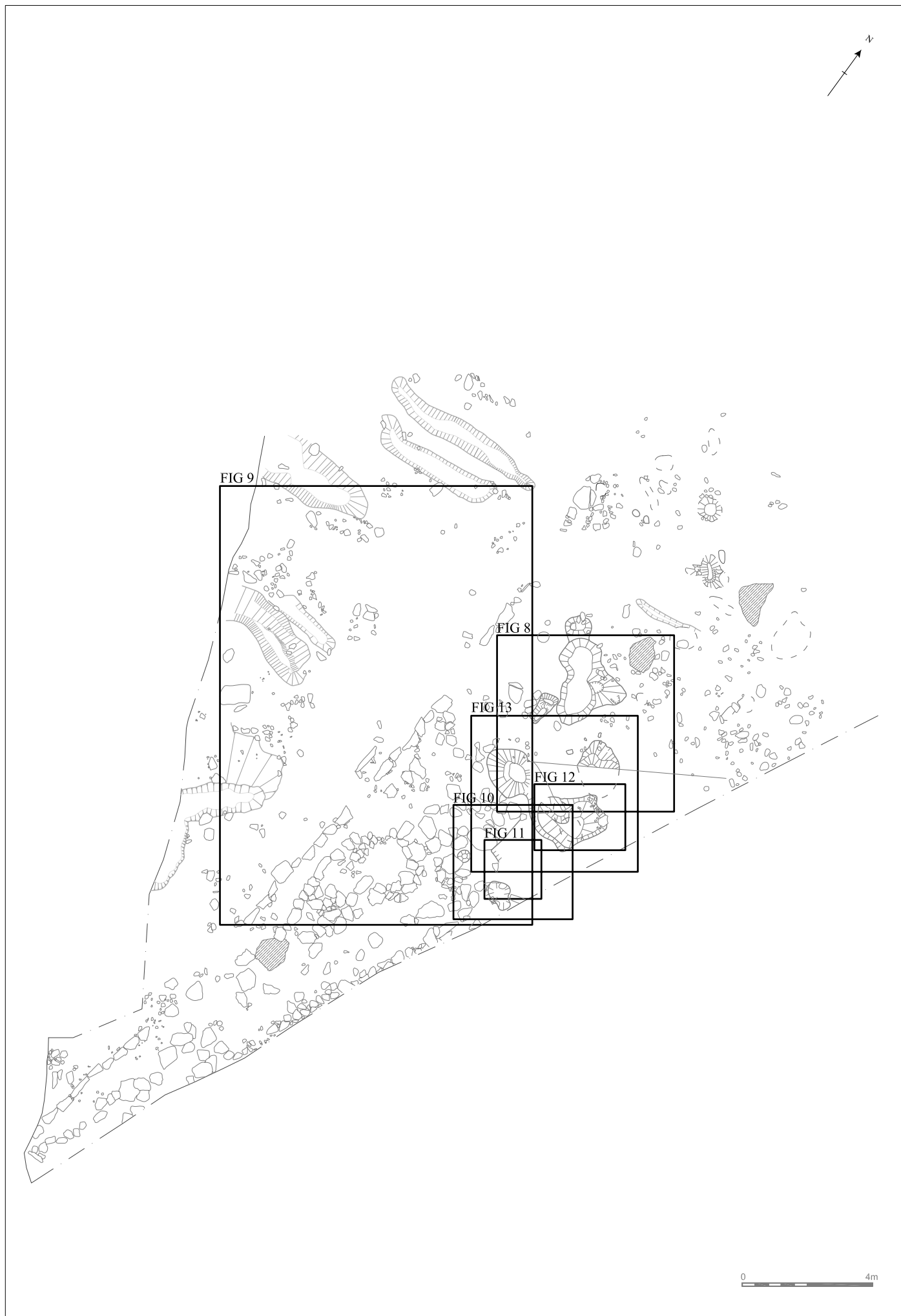


Fig. 7a Site 111, A1/N1. Post-excavation of site showing areas illustrated. Scale 1:150.

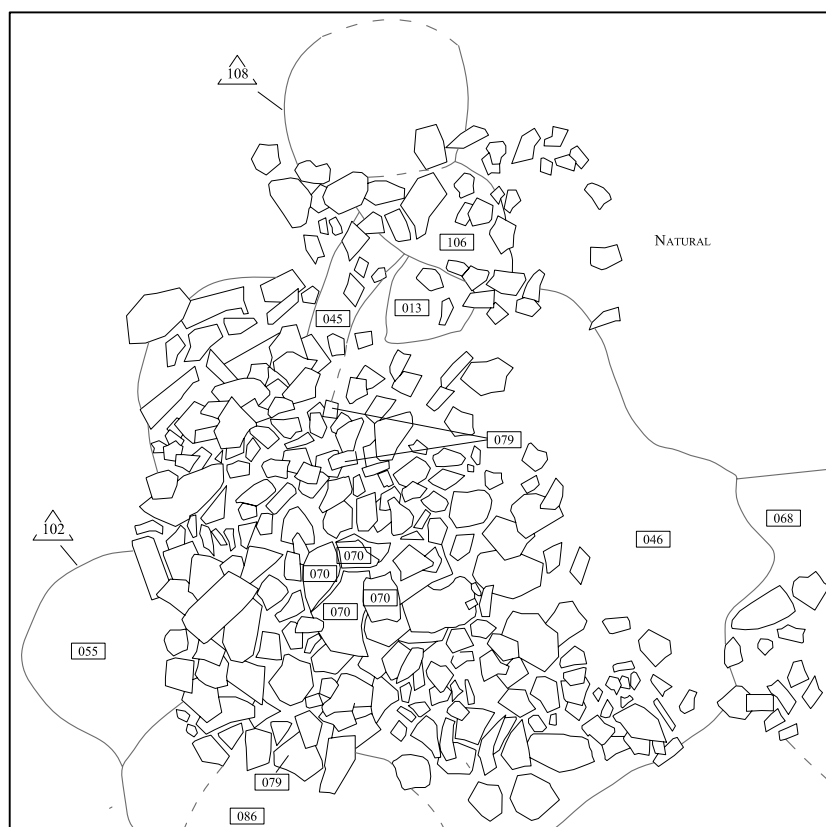


Fig. 9 Site 111, A1/N1. Pre-excavation plan of angular stones at northeast of site. Scale 1:50.

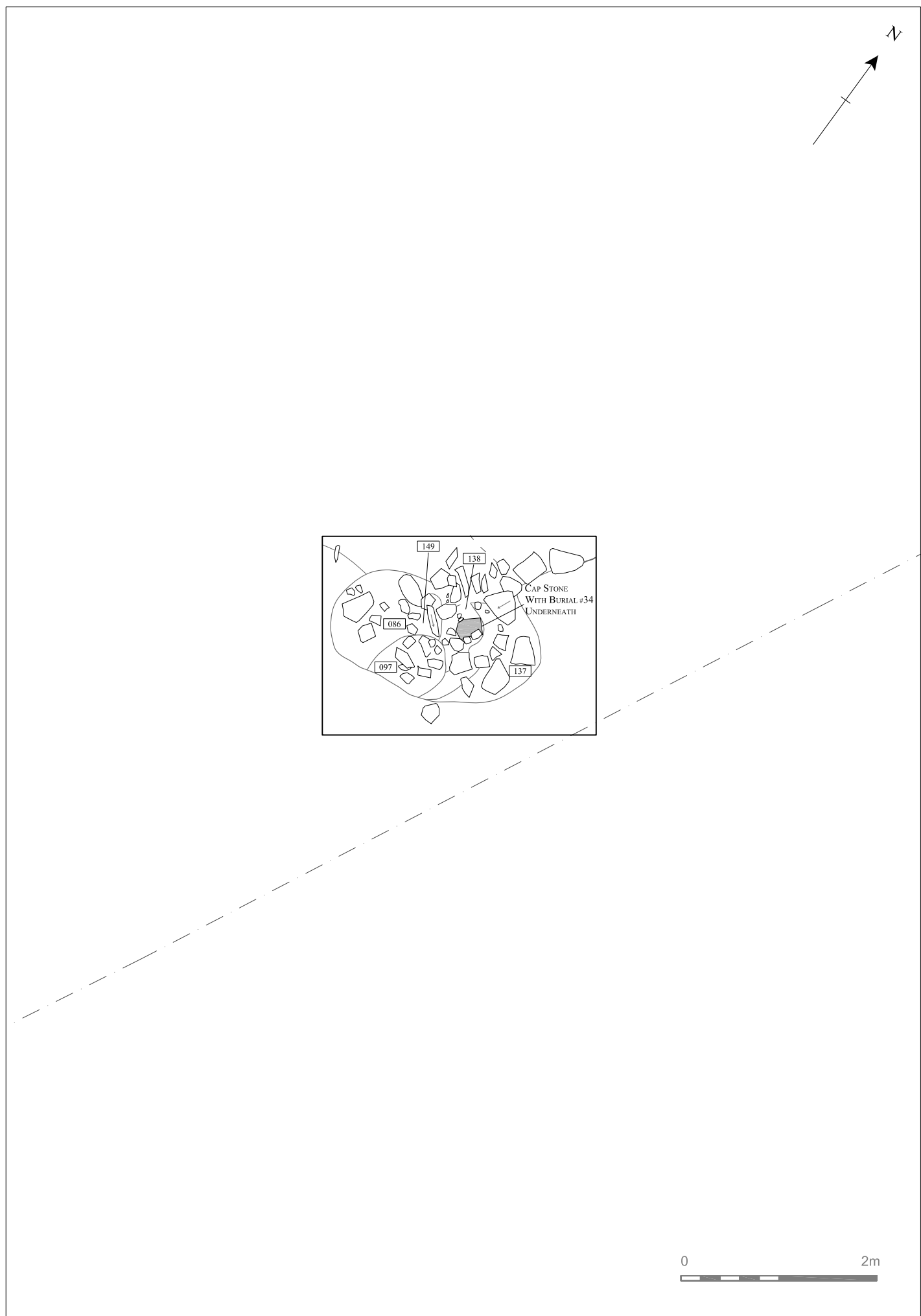


Fig. 10 Site 111, A1/N1. Pre-excavation plan of pit/cist at northeast of site. Scale 1:50.

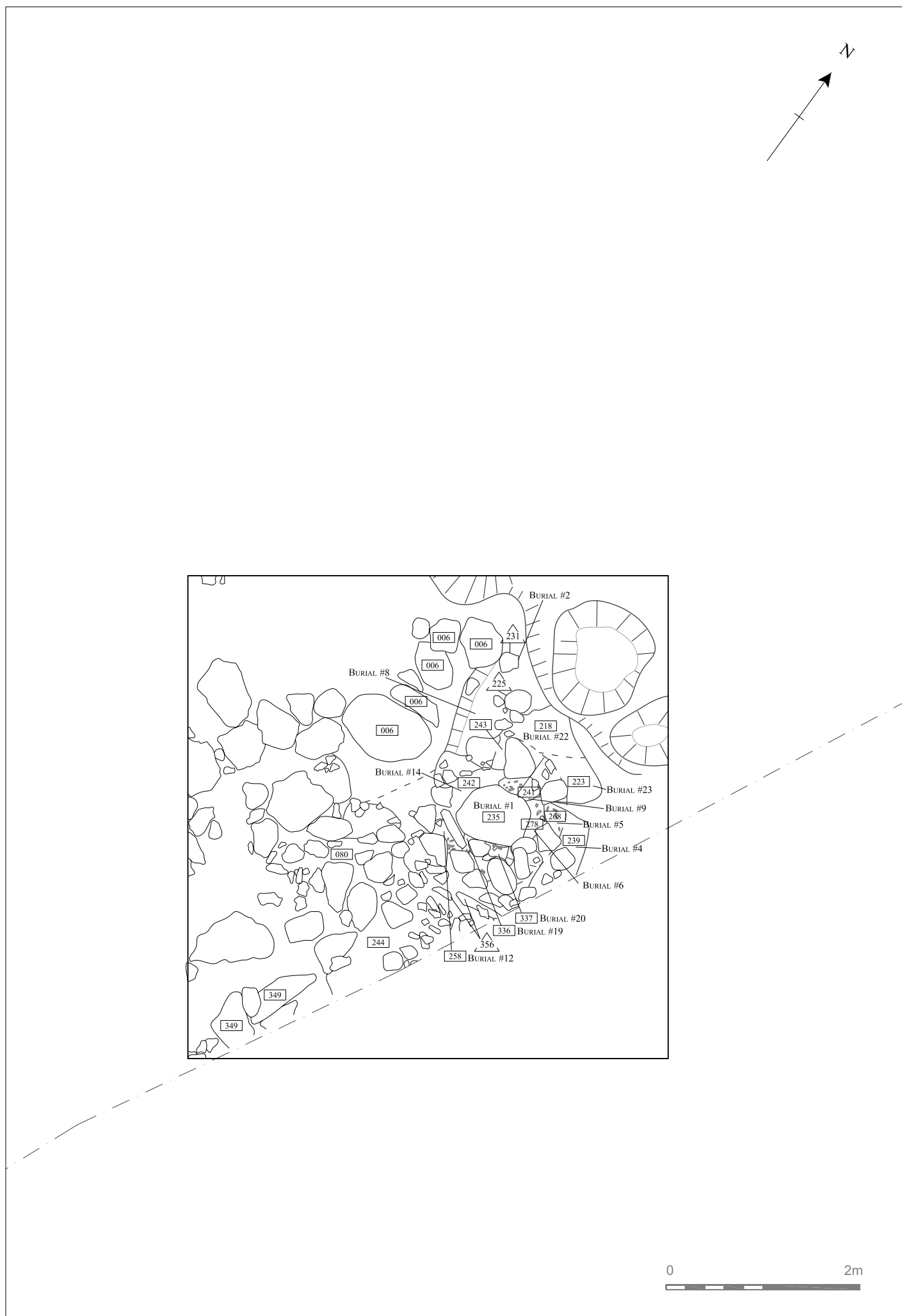


Fig. 12 Site 111, A1/N1. Mid-excavation of burial area. Scale 1:50.

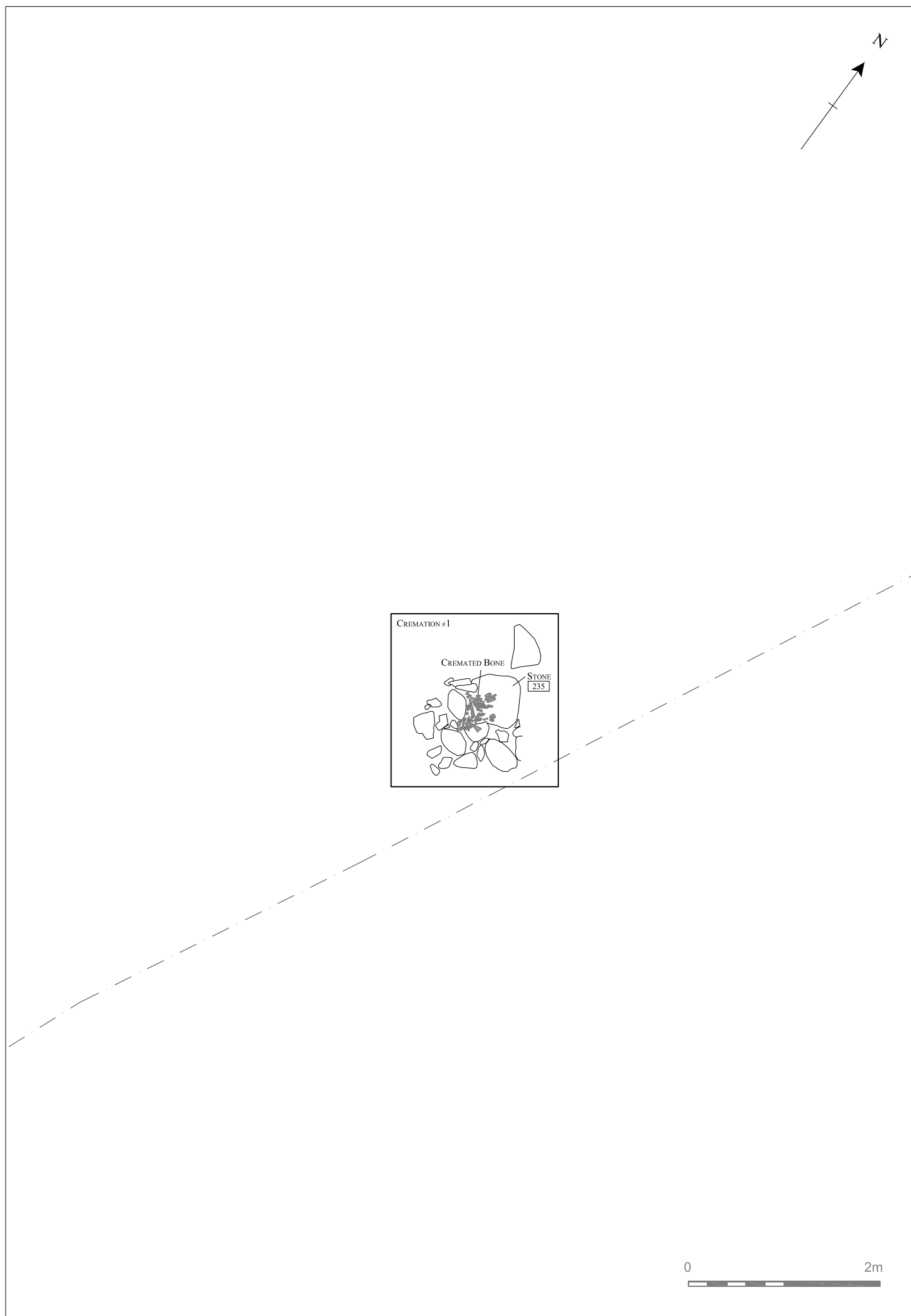


Fig. 13 Site 111, A1/N1. Pre-excavation of cremation on stone. Scale 1:50.

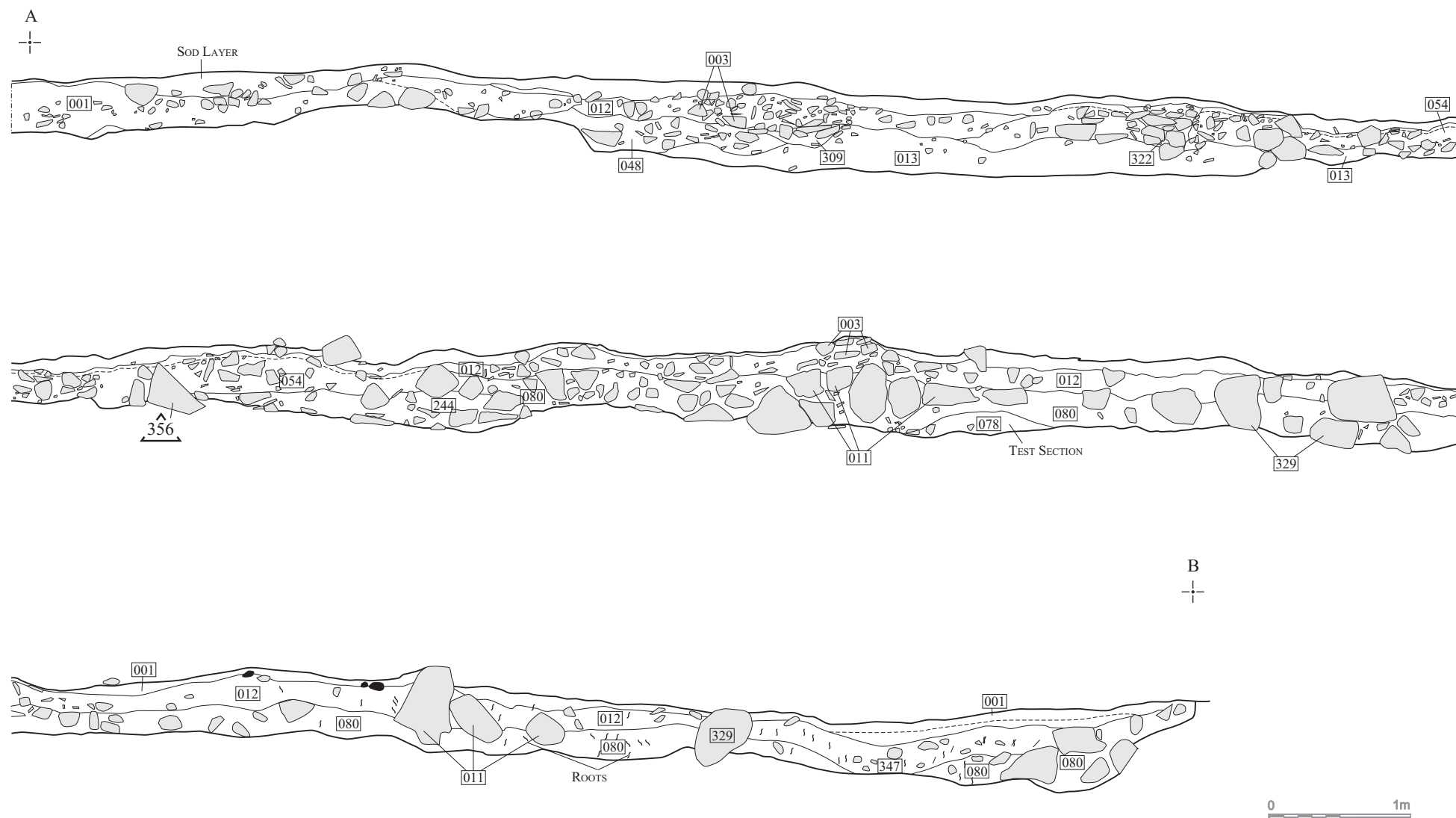


Fig. 14 Main Cairn section through site, southwest facing.



Plate 1 Pre-excavation of site 111 (003) looking south.



Plate 2 Western part of site with agricultural furrows looking south west.



Plate 3 Pre excavation of 028 stones looking north.



Plate 4 Mid-excavation of 003 looking south.



Plate 5 Pre excavation of 011/080 looking south east.



Plate 6 Mid excavation of site (pre ex of 011).



Plate 7 Post-excavation of site 111 showing basal layer of stones looking south.



Plate 8 Post-excavation of site 111 showing basal layer of stones looking south.



Plate 9 Pre excavation of kerb (082) looking south.



Plate 10 Pre excavation of kerb and collapse in extension area.



Plate 11 Mid excavation of kerb at south end looking north.



Plate 12 Mid excavation of kerb packing stones (140) at north end.



Plate 13 View of 214 kerb stones looking east.



Plate 14 Pre-excavation of kerb collapse (056)/(092).



Plate 15 Pre-excavation of stone slabs (070) at northeast end of site looking east.



Plate 16 pre excavation of stone slab under 070 looking southeast.



Plate 17 Mid-excitation of stone deposits (079) at northeast end of site looking east.



Plate 18 Post excavation of 037 with stone lining looking southwest.



Plate 19 Mid excavation of 037 looking southwest.



Plate 20 Post excavation of 037 with stone lining looking southwest.



Plate 21 Mid excavation of 108 and 109 looking southeast.



Plate 22 Mid excavation of 102 stone lining looking southeast.



Plate 23 Post excavation of 102 with stone lining looking northwest.



Plate 24 Mid excavation of 165, 96 and 99 with stone lining looking east.



Plate 25 Bone under stone from 165 looking northeast.



Plate 26 Pre excavation of burial # 1 on 235 stone looking southeast.



Plate 27 Pre excavation of burials around 235 stone looking southeast.



Plate 28 Pre excavation of 368 burial # 26 looking east.



Plate 29 Pre excavation of 064 looking southeast.



Plate 30 Pre excavation of 355 and stone lining 349 looking south.



Plate 31 Mid excavation working shot of 355 and 349 looking southeast.



Plate 32 post excavation of 355 and 349 looking south.



Plate 33 Structure A & F in foreground looking southeast.



Plate 34 Possible stone structure (B) (362) looking northwest.



Plate 35 Circular stone feature (C) (330) looking north-east.



Plate 36 Structure D & E looking southeast.



Plate 37 View of structures with large stone outside CPO in background.



Plate 38 Mid excavation of cairn showing megalithic tomb site looking south.